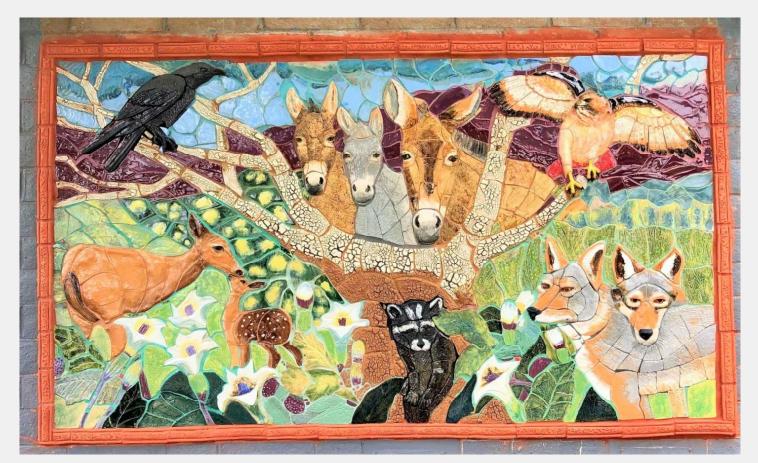
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022







Hulda Crooks Park



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF LOMA LINDA, CALIFORNIA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by:

City Manager's Office Finance Department

25541 Barton Road, Loma Linda, CA 92354 Telephone: (909) 799-2840 – Fax: (909) 799-2893

http://www.lomalinda-ca.gov

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City of Loma Linda

25541 Barton Road, Loma Linda. California 92354-3160 • (909) 799-2800 • FAX (909) 790-2890

Sister Cities Manipur Karnataka, India - Libertadore, San Martin, Argentina • www lomalinda-ca.gov

January 30, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of Loma Linda:

It is with great pleasure that we present to you the City of Loma Linda's audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The financial statements contained in this report are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and have been audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) and Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS) by an independent certified public accountants firm.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the financial activity for all funds of the City, Housing Authority, Public Financing Authority and Fiduciary Funds. The report is organized into three major sections which include the Introductory Section, the Financial Section, and the Statistical Section.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose, which include an array of administrative procedures. These controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, as well as the reliability of financial records for accurate and fair presentation of financial reports. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of specific controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from exercising the controls, and that this evaluation involves estimates and judgments by management. It is believed that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard City assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

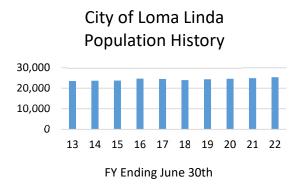
Rogers, Anderson, Malody and Scott, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued unmodified ("clean") opinions on the City of Loma Linda's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Loma Linda (City), incorporated in September 29, 1970, is located on the south side of Interstate 10, east of the 215 Freeway. Loma Linda is home to the world famous Loma Linda University and Medical Center with over 10,899 employees, the one of the largest employer in San Bernardino County. Loma Linda ("Beautiful Hill"), originally known as "Mound City", has a history of being a health-conscious community, and in 1993 became the first "smoke free" city in San Bernardino County. The Seventh-Day Adventist Church purchased the Loma Linda Resort Hotel from a group of businessmen and physicians from Los Angeles hospitals and converted it into the Loma Linda Sanitarium in 1905. The Sanitarium eventually became a full service medical facility and medical college, the forerunners of the Loma Linda University and Medical Center.

Loma Linda covers an area of 7.7 square miles and has a resident population of 25,349, as certified by the State Department of Finance, as of June 30, 2022. The City has increased by 454 residents from the previous year. Loma Linda's median income is \$56,021, which is 14.8% lower than the average for San Bernardino County.



As presented in the ten year population history chart, Loma Linda's population has plateau over the past 10 years. The 2020 Census measured the population at 24,791 which is a 6.6% increase from the 2010 Census population of 23,261. In comparison, San Bernardino County grew by 7.2% between the 2010 and 2020 Census. The State Department of Finance has estimated a growth of 558 to the City's population of its current total of 25,349 as of June 30, 2022.

The City is governed under charter by a City Council/City Manager plan. The people of Loma Linda elect five Council Members, from which the City Council chooses the Mayor and the Mayor pro tempore. The City Council appoints the City Manager, who is responsible for the daily operations of all City departments and the Council also appoints the City Attorney.

The City's operating departments are Fire Department, Public Works, Community Development, City Clerk, Finance, Information Systems and Administration.

The City of Loma Linda is a full service Municipal Government. Services provided by the City include police (through contract with San Bernardino County Sheriff's) and fire protection; utilities services for water, sewer and refuse (under contract with a private hauler); internet connection services; street and park maintenance; storm and waste water drainage maintenance; planning and zoning management; general administrative services; a senior center and a library branch (staffed by the County of San Bernardino).

Financial administration of the City is the responsibility of the Finance Director/City Treasurer, who supervises the City's fiscal administration, which includes the day-to-day accounting, budgetary and reporting compliance, business licensing, utility billing operations and cash management.

THE REPORTING ENTITY (Activities included in the report)

The report includes all activities carried out by the City as a legal entity, and also includes the activities of the Loma Linda Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency), the Loma Linda Housing Authority (LLHA) and the Public Financing Authority (PFA), for which the City Council, acting in the capacity of Board to the Successor Agency and both Authorities, is financially accountable as determined under the guidelines of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The City's fund accounting records are maintained using a modified accrual basis of accounting as explained in the Notes to the Financial Statements, following the accounting practices for governmental units as mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Basic City operations are accounted for in the City's General Fund, with other activities accounted for in separate funds as required by law or determined by management discretion.

The Government-Wide financial statements (*Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities*) follow the accrual basis of accounting. As required by GASB, an accompanying summary reconciliation schedule is presented following the Governmental fund financial statements. These reconciliation schedules are presented on pages 24 and 27 in the body of the financial statements.

The Finance Director/City Treasurer is charged with the responsibility for the receipt and disbursement of all monies and to maintain control over all expenditures to insure that budget appropriations are not exceeded. The level of budgetary control, that is, the level at which expenditures are not to exceed Council-approved appropriations is established at the department level. Adjustments at the object level within the same fund and major categories of expenditures are permissible at the department level with the department head and Finance Director recommendation and City Manager approval. Adjustments between funds and additional supplemental appropriation funding require City Council approval. An encumbrance (commitment) accounting system is utilized as a technique to enhance budgetary control during the year. All appropriations lapse at year-end and become available for re-appropriation the following year, upon recommendation by the City Manager. Furthermore, the Citizen's Budget Committee plays a major role in the budgetary recommendations to the City Council.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

During fiscal year 2021/2022 the City achieved many accomplishments that may not be evident from a review of the financial statements. Some of the more important accomplishments as well as on-going projects are summarized below.

Community Development Department

During the 2021/2022 Fiscal Year, the City's Community Development Department, which comprised of Planning, Building and Safety, and Code Enforcement, achieved many accomplishments that may not be evident from a review of the financial statements.

Despite the Covid-19 pandemic, the Department processed almost as many permits and entitlements as in the previous fiscal year. Applications received by the Building and Safety Division were above their pre-pandemic numbers. In 2019, Building staff processed 638 applications. In 2020, staff processed 726. And in 2021, the Division processed 779. The upward trajectory is expected to continue during the 2022 calendar year. Throughout the fiscal year, Building staff continued to check plans, issue permits, and conduct inspections.

The Department's Planning Division, which includes land use and zoning activities, assisted residents, interested developers, and businesses both in-person and online to ensure proposed uses complied with city codes and the General Plan. The Planning Division had similar growth to that of the Building Division. During the pandemic in 2020, they issued 184 planning permits; in 2021, it was 250. We expect the 2022 permit numbers to be similar or slightly more. Additionally, during the fiscal year, the Department brought in close to one million dollars in development impact fees. These charges offset the costs for new construction or expansion of public infrastructure and services supporting the new development.

Planning staff also completed several long-range planning goals, such as updating the Housing and Safety Elements and adopting a new Objective Design Standards ordinance. Some notable

development projects included approving a new four-story Courtyard Marriot Hotel, a 103 residential condominium project, a 51-lot residential subdivision, a Fitness 19 health facility, and approval of a Community Benefiting Improvement to preserve the historic Frink Adobe house. In addition, the Division has processed six Preliminary Development Review applications, allowing staff to provide feedback to applicants before discretionary review to ensure successful projects in Loma Linda. The Planning Division is reviewing an annexation application for 141 acres from the City's sphere of influence. Moving forward, all permitting requests in this new area will be processed by the Community Development Department.

Fire Department

Fire resources were successful in containing the majority of all residential structure fires to the building/residence of origin. Fires in commercial occupancies were also contained as small to medium sized incidents. All vegetation fire incidents in the city boundaries were controlled with the first alarm response resources. Rapid response and aggressive fire attack operations have not only mitigated the loss of personal property of our residents, but also protected vital property and sales tax revenues that the community relies on to fund essential services. A large portion of the department's responses were for emergency medical incidents or traffic collisions to which the department deploys resources with rescue and Advanced Life Support capabilities. While this fire season was significantly less destructive than in years past, Fire again participated in numerous mutual aid incidents for which the City was reimbursed.

Fire has worked on completing objectives recognized in the five (5) year strategic plan; many of the objectives were delayed due to COVID-19 related issues.

Community Risk Reduction (CRR), which includes Fire Prevention, Disaster Preparedness, Code Enforcement, and Parking Enforcement, was busy in 2021/2022.

Fire Prevention Division maintained the fire engineering and permitting elements of significant commercial developments in the City. Additional projects and facilities are in various stages of engineering or construction and will be welcomed additions to the community. The Division also inspected all state mandated occupancies throughout the community.

Disaster Preparedness Division updated the Local Hazard Mitigation Plan and continued to increase resiliency in the community through equipment purchases and training of City staff.

The Code Enforcement section was very active during the year, too. The team worked in partnership with community members to preserve and enhance our community's safety, appearance, and economic stability.

Animal licensing compliance continued to increase, animal impounds were maintained at recordlow levels, and rabies vaccination compliance was improved. The City currently utilizes the City of San Bernardino for shelter services.

As part of the pandemic response, Code enforcement assisted with meal deliveries to our most at-risk members throughout our City. At the beginning of 2022, Code Enforcement and Animal Control were officially reassigned from the Community Development Department to the Fire Department.

Information Systems Department

The city completed phase 2 of its phone system upgrade. This upgrade brought a modern VoIP (Voice over Internet Protocol) solution to city staff. Productivity features, longevity, and data protection were all goals achieved in this process. This project included an all-encompassing replacement of the VoIP system's hardware and software. These upgrades will last the city for years to come.

In the foresight of ever increasing cyber security threats, the city implemented a modern data protection solution. This data protection solution allows for more sophisticated data backups that integrate better with the current city systems. This data protection solution enables city's data to be replicated both locally and in the cloud, protecting the city against total local data loss.

Loma Linda's Fire Station 251 and the city's Emergency Operations Center (EOC) went through a remodel which the Information Systems Department provided consulting on. The remodel included updating electronic and network configurations, and streamlining the connection to the city's data resources.

The City has completed additional upgrades to the city wide CCTV system providing better security coverage that included additional cameras at the city well sites allowing for better security and visibility at these crucial locations.

The future is prepared for with the Loma Linda Connected Community Program (LLCCP). The LLCCP, originally started in 2004, includes the deployment of an advanced city-wide fiber optic network as well as modifications to building regulations to ensure that development will be designed to meet the needs of future communication technologies. The city building code requires all new commercial and residential developments (or re-models involving greater than 50% of the structure) to equip the new structures with a fiber-optics interface and copper cabling throughout. In 2007, the LLCCP started expanding into commercial areas via organic growth at existing locations. The fiber network is being extended into new home construction with additional customers coming online as the network expands. Additional equipment was purchased and implemented to cater to an expanding customer base.

As new home construction occurs in the city, the residential LLCCP infrastructure expands with it. The City continues to expand services to commercial customers through focused network expansion and custom designed services. Fiber infrastructure is also being utilized in the monitoring and control of water production, street lights, energy usage, and distributed computing throughout the City.

Successor Agency, Oversight Board and Loma Linda Housing Authority:

Successor Agency

On February 1, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved per the State of California. On this date all assets, property contracts, and leases of the former redevelopment agency transferred to a Successor Agency. The City of Loma Linda elected to become the Successor Agency for its former redevelopment agency. The Successor Agency created a Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund, which continues to make payments on the approved annual Recognized Enforceable Obligation Schedules (ROPS), maintain reserves, perform required enforceable obligations, enforce all rights for the benefit of taxing agencies and pursue the disposition of property based on the approved Long Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP). The annual ROPS for bi-annual operating periods of June – December and January – June must be approved

by the Countywide Oversight Board, and submitted to the Department of Finance (DOF), State Controller's Office (SCO) and County Administration Office (CAO) for final review and approval before funds are disbursed to the Successor Agency. In November 2016, the Successor Agency refinanced three outstanding bond issues totaling \$33,710,000 into two bond issues (2016 A Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds and 2016 B Taxable Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds). The refinancing will yield saving of approximately \$7,451,850 over the remaining term of the bonds, with final redemption on August 1, 2030.

Countywide Oversight Board

On July 1, 2018, in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 34179(j), the twenty six Redevelopment Agencies (RDA) oversight boards in San Bernardino County consolidated into one Countywide Oversight Board. The Countywide Oversight Board is composed of one member each appointed by the County Board of Supervisors, City Selection Committee, Independent Special District Selection Committee, San Bernardino County Superintendent of Schools, Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, a public member appointed by the County Board of Supervisors and a member of Recognized Employee Organization (Teamsters Local Union No. 1932). The Countywide Oversight Board has fiduciary responsibilities to holders of enforceable obligations and taxing entities that benefit from property tax distributions, and will continue to have a critical role in the RDA dissolution process until all Successor Agencies are formally dissolved.

Loma Linda Housing Authority

As part of the redevelopment agencies dissolution in February of 2012, in accordance with the laws applicable to the dissolution of redevelopment agencies, and after review and approval by the Oversight Board and the California Department of Finance, the City of Loma Linda designated the Loma Linda Housing Authority as the entity to receive the housing assets of the Redevelopment Agency. Housing assets of the Redevelopment Agency that were transferred include property assets, land, improvements, contracts, loan agreements, leases, rights to enforce agreements and covenants, among other items.

During fiscal year 2021/2022, the Loma Linda Housing Authority operated programs, including ongoing monitoring and enforcement of affordability covenants, leases and agreements related to housing matters as previously entered into by the Redevelopment Agency and similar contracts as entered into by the Loma Linda Housing Authority. Units that are monitored for ongoing affordability include 49 single-family ownership units (26 mortgages held by the Loma Linda Housing Authority and 23 down-payment assistance loans) and 238 privately-owned rental units (most of which are operated under ground leases made by the Redevelopment Agency, which the Loma Linda Housing Authority has assumed). The Loma Linda Redevelopment Agency actively manages the loans and/or the properties. One home mortgage loan was paid off in June, 2022, but the Affordability Covenant remains on the property. No properties were sold or transferred during the 2021/2022 fiscal year.

Pursuant to the Affordable Housing Agreement and its amendments with Mary Erickson Community Housing ("MECH"), a non-profit affordable housing developer, MECH continues to monitor the affordability covenants for the four single-family homes on Juanita Street. The purchase and rehabilitation of four units on San Mateo Drive are completed and occupied, subject to long-term affordability covenants.

Economic Development

The Economic Development Division of our City has worked diligently during the fiscal year on business attraction, retention, and revenue generation where possible.

Staff continues collaborating with Loma Linda University Health on numerous projects, including constructing a 6-foot tall garden wall that will serve as a gateway monument to Loma Linda. This attractive piece, along with the lush landscaping and accompanying orchard, will welcome drivers and pedestrians to the City and help define the borders between Loma Linda and San Bernardino.

Due to the pandemic-related business closures and to help mitigate the spread of the Covid-19 virus, a temporary permit was created to allow eating establishments to construct an outdoor dining setting that complied with local health regulations. Restaurants and small businesses seem to have weathered the pandemic and are returning to normal operations with minimal business failures. The City continues to provide an accepting and supportive environment for its business community. In addition, there has been an increase in Land Use Permits and Home Occupations Permits, evidence of a growing entrepreneurial ecosystem.

Working in tandem with the Community Development Department, Staff prepared various programs to help improve the economic well-being and quality of life in Loma Linda. They include the Hotel Incentive Program update and a Friendship City relationship (sister city program) with the Municipality of Puntarenas in Costa Rica. Both projects provide a tangible benefit for the City, incentivizing the business sector to spur economic growth while expanding the City's network and knowledge and its cultural and social awareness.

The City's 3rd national brand hotel, Candlewood, is almost complete and will be operating by the end of the calendar year. A 4th hotel, Courtyard by Marriot, started the grading process. A 30,000-square-foot surgical eye care center and a 16,600 square-foot medical office building are currently under construction. O'Reilly Auto Parts had its grand opening at the beginning of 2022, completing the build-out of the Dollar Tree Center. The Medical Center has occupied the new 16-story hospital building bringing additional patients and employees to the community. Two large homebuilders, KB Home and Lennar, have completed the construction of 279 single-family residences. And Highpointe Communities is preparing to grade an additional 177 single-family homes in the City and future annexation area.

Additionally, 160 condo units and 213 senior-living apartments are either in the construction or pre-construction phase. Through the recently adopted "The Groves Specific Plan," the City expects up to 30 acres of commercial space to be developed along the Redlands Boulevard corridor and California Street. These projects provide much-needed retail, services, and housing to Loma Linda and its residents. Moreover, they are creating jobs and improving the quality of life in the City.

Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Projects:

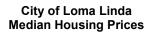
Public Works

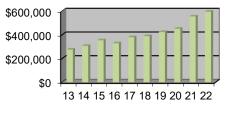
During the 2021/2022 fiscal year, the Public Works Department completed or continued with the following projects: pavement rehabilitation on Barton Road from Waterman Ave. to Campus St., Parkland St. and Orange Grove St.; Waterline and street rehabilitation on Curtis St., Lomas Verdes St., Elm St., Cottonwood Rd., Mead St., Mead Ct., Mead Ln., Mead Way., San Juan St., Evans St., Rincon St., Canada St., and Stewart St.; Repaired sidewalks and ADA access ramps, as needed city-wide; Planted trees in various locations; Installed fiber optic cable at Mt. View Ave. and Cooley Dr. to the well sites; installed shade structure at the City Corp Yard; Installed a walking track at Bailey Park and lighting at baseball fields; completed various projects for the Art in Public Places project; Project plan checking continues on an as-needed basis; Complied with State and Federal regulations, including: air quality, storm water, water conservation and solid waste diversion.

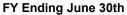
LOCAL ECONOMY AND PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE

As presented in the Loma Linda General Plan (2009), Loma Linda is a unique community with strong ties to its religious, educational and healing arts roots. The Loma Linda University Medical Center (LLUMC), the Jerry L. Pettis Memorial Veterans Medical Center (VA Medical Center) and the VA Ambulatory Care Center provide much of the economic base of the community through the employment of a highly trained local labor force. The City has actively sought to expand upon this economic base with medical support services, research facilities, professional offices and lodging accommodations for visitors to the medical centers and community. In addition to increasing commercial and industrial opportunities, Loma Linda is in the process of expanding residential growth to provide an appropriate range of housing opportunities to accommodate the diverse work force needed by the economic base. The vision for the future of Loma Linda is for the City to have a balanced economy that meets the needs of the community and is a great place to live and do business. The goal is to attract high-tech industries to the City and create a diverse mix of high paying job opportunities to maintain the City's high quality standard of living.

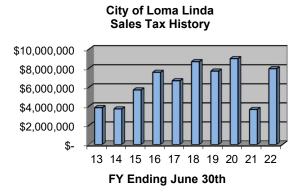
In 2022, the median price of a home in Loma Linda was \$595,080, an increase of \$40,268 or 7.3%, from \$554,812 in 2021, according to Zillow.com. This is an overall increase of 30.2% to the median price since peaking at \$457,200, in 2006. After several years of fluctuations in home values due to uncertain economic conditions, Loma Linda has seen a steady increase in home prices since 2016 thru 2022. The City of Loma Linda is expected to continue attracting skilled and educated residents that can be provided with local jobs as well as access to surrounding job markets via Internet technology. The LLCCP has established







building requirements to enhance technological access as part of each new development project, providing the technological infrastructure for local residents to stay "connected" from home.

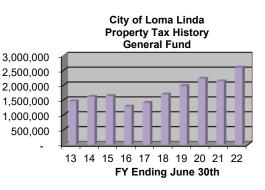


The Sales Tax History chart is a ten year historical presentation of the City's sales tax revenue through fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. In 2022, the City received \$7,951,156 in sales tax revenues which is somewhat comparable to previous years' sales tax revenues before the COVID-19 pandemic. This is an increase of 116% or \$4,277,568 from \$3,673,588 in fiscal year 2021. In fiscal year 2020, the California Department of Tax and Free Administration advanced the City approximately \$3,300,000, as such, the

revenues were accrued to that year whereby creating a significant increase from fiscal year 2021 to 2022.

The City of Loma Linda continues to rely heavily on retail sales to fund its general government services. In order to improve the availability of retail shopping facilities and attract more shoppers to buy locally, the City is continuing to expand its sales tax base through economic development like recent commercial projects that have been added to the community and additional commercial development projects planned over the next few years.

Property taxes are collected by the City and the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency, with the bulk of the property tax collected by the Agency. The chart on the right is a 10-year history of the City's General Fund property tax revenues through fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. As shown here, General Fund property taxes have steadily increased in fiscal years 2013 through 2015 following the great recession. In 2016, net property taxes were less due to a reduced amount of Residual Balances (\$387,400 less) received through the RDA Successor Agency ROPS disbursement process. On June 30, 2022, property

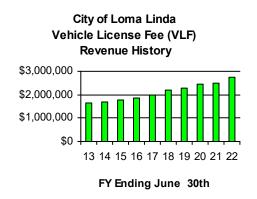


tax revenues were reported at \$2,483,539, a net increase of \$347,721 or 16.3% from fiscal year 2021 primarily due to the fluctuation of residual receipts after the repayment of a large obligation by the Successor Agency. Property tax revenue is reported in the attached Statistical table on pages 158-162.

Median housing prices are just one factor in citywide assessed values. Tax-exempt properties continue to be a significant factor in the overall assessed values for the City and the former Redevelopment Agency, now the Successor Agency, in Loma Linda. As of June 30, 2022, the San Bernardino County's Assessor reported an increase in city wide assessed property values of 9.76%, with Loma Linda showing an 8.48% increase.

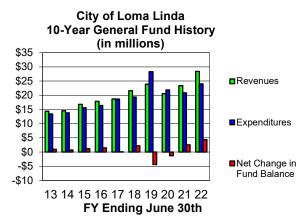
Overall property tax revenues are showing signs of growth as valuations increase and increase in demand for housing within the City is addressed. The sales of existing homes has started to slow down and it's evident in the 13.6% decrease in property transfer tax from \$145,433 in 2021 to \$125,626 in 2022. In the recent years, with a high demand and low inventory the value of existing homes has increased. In order to address increased demands, the City has approved several housing projects that are currently under construction and is reviewing several other projects being proposed for the available undeveloped land within the City's former merged redevelopment project areas. As a taxing entity, the City will receive pass-through taxes and residual balance revenues from the Successor Agency as property values increase and vacant land gets developed.

In fiscal year 2004/2005, as part of the Governor's Budget/Constitutional Protection package, a Vehicle License Fee (VLF) swap was approved. What the swap boils down to is an exchange of the current VLF backfill from the State's general fund for an equivalent amount of property tax revenues in fiscal year 2004/2005. Any future growth in VLF revenue would be calculated in proportion to the growth in gross assessed valuation. including the then merged Redevelopment Agency valuation. As presented in the ten year history chart, VLF had been increasing steadily since fiscal year 2012/2013. In



fiscal year 2021/2022, the City collected \$2,745,301 in VLF revenue, an increase of \$241,081 or 9.6% due to an increase in property values within the City.

ACTUAL OPERATING RESULTS – GENERAL FUND



The following discussion summarizes the annual operating results of the City's General Fund, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Further details are presented in the individual financial statements attached to this transmittal letter.

The chart on the left illustrates the ten year history of total revenues, expenditures and net change in fund balance for the General Fund through June 30, 2022. The Net Change in Fund Balance figure in the chart includes operating revenues, operating expenditures,

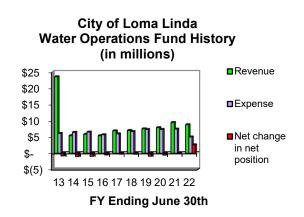
transfers to and from other funds and gain on sale of capital assets.

ANNUAL OPERATING RESULTS – ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City accounts for its Water, Sewer and LLCCP operations on an "enterprise" basis, meaning that the activity is treated more like a commercial business, separate and apart from general City operations. In fiscal year 2021/2022, Enterprise Fund operating revenues for Water, Sewer and LLCCP combined, totaled \$13,591,160, a decrease of 1.8% over fiscal year 2020/2021, while operating expenses decreased by \$3,352,480, or about 26.6%, over the same period. The decrease in operating expenses is largely due to a favorable pension-related accounting adjustment resulting from a 21.3% investment return experienced by CalPERS at June 30, 2021.

Water Operations

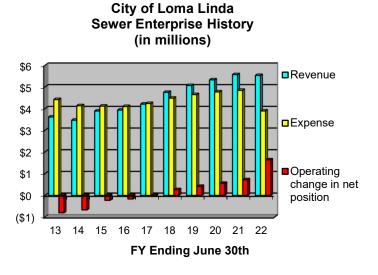
For Water Operations specifically, the Water fund operating revenues exceeded operating expenses by \$2,612,397 this year. Last year the Water fund showed an operating surplus of \$98,244 for the year. As previously mentioned, expenses decreased from prior year due to a favorable pension-related accounting adjustment resulting from a 21.3% investment return experienced by CalPERS at June 30, 2021. Note that the chart to the right does not include any "non-operating" revenues or expenses, such as gain on disposal of assets, interest revenue of \$(17,237), transfers in of \$1,298,108, interest



expense of \$138,689 and transfer out of \$53,397. Interest revenue was negative due to a noncash accounting adjustment reflecting the decrease in fair value of investments. Interest expense in the Water Fund has decreased to \$138,689 from \$142,785 in 2021 which constitutes a 2.9% decrease due to interest amortizing on a lower principal balance. More information on the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds can be found on page 57 of the notes.

In an effort to reduce operational cost and increase water conservation, the City has completed a multi-year City-wide meter replacement project that will reduce the loss of revenue and make

monitoring water usage more efficient. Additionally, the City conducted an updated five year rate study to address the ongoing operating needs of the water and sewer systems. New water rates were implemented in March of 2019 and will increase each January until 2024.



Sewer Operations

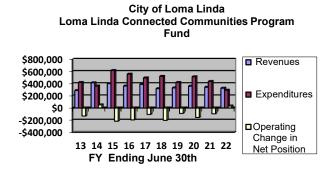
For the operating period ending June 30, 2022, the Sewer Fund ended the year with an operating change in net position of \$1,639,397. Sewer revenues decreased slightly by \$35,583, or 0.6%, and operating expenses decreased by \$917,471 or 127.1%. Similar to the Water Fund, expenses for the sewer fund decreased by a significant amount due to a favorable pension-related accounting adjustment resulting from a 21.3% investment return experienced by CalPERS at June 30. 2021. The chart to the left shows the ten-year financial operating history of the Sewer

Enterprise Fund. Note that this chart does not include "non-operating" revenues or expenses (i.e., interest revenue or interest expenses, etc.) or contributions and transfers. Interest revenue is negative \$22,941 due to a non-cash accounting adjustment reflecting the decrease in fair value of investments. Increased treatment expenses related to the contractual services agreement with the City of San Bernardino were off-set by rate increases for treatment services provided. Because the Sewer Fund has no bond outstanding debt, interest expense is minimal. As previously mentioned, in conjunction with the water rates, the City had conducted an updated five year rate study to address the ongoing operating needs of sewer system. New sewer rates were implemented March of 2019, and will increase each January until 2024. The increases were deemed necessary in order to eliminate annual operating losses, repay cash loans and build an emergency reserve fund.

Loma Linda Connected Communities Program (LLCCP)

In fiscal year 2003/2004, a new Enterprise fund was set up for the purpose of establishing requirements for standardized residential and commercial telecommunications cabling systems. This new system provides some Loma Linda residents and businesses the opportunity to have

voice, data, multimedia, home automation systems, environmental control, security, audio, television, sensors, alarms, and intercom services. Fiscal Year 2021/2022 was the eighteenth full year of operations. For the operating period ending June 30, 2022, LLCCP ended the year with operating revenues of \$326,196 compared to \$342,360 in 2021/2022. Operating expenses of \$272,813 are \$163,901 or 37.5% less than expenses for fiscal year



2020/2021. Expenses for the LLCCP fund decreased by a significant amount due to a favorable pension-related accounting adjustment resulting from a 21.3% investment return experienced by CaIPERS at June 30, 2021. This pension adjustment contributed to the operating surplus in net position of \$53,383 for the LLCCP fund. Additionally, net non-operating expenses, interest revenue and interest expense, is higher as interest on outstanding loans to construct the Fiber Optic Network, continues to go unpaid and adds to the outstanding loan balance. The chart to the right shows the ten-year financial operating history of the Loma Linda Connected Communities Program Fund. Note that this chart does not include "non-operating" revenues or expenses (i.e., interest revenue or interest expenses, etc.) and transfers.

PENSION FUNDING STATUS

The City provides its full-time and certain part-time employees' retirement and disability benefits through four defined benefit pension plans; Classic Miscellaneous, Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) Miscellaneous, Classic Safety and PEPRA Safety Fire groups. The plans are all part of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The City makes required employer contributions to the plans based on the amounts determined by CalPERS actuaries. All City employees pay their required employee contribution based on the employees' group/individual retirement plan formulas. For this year, the City made \$3,090,643 in employer pension costs and contributions to PERS. The notes to the financial statements are based on the measurement date of the last actuarial valuation which is June 30, 2021, therefore payments made to reduce the UAL are reclassified to Deferred Outflows of Resources in the government-wide statements. In fiscal year 2021/2022, the "City's" share of retirement costs changed for Miscellaneous employees from 11.031% to 10.880%, for Miscellaneous PEPRA from 7.732% to 7.590%, for Safety plan from 21.746% to 21.790% and for Safety PEPRA from 13.044% to 13.130%. The reason for the changes in the City's (employer) share of retirement costs is due to changes in pool asset values, and differences between projected rate of returns and actual returns on pooled assets.

The City is reporting a net pension asset in the amount of \$2,454,170 primarily due to CalPERS' investment return of 21.3% in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 combined with the City's additional payments towards the unfunded liability in previous years. CalPERS' investment return for the subsequent year was a negative 6.1% which is expected to increase the City's proportion of the collective net pension liability.

At the December 21, 2016, meeting the CalPERS Board of Administration approved lowering the CalPERS discount rate of assumption, the long-term rate of return, from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent over the following three years. Lowering the discount rate has resulted in plans seeing increases in both the normal costs and the unfunded actuarial liabilities. Also the PEPRA members have seen their contribution rate increase. This assumption change has increased public agency employer contribution costs in fiscal year 2021/2022. Please see Note 8 and 9 of the notes for further information, including a subsequent event disclosure related to action taken by CalPERS in November 2021 to lower the discount rate to 6.8% that will be reflected in valuation reports for the June 30, 2022 measurement date.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of June 30, 2022, the City and the Successor Agency had bond debt outstanding in the amount of \$27,445,000. In 2016/2017, the Successor Agency issued the 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds A in the amount of \$5,760,000 and the 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds series B in the amount of \$27,950,000. At June 30, 2022, the balance of each bond respectively is \$3,715,000 and \$19,240,000. Also in 2016/2017, the City issued the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding bonds in the amount of \$5,615,000; combined with the 1978 Water bonds (general

obligation) of \$10,000. The City had a bond debt balance of \$4,490,000 at June 30, 2022. Additional information regarding long-term liabilities is presented in Note 6 for the City and Note 16 for the Successor Agency. Non-City obligations are discussed in Note 7 of the financial statements which are not a legal obligation of the City and therefore not included here.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

An independent audit of the City's records was performed for the year ended June 30, 2022 by the certified public accounting firm of Rogers, Anderson, Malody and Scott, LLP. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements (government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements), the notes to the basic financial statements and supplementary information is included in the Financial Section of the ACFR.

In general, the auditors concluded that the basic financial statements and supplementary information referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Loma Linda, the Loma Linda Housing Authority, and the Successor Agency to the Loma Linda Redevelopment Agency, as of June 30, 2022, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The professionalism and knowledge exhibited by Rogers, Anderson, Malody and Scott, LLP during the audit is appreciated.

AWARD

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Loma Linda for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the sixteenth consecutive year the City of Loma Linda has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish as easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both the generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department and other City Departments that provided data for preparation of the Statistical section of the Report. We would like to express our appreciation to members of all departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

We would like to extend our appreciation to the Mayor, City Council, and each City Department for their cooperation and support in conducting the fiscal operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

T. Jarb Thaipejr City Manager

nj Jabela

Sonia Fabela Finance Director/Treasurer

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Loma Linda California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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CITY OF LOMA LINDA

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Phill Dupper Mayor

Ron Dailey Mayor pro tempore

> John Lenart Councilmember

Rhodes Rigsby Councilmember

Bhavin Jindal Councilmember

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

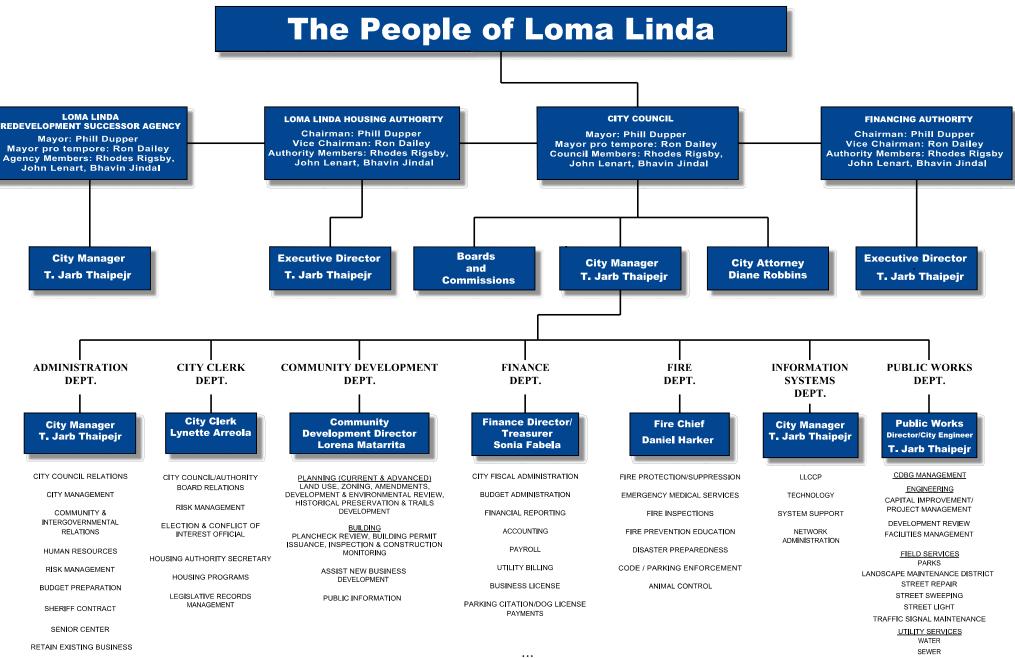
Jarb Thaipejr City Manager/Public Works Director

> Diane E. Robbins City Attorney

Lynette Arrela	City Clerk
Sonia Fabela	Finance Director/Treasurer
Daniel Harker	Fire Chief

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CITY OF LOMA LINDA ORGANIZATION CHART



ECONOMIC RESOURCES

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FLEET SERVICES

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ROGERS, ANDERSON, MALODY & SCOTT, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, SINCE 1948

Independent Auditor's Report

735 E. Carnegie Dr. Suite 100 San Bernardino, CA 92408 909 889 0871 T 909 889 5361 F ramscpa.net

PARTNERS

Terry P. Shea, CPA Scott W. Manno, CPA, CGMA Leena Shanbhag, CPA, MST, CGMA Bradferd A. Welebir, CPA, MBA, CGMA Jenny W. Liu, CPA, MST Brenda L. Odle, CPA, MST (Partner Emeritus)

MANAGERS / STAFF

Gardenya Duran, CPA, CGMA Brianna Schultz, CPA, CGMA Seong-Hyea Lee, CPA, MBA Evelyn Morentin-Barcena, CPA Veronica Hernandez, CPA Laura Arvizu, CPA Xinlu Zoe Zhang, CPA, MSA John Maldonado, CPA, MSA Julia Rodriguez Fuentes, CPA, MSA Demi Hite, CPA Jeffrey McKennan, CPA

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Governmental Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Loma Linda Loma Linda, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Loma Linda, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Other Matters

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in the year ended June 30, 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis and those schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP.

San Bernardino, California January 30, 2023

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Loma Linda's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position: The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$156,654,822 (net position); of this amount \$124,864,660 is from governmental activities and \$31,790,162 is from business-type activities, with \$26,633,948 positive and \$5,324,916 in negative unrestricted net position, respectively.
- In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities: The City's net position increased 12.42% or \$17,306,180 from the \$139,348,642 at the beginning of the year (as restated), to \$156,654,822 at the end of the year. The increase is the net result of positive changes of \$13,854,269 in governmental activities and \$3,451,911 in business-type activities.
- In the Government-Wide Statement of Activities: During the current year, Governmental activities program revenues decreased by \$378,551; due to a net decrease in charges for services of \$4,373,093 offset by an increase of combined operating/capital contributions and grants of \$3,994,542. The decrease in charges for services is primarily due to the collection of developer impact fees related to the Loma Linda University hospital expansion that occurred in 2021. Revenues from developer impact fees fluctuate depending on the size and timing of development projects. The increase in combined operating/capital contributions is mainly attributable to the receipt of the first of two grant allocations from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) in the amount of \$2,928,307. Business-type program revenues decreased by a net of \$194,479 primarily in the Water acquisition fund due to the decrease in water development impact fees related to development projects.
- In the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance: During the year, the General Fund reported a positive net change in fund balance of \$4,407,420, due to the \$457,087 revenues over expenditures combined with other financing sources of \$3,950,333. Of the total other financing sources, \$2,928,307 relates to the receipt of the first of two grant allocations of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) grant allocation as mentioned in the previous bullet point.
- The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, which requires government entities to account for agreements to which it is a lessor and lessee by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating lease and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources based on the contract. Compliance with GASB 87 added \$3,197,571 in lease receivable and \$3,111,710 in deferred inflows for leases where the City is in a lessor capacity and \$149,947 of lease liability for equipment leases.
- The City's net pension liability improved from a \$6,992,959 liability position to an asset position in the amount of \$2,454,170, which was a \$9,447,129 or 135% improvement compared to the prior fiscal year. The primary contributing factor to the elimination in the City's net pension liability was the 21.3% investment return by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (measurement date) in contrast with the CalPERS' discount rate (at the time) of 7.15%. The City's additional payments towards the unfunded accrued liability in previous years contributed to this favorable change as well. However, the favorable results will be short-lived, as CalPERS' investment return for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was a negative 6.1%, which will then increase the net pension liability in the annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The elimination of the net pension liability and the amortization of deferred outflows/inflows (pension adjustments) were the

primary factors in the reduction of governmental activities expenses by \$8,565,549 from \$28,346,743 in 2021 to \$19,781,194 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

- In the Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule: For the General Fund, the actual revenues available for appropriation were more than the final budget by \$1,564,214 while actual expenditures were \$1,836,773 less than the final budget. Actual other financing sources, net, were \$340,433 more than the final budget, resulting in a positive \$3,741,420 net change in budgetary variance and an actual increase in fund balance of \$4,407,420.
- In the 2021/2022 Adopted Budget the City Council and management annually make great efforts to adopt a balanced budget that preserves General Fund fund balance. This year City Council adopted a General Fund budget which is projected to have a positive change in net position of \$821,700. Overall, the general fund maintains a solid financial position with committed funds of \$2,000,000 (emergency contingency) and assigned funds of \$1,250,000 (capital equipment replacement). In the adopted budget for fiscal year 2021/2022, committed fund balance represent 7.78% of the General Fund annual budget.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Loma Linda's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) *government-wide financial statements*, 2) *fund financial statements*, and 3) *notes* to the financial statements.

The *government-wide statements* provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. These statements consist of the *statement of net position* and *statement of activities*.

The fund financial statements, which consist of the governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant (major) funds. The governmental fund statements also tell how City services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The proprietary funds statements use the same accounting method as the business-type activities, but provide more detail of the activities. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities* report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net position* and changes in it. The reader can think of the City's net position - the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities - as one way to measure the City's financial health. Over time, *increases* or *decreases* in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. However, to assess the *overall health* of the City the reader will need to consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads and other infrastructure.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present information about the following:

- Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, public safety and public works. General revenues, including property taxes, motor vehicle in lieu, sales taxes, and franchise fees, finance 64% of these activities.
- Business-type activities All Proprietary Funds (enterprise funds), water acquisition, water enterprise, sewer capital, and Loma Linda connected communities program, which receive funding through charges for services and developer contributions.
- Component units The City's governmental activities include the Public Financing Authority (PFA) and the Loma Linda Housing Authority (LLHA).

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State Law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's three kinds of funds – *governmental, proprietary* and *fiduciary* - use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities*) and governmental *funds* in a reconciliation schedule accompanying the fund financial statements.

The City of Loma Linda maintains thirty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, Loma Linda Housing Authority, regional traffic development impact fund, special projects construction fund, and the park development fund; which are considered to be *major* funds. The remaining twenty-seven *nonmajor* funds are combined and presented in the *nonmajor* governmental funds column. Individual fund detail for the *nonmajor* funds is presented in the *combining statements* located on pages 100-116 of this report.

Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for certain services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise fund (*business-type activities*) and internal service funds (internal allocation of costs). Proprietary funds are reported on the full accrual basis of accounting, which is the same method that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The City of Loma Linda maintains four enterprise funds to account for Water (two funds), Sewer and the LLCCP activities. The four funds are considered to be *major* funds and as such detail activity is presented in the *statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows* on pages 28-32.

Fiduciary Funds - The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain amounts held in custodial funds on behalf of developers, property owners, and others. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statement of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The statement of fiduciary net position can be found on page 34.

Fiduciary Fund - Private Purpose Trust Fund - The City acting as Successor Agency to the Former Loma Linda Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency) is the trustee, or fiduciary, for amounts held on behalf of bond holders, enforceable obligations, and taxing entities. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statement of private purpose trust fund net position and changes in net position. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City acting as the Successor Agency is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The statement of private purpose trust fund net position can be found on page 34.

Notes to the financial statements – Additional information that is crucial to a full understanding of the figures provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements is provided in the notes to the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 36-85 of this report.

Required supplementary information - The budget and budgetary accounting and postemployment benefit plans information can be found on pages 87-94 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements.

Net Position

Table 1 below shows a condensed Statement of Net Position comparison for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
		2021				2021
	2022	As Restated	2022	2021	2022	As Restated
Current and other assets	\$ 74,819,374	\$ 67,730,145	\$ 13,889,206	\$ 13,533,688	\$ 88,708,580	\$ 81,263,833
Capital assets	54,668,183	52,880,007	41,027,321	41,097,922	95,695,504	93,977,929
Total Assets	129,487,557	120,610,152	54,916,527	54,631,610	184,404,084	175,241,762
Deferred Outflow of Resources						
Pension & OPEB	5,591,642	5,182,240	3,382,539	1,957,739	8,974,181	7,139,979
Long-term liabilities	922,545	6,464,065	23,619,363	24,975,408	24,541,908	31,439,473
Other liabilities	3,607,586	4,710,337	1,184,466	1,884,600	4,792,052	6,594,937
Total Liabilities	4,530,131	11,174,402	24,803,829	26,860,008	29,333,960	38,034,410
Deferred Inflow of Resources						
Pension, OPEB & Leases	5,684,408	3,607,599	1,705,075	1,391,090	7,389,483	4,998,689
Net Position:						
Net Invested in Capital Assets	54,585,683	52,880,007	36,429,645	36,344,853	91,015,328	89,224,860
Restricted	43,645,029	44,234,062	685,433	682,253	44,330,462	44,916,315
Unrestricted	26,633,948	13,896,322	(5,324,916)	(8,688,855)	21,309,032	5,207,467
Total Net Position	\$ 124,864,660	<u> </u>	\$ 31,790,162	<u>\$ 28,338,251</u>	\$ 156,654,822	<u> </u>

Table 1 City of Loma Linda's Net Position

The net position of government-wide activities increased by \$17,306,180 or 12.42% from \$139,348,642 in 2021 to \$156,654,822 in 2022. The City implemented GASB 87 effective July 1, 2021. GASB 87 requires that previously categorized operating leases be recorded in the financial statements and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources based on the contract. Additional information can be found on Note 1 of the financial statements.

For governmental activities, the increase of \$13,854,269 in net position is the result of a significant increase in total assets of \$8,877,405 offset by a decrease in total liabilities of \$6,644,271 contributing a gain in net position. That positive impact on net position was offset by an increase in lease-related, pension & OPEB deferred inflows of \$2,076,809, and an increase in pension & OPEB deferred outflows of \$409,402, for a net negative effect of \$1,667,407. The remaining increase of \$400,000 was due to a restatement to include a prior years' loan to developer. For the business type activities, the growth in total net position of 12.18% or \$3,451,911 is attributable to an increase in total assets combined with a decrease in total liabilities for a positive change of \$2,341,096, as well as an increase in pension & OPEB deferred outflows of \$1,424,800, offset with an increase in lease-related, pension & OPEB deferred inflows of \$313,985. Further detail on prior year comparisons is provided in Table 2.

As shown in Table 2, the change in net position is a positive \$13,854,269 for *governmental activities* and \$3,451,911 for *business-type activities*, with a combined total increase in net position of \$17,306,180 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

	```				<b>6</b> 5 II					
	G	overnmer	ntal /	Activities		Business-Ty	pe /	Activities	Total	
	2	022		2021		2022		2021	2022	2021
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$10	,724,088	\$	15,097,181	\$	13,142,936	\$	13,337,415	\$ 23,867,024	\$ 28,434,596
Operating grants and contributions	3	3,913,570		1,611,907		-		-	3,913,570	1,611,907
Capital grants and contributions	2	2,213,685		520,806		-		-	2,213,685	520,806
General Revenues:										
Taxes	13	3,640,075		8,700,202		-		-	13,640,075	8,700,202
Motor Vehicle in-lieu, unrestricted	2	2,745,301		2,504,220		-		-	2,745,301	2,504,220
Investment Revenue		204,757		658,011		(64,894)		62,642	139,863	720,653
Other		26,036		253,692		517,022		505,369	 543,058	 759,061
Total Revenues	33	3,467,51 <u>2</u>		29,346,019		13,595,064		13,905,426	 47,062,576	 43,251,445
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	2	2,068,926		2,432,363		-		-	2,068,926	2,432,363
Public safety	10	,634,051		15,816,365		-		-	10,634,051	15,816,365
Community development	2	2,264,274		3,405,290		-		-	2,264,274	3,405,290
Public works	4	,811,300		6,691,119		-		-	4,811,300	6,691,119
Interest on long-term debt		2,643		1,606		-		-	2,643	1,606
Business-Type Activities:										
Water acquisition		-		-		271,277		34,407	271,277	34,407
Water		-		-		4,974,785		7,451,276	4,974,785	7,451,276
Sewer		-		-		3,894,446		4,848,037	3,894,446	4,848,037
LL Connected Communities		-		-		834,694		998,596	 834,694	 998,596
Total Expenses	19	),781,194		28,346,743		9,975,202		13,332,316	 29,756,396	 41,679,059
Changes in Net Position										
before Transfers	13	3,686,31 <u>8</u>		999,276		3,619,862		573,110	 17,306,180	 1,572,386
Transfers		167,951		(83,538)		(167,951)		83,538	 -	 -
Change in Net Position	13	3,854,269		915,738		3,451,911		656,648	17,306,180	1,572,386
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as restated	111	,010,391		110,094,653		28,338,251		27,681,603	 139,348,642	 137,776,256
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 124	,864,660	\$	111,010,391	\$	31,790,162	\$	28,338,251	\$ 156,654,822	\$ 139,348,642

Table 2 City of Loma Linda's Changes in Net Position

Total revenues for governmental activities shows an increase of \$4,121,493 from 2021 to 2022. This increase was comprised of a net decrease in governmental activity program revenue of \$378,551 and an increase in the governmental activity general revenue of \$4,500,044. The decrease in governmental activity program revenue includes 1) a decrease in charges for services of \$4,373,093, 2) increase in operating grants and contributions of \$2,301,663, and 3) an increase in capital grants and contributions of \$1,692,879. The decrease in charges for services was primarily due to the collection of developer impact fees related to the Loma Linda University hospital expansion that occurred in 2021. The increase in operating grants and contributions was due to the receipt of the first of two grant allocations from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) in the amount of \$2,928,307. ARPA was designed to provide assistance to individuals, businesses and state and local governments to assist in the economic recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. The qualified use of these funds includes public safety, infrastructure, and restoration of services to pre-pandemic levels.

The City has used the funds to offset expenditures related to public safety. The increase in capital grants and contributions was due to the receipt of Measure I funding for the California Street widening project.

The increase in governmental activity general revenue includes an increase in taxes of \$4,939,873, an increase in Motor Vehicle in Lieu/Intergovernmental of \$241,081, a decrease in investment revenue of \$453,254, and a decrease in other general revenues of \$227,656. The increase in governmental activity general taxes was attributed to the increases in: 1) sales tax of \$4,277,568, 2) property tax of \$347,735, 3) franchise tax of \$286,089, 4) business license tax of \$40,287, and 5) other taxes of \$1,607; offset by a decrease in transient occupancy tax of \$13,413. The increase in sales tax is mainly due to the amount in 2021 excludes \$3,361,279 that was inadvertently advanced by the California Department of Tax and Free Administration in 2020 and therefore it was fully accrued to 2020. The decrease in investment revenue is primarily due to a negative fair market value adjustment to the City's investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Total revenue for business-type activities has a decrease of \$310,362 from fiscal year 2021. This decrease was due to a decrease in business type activity program revenue of \$194,479 and a decrease in business-type activity general revenue of \$115,883. The decrease in business type activity program revenues were primarily due to the decreases in water and sewer development fees received during the year offset by increases in water and sewer charge revenues. The major decrease in business-type activity general revenues was due to a negative fair market value adjustment of the City's investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The governmental activity program expenses had a net decrease of \$8,565,549 compared to the prior year. As discussed earlier, this reduction in governmental activity program expenses was primarily due to the recognition of pension revenue due to the elimination of the net pension liability and amortization of deferred inflows/outflows related to pension as a result of the high investment return of 21.3% experienced by the CalPERS system as of June 30, 2021. The total pension cost accounting adjustment to functional expenses was \$8,583,132 with impact to functional categories as follows: \$5,419,395 decrease in public safety expense, \$1,177,205 decrease in general government expense, \$882,903 decrease in community development expense and \$1,103,629 decrease in public works expense. The business type activities experienced a decrease in expenses of \$3,357,114 which was due to the favorable accounting adjustments to pension costs as well as previously discussed.

In comparison to fiscal year 2021, the overall change in net position from operations for governmental activities was an increase of \$13,854,269 and business-type activities increased by \$3,451,911 resulting in an overall City net position increase of \$17,306,180.

#### **Government Activities**

Table 3 presents the *total cost* (expenses) of each of the City's major public services in general government, public safety, community development, public works, and interest expense. Also included is each program's *net cost* (total cost less program revenues generated by the activities). The *net cost* shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 City of Loma Linda Net Cost of Governmental Activities													
			•	Total Cost						Net Cost			
		2022		2021		Change		2022		2021		Change	
Functions:													
General government	\$	2,068,926	\$	2,432,363	\$	(363,437)	\$	(855,396)	\$	(877,326)	\$	21,930	
Public safety		10,634,051		15,816,365		(5,182,314)		3,077,823		11,724,249		(8,646,426)	
Community development		2,264,274		3,405,290		(1,141,016)		802,235		1,460,799		(658,564)	
Public works		4,811,300		6,691,119		(1,879,819)		(97,454)		(1,192,479)		1,095,025	
Interest on long-term debt		2,643		1,606		1,037		2,643	_	1,606		1,037	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,781,194	\$	28,346,743	\$	(8,565,549)	\$	2,929,851	\$	11,116,849	\$	(8,186,998)	

# In looking at table 3, you will note the major changes both in total cost and net cost. In 2022, total costs decreased by \$8,565,549 as discussed in the previous section.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

At year-end, the City's *governmental funds* reported combined fund balances of \$58,454,664, a net increase of \$3,444,305 in fund balance; included in this amount are increases in fund balance for General Fund of \$4,407,420, an increase in the Housing Authority of \$104,422, an increase in the Special Projects Construction Fund of \$50,637, an increase in the Regional Traffic Development Impact Fund of \$196,660, a decrease in the Park Fund of \$179,856, and a decrease in the Non Major Governmental Funds of \$1,134,978.

The General Fund had a net increase in fund balance of \$4,407,420, resulting from revenues exceeding net expenditures by \$457,087, netted with total other financing sources of \$3,950,333. During the fiscal year, tax revenues increased by \$1,583,144 due to increases in: sales tax revenue net of abatements by \$822,608; property tax revenue by \$328,164, business license tax by \$146,304 and franchise fees by \$126,273. Charges for services increased by \$811,171 primarily due to an arrearage in billing for the amendment of law enforcement services contract with Loma Linda University Health increasing officer hours from 18 to 24 hours per day which became effective July 1, 2020. General Fund expenditures increased by \$3,142,136 compared to prior year. Of this increase, \$1,000,000 is due to the additional contribution to the PERS unfunded liabilities in fiscal year 2022 while no additional payment was made in 2021. The remaining difference is due to the increase in overtime for Fire & Rescue service in the amount of \$673,896, of which the portion served on a Strike Team were reimbursed through Mutual Aid reimbursements, increase in Public Safety of Sheriff service contract and general services of \$370,000, increase in salaries and benefits for cost-of-living adjustments in the amount of \$395,490, increase in repairs and maintenance of capital facilities and equipment in the amount of \$254,958, and \$337,067 increase in capital expenditures. Increase in the Regional Traffic Development Impact Fund was attributed to the collection of Development Impact fees. The decrease in Non Major General Funds is primarily due to the transfers out from the ARPA Fund for the ARPA grant revenues to the General Fund.

In total the *Proprietary Funds* reported an increase in net position of \$3,451,911, with the Water Enterprise and the Sewer Capital Funds showing a positive change and the Water Acquisition and Connected Communities Funds reporting a negative net change. The Water Enterprise ended with a positive change in net position of \$3,769,980.

This was due to operating revenue exceeding operating expenses by \$2,612,397 offset by net nonoperating expenses in the amount of \$87,128 and transfers in for capital contributions of \$1,244,711. These transfers out of capital assets has an offsetting decrease in net position of \$1,341,954 for the Water Acquisition Fund. The favorable change in the net position of the Water Fund is primarily due to a significant pension adjustment as a result of the high investment return of 21.3% experienced by the CalPERS system as of June 30, 2021 as previously discussed. Excluding the pension adjustment, water operating revenue exceeded operating expenses by \$371,486. The Sewer Fund ended the year with a positive change in net position of \$1,534,240, current revenues of \$5,532,750 are in excess of \$3.893.353 in operating expenses. Similar to the explanation for Water Enterprise, the Sewer fund experienced a favorable pension adjustment. Excluding the pension adjustment, sewer operating revenue exceeded operating expenses by \$790,073; rate increases have been adopted and ongoing efforts continue to be made to reduce overall expenditures for operations. The Loma Linda Connected Communities Fund reported a negative change in fund balance of \$510,355 which reflects the ongoing operational gap between charges for services (revenues), and operating expenses and interest expenses. Efforts to reduce operational expenses have been implemented, but annual depreciation expense and non-operational expenses (interest on loans) continue to exceed revenues adding to the negative net position.

## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The actual revenues of the General Fund at year-end were \$457.087 more than the actual expenses. The positive budget-to-actual variance of \$1,836,773 in appropriations was mainly due to the City not making the additional \$1,000,000 budgeted contribution towards the PERS unfunded liability. Due to the current favorable funded status of the City's pension, the City did not deem it necessary to pay the additional contribution for 2022. The remainder budget-to-actual positive variance of \$836,773 is due to the conservative spending city-wide with saving in personnel cost, professional and contractual services, and repairs and maintenance. Of the unspent budget, actual revenues were \$1,564,214 more than anticipated compared to the final budget due mainly to Sales Tax coming in higher than expected. Other revenues that came in higher than budgeted include charges for services, refuse pass thru fees, and refunds and reimbursements but were offset by shortfalls in use of money and property due to a negative fair value adjustment of the City's LAIF investments (shown as a negative revenue) and a decrease in projected overhead. Favorable budget amendments and supplemental appropriations were made during the year to diminish budget overruns and to increase appropriations for unanticipated expenditures after adoption of the original budget. The original revenue budget was increased by \$385,800. While the expenditure appropriations budget was increased in total by \$3,520,000, the major increases were for PERS unfunded liability of \$2,000,000, and overtime for fire services provided while on Strike Team.

Although, the final adopted budget projected a \$666,000 positive change in fund balance; favorable results in revenues of \$1,564,214 due to higher franchise fees, transient occupancy taxes, and sales taxes; favorable results in expenditures of \$1,836,773 due to budgeted additional payment to the unfunded pension liability not being sent as the City's position had become momentarily fully funded as well as savings in expenditures throughout all departments; and favorable results in other financing uses of \$340,433 due to sale of equipment and increased transfers in from Gas Tax, resulted in the combined favorable results of \$3,741,420, as the actual positive net change in fund balance was \$4,407,420 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

#### Table 4 City of Loma Linda Capital Assets at Year End Net of Depreciation and Amortization

	Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	pe	Activities	Total			
	2022	2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Asset Type:										
Land	\$ 14,651,396	\$	14,651,396	\$ 1,387,764	\$	1,387,764	\$	16,039,160	\$	16,039,160
Construction in progress	3,095,955		1,251,396	208,735		183,777		3,304,690		1,435,173
Structures, machinery & equipment	11,081,867		10,932,752	6,435,896		7,020,748		17,517,763		17,953,500
Infrastructure	25,759,152		26,044,463	32,929,500		32,505,633		58,688,652		58,550,096
Intangible assets	 79,813		-	 65,426		-		145,239		-
Total	\$ 54,668,183	\$	52,880,007	\$ 41,027,321	\$	41,097,922	\$	95,695,504	\$	93,977,929

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the City had \$95,695,504 invested in a broad range of capital assets, a total increase of \$1,717,575 (See Table 4 above). *Governmental activities* include fire and public works equipment, buildings, land, park facilities, and roads. *Business-type* activities include the fiber optic network, sewer transmission system and a water production and distribution system. The total increase in the City of Loma Linda investment in capital assets for fiscal year 2022 was 1.83% (a 3.38% increase in *governmental activities* and 0.17% decrease in *business-type activities*). For fiscal year 2022, Net increases are the result of new additions in greater amounts then deletions and disposals. The major capital assets added for *governmental activities* and *business-type activities* are highlighted in explanation of Table 5.

	Governme	ntal	Activities	Business-T	уре	Activities	Total			
	2022		2021	 2022		2021		2022		2021
Asset Type:										
Land	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Construction in progress	2,198,295		85,557	147,982		84,353		2,346,277		169,910
Structures, machinery and equipment	1,369,090		2,554,798	31,551		134,713		1,400,641		2,689,511
Infrastructure	567,446		44,208	1,597,320		2,342,747		2,164,766		2,386,955
Intangible assets	 96,789		-	 77,159		-		173,948		-
Total Additions	4,231,620		2,684,563	1,854,012		2,561,813		6,085,632		5,246,376
Less: Decreases, depreciation and amortization	 (2,443,444)		(1,942,087)	 (1,924,613)		(2,009,212)		(4,368,057)		(3,951,299)
Capital Asset Increase/(Decrease)	\$ 1,788,176	\$	742,476	\$ (70,601)	\$	552,601	\$	1,717,575	\$	1,295,077

#### Table 5 City of Loma Linda Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets/Infrastructure

As shown in Table 5, above, *capital assets* current year activity increased \$1,788,176 (net of depreciation and amortization) for *governmental activities* and decreased \$70,601 (net of depreciation and amortization) for *business-type activities* for a total increase of \$1,717,575. In the *governmental activities* the increase in capital assets can be attributed to the completion of the Fire Station 251 remodel, construction of a walking track at Bailey Park, installation of baseball field lights at Ball Park, installation of various art sculptures throughout the City and various improvements. The increase in business-type activities can be attributed to a fiber optic installation and infrastructure projects throughout the City. Additional information regarding capital assets activities can be found in Notes 1i and 5 of the financial statements.

#### Long-Term Debt

In June 2012, GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) issued Statement No. 68, requiring public employers that participate in a defined benefit pension plan administered as a trust or equivalent arrangement to record the net pension liability (if any), pension expense, and deferred outflows/deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in their financial statements as part of their financial position. These amounts are presented in the statement of net position on page 18, with detailed information in Note 8 to the financial statements. As of June 30, 2022, the City does not have a net pension liability compared to previous years but had a net pension asset of \$2,454,170.

Governmental Activities - Governmental Activities - The City governmental funds have \$922,545 in outstanding long-term debt as of June 30, 2022; with the majority related to compensated absences liability. Tables 6 below and Note 8 to the financial statements offer a more detailed view of governmental long-term debt.

	City of Loma Linda Long-Term Debt at Year End													
		Governmer	ntal A	ctivities		Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities		Tot	al			
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021		
1978 Water Bonds (General Obligation)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000		
2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds						4,480,000		4,710,000		4,480,000		4,710,000		
Compensated absences		706,726		751,510		278,414		309,415		985, 140		1,060,925		
Insurance Retrospective Deposit		-		38,215		-		13,028		-		51,243		
Lease payable		82,500		-		67,447		-		149,947		-		
OPEB liability		133,319		206,062		109,079		168,598		242,398		374,660		
Net Pension liability		-		5,468,278		-		1,524,681		-		6,992,959		
Add: Unamortized bond premium		-		-		40,229		43,069		40,229		43,069		
Total	\$	922,545	\$	6,464,065	\$	4,985,169	\$	6,778,791	\$	5,907,714	\$	13,242,856		

Table 6

Business-type Activities - The enterprise funds have \$4,985,169 in outstanding long-term debt as of June 30, 2022. The water enterprise fund has bonded debt of \$4,490,000 consisting of the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds originally issued for \$5,615,000 with the first payment made on July 1, 2017; and the 1978 Water Bonds (General Obligation) with a current outstanding balance of \$10,000. Both bond issues are paid with water operating revenues. In the enterprise funds, OPEB liability total \$109,079. Additional detailed information for business-type long-term debt is shown in Note 6 to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Center for Economic Forecasting does not foresee any major change in the path of the Inland Empire economy over the next 12 months and expects business activity to rise between 2% and 3%. Inflation will continue, but so will overall economic growth, albeit at a slower pace. Unemployment rates have improved over the fiscal year starting from 8.0% at the beginning of the fiscal year and decreasing to 4.0% by June 2022; this rate is comparable to pre-pandemic levels. The real estate market has started to cool down due to the rising interest rates. Sale of existing single-family homes in the Inland Empire were down 9.3% for the first half of 2022. Despite the drop in sales, prices increased 17.9% over the same period in 2021. The median home price in Loma Linda was \$595,080 as of June 2022. This amount was 7.3% more than the \$554,812 median home price in June 2021.

Prior to the pandemic, Loma Linda had been experiencing the impacts of economic growth. Over the last years, the City has seen new development activity increases and additional projects are being proposed in the coming year. With three major medical facilities within the community, Loma Linda University Medical Center, the Veteran's Administration (VA) Hospital, and the VA Ambulatory Care Center, the City continues to see a need for temporary and permanent housing for patients receiving medical treatment and employees working at these institutions. In 2021, the City saw the completion of its third major hotel and the fourth hotel started the grading process in 2022. The new 16-story Loma Linda University Medical Hospital was completed and there are other housing and commercial development projects at various stages of development/construction currently under way. During the last couple of years Loma Linda has been able to restore some of the operational cost cutting efforts implemented during the recession, such as filling vacant positions and giving pay and benefit increases to employees, as well as addressing some deferred capital outlay purchases as market availability allows. Despite the economic challenges, the City for fiscal year 2021/2022 maintained economic growth and employment remained stable. Consumer spending shifted to ecommerce, property valuations increased and property sales continued, and ultimately leading to steady flows in City revenues (sales tax, property tax, franchise fees, transient occupancy tax, and business license) as reflected in the governmental activities tax and assessment revenues by source table in the statistical section. The challenges facing the City with the recent growth will be balancing the resources available to meet the increasing demands on city services (fire, police and general community services), the ongoing maintenance of new and existing infrastructure (parks, landscaping, streets, and utility services), rising pension liabilities and contractual service costs that are outside the control of the City. Work continues with staff and designated committees to address the demands for services by implementing new policies, and working on economic development project proposals that will maintain solid economic growth for the community while preserving the necessary level of services. Although the City has seen growth in revenues, it continues to operate at a lean conservative capacity.

On May 24, 2022, the City Council adopted the City of Loma Linda Operating and Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Budget for the Fiscal Year beginning July 1, 2022 and ending June 30, 2023. The General Fund operating budget totals \$24,349,300 and is funded by operating revenue of \$22,451,400 transfers in and other financing sources of \$3,814,600, proceeds from Ioan repayment of \$125,000, leaving an addition to fund balance of \$2,041,700. The fund balance in the General Fund is expected to increase to \$13,777,241 with \$10,527,241 in unassigned and \$3,250,000 designated (committed or assigned) as budgetary reserves. The total City operating budget amounts to \$60,119,900, with total estimated resources available for budget purposes of \$50,451,700, for fiscal year 2022/2023. The approved CIP budget for fiscal year 2022/2023 totals \$13,995,000 with a five-year CIP investment plan estimated at \$36,091,000.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. For any questions about this report or additional financial information, please contact the City Manager and/or Finance Director/Treasurer of the City of Loma Linda, located at 25541 Barton Road, Loma Linda, CA 92354, (909) 799-2840, or visit their website at www.lomalinda-ca.gov.

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# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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# CITY OF LOMA LINDA

# Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	Р	rimary Governme		
	Governmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 40,941,459	\$ 8,723,576	\$ 49,665,035	
Receivables:				
Accounts	847,059	1,653,035	2,500,094	
Taxes	2,436,504	-	2,436,504	
Interest	80,396	16,493	96,889	
Lease	3,120,549	77,022	3,197,571	
Contracts and loans	17,617,049	-	17,617,049	
Internal balances	132,718	(132,718)	-	
Due from other governments	2,199,147	76,995	2,276,142	
Inventories	30,427	232,661	263,088	
Prepaid items	9,058	10,088	19,146	
Loan receivable from the Successor Agency	3,187,693	1,774,071	4,961,764	
Land held for resale	2,535,695	-	2,535,695	
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	685,433	685,433	
Net pension asset	1,681,620	772,550	2,454,170	
Capital assets:				
Intangible assets, net of amortization	79,813	65,426	145,239	
Non-depreciable	17,747,351	1,596,499	19,343,850	
Depreciable, net	36,841,019	39,365,396	76,206,415	
Total capital assets	54,668,183	41,027,321	95,695,504	
Total assets	129,487,557	54,916,527	184,404,084	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related items	5,569,657	3,364,551	8,934,208	
OPEB related items	21,985	17,988	39,973	
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,591,642	3,382,539	8,974,181	
	4 000 007	704 005	0 770 740	
Accounts payable	1,990,807	781,905	2,772,712	
Interest payable	-	70,281	70,281	
Accrued liabilities	283,648	72,220	355,868	
Due to other governments	1,875	-	1,875	
Due to other Agency	505,370	-	505,370	
Deposits payable	396,726	260,060	656,786	
Unearned revenue	429,160	-	429,160	
Long-term liabilities - due within one year	299,956	347,771	647,727	
Long-term liabilities - due in more than one year:		10 604 404	10 604 404	
Advances from the Loma Linda Successor Agency	-	18,634,194	18,634,194	
Due in more than one year	489,270	4,528,319	5,017,589	
Net OPEB liability	133,319	109,079	242,398	
Total liabilities	4,530,131	24,803,829	29,333,960	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related items	2,500,619	1,510,589	4,011,208	
OPEB related items	146,611	119,954		
Lease			266,565	
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,037,178	74,532	3,111,710	
rotal deferred innows of resources	5,684,408	1,705,075	7,389,483	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	54,585,683	36,429,645	91,015,328	
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,,,,,	, .,	
Public works projects	22,989,517	-	22,989,517	
Public safety	1,591,101	-	1,591,101	
Community development	17,937,130	-	17,937,130	
General government	1,074,698	-	1,074,698	
Debt service	52,583	685,433	738,016	
Unrestricted (deficit)	26,633,948	(5,324,916)	21,309,032	
Total Net Position	\$ 124,864,660	\$ 31,790,162	\$ 156,654,822	
	÷ :2:,501,000	+	+	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -18-

# **CITY OF LOMA LINDA Statement of Activities** For the year ended June 30, 2022

			Progra	n Revenues	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants	Total
Primary Government:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 2,068,926	\$ 2,924,322	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,924,322
Public safety	10,634,051	4,423,248	3,132,980	-	7,556,228
Community development	2,264,274	1,310,861	151,178	-	1,462,039
Public works	4,811,300	2,065,657	629,412	2,213,685	4,908,754
Interest on long-term debt	2,643	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	19,781,194	10,724,088	3,913,570	2,213,685	16,851,343
Business-type activities:					
Water acquisition	271,277	283,721	-	-	283,721
Water enterprise	4,974,785	7,001,145	-	-	7,001,145
Sewer capital	3,894,446	5,531,874	-	-	5,531,874
Loma Linda Connected Communities	834,694	326,196	-	-	326,196
Total business-type activities	9,975,202	13,142,936	-	-	13,142,936
Total primary government	\$ 29,756,396	\$ 23,867,024	\$ 3,913,570	\$ 2,213,685	\$ 29,994,279

#### General revenues:

Taxes: Property tax, levied for general purpose Sales tax Franchise tax Transient occupancy tax Business license tax Other taxes Motor Vehicle in-lieu, unrestricted Investment revenue Loss on sale of assets Miscellaneous Transfers in (out)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year, as restated

Net position, end of year

	Primary	Government		
Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total
\$ 855,396	\$	-	\$	855,396
(3,077,823)		-	+	(3,077,823)
(802,235)		-		(802,235)
97,454		-		97,454
(2,643)		-		(2,643)
(2,929,851)		-		(2,929,851)
-		12,444		12,444
-		2,026,360		2,026,360
-		1,637,428		1,637,428
-		(508,498)		(508,498)
-		3,167,734		3,167,734
(2,929,851)		3,167,734		237,883
3,390,738		-		3,390,738
7,951,156		-		7,951,156
1,346,875		-		1,346,875
608,867		-		608,867
328,797 13,642		-		328,797 13,642
2,745,301		-		2,745,301
204,757		(64,894)		139,863
(27,923)		-		(27,923)
53,959		517,022		570,981
167,951		(167,951)		-
16,784,120		284,177		17,068,297
13,854,269		3,451,911		17,306,180
111,010,391		28,338,251		139,348,642
\$ 124,864,660	\$	31,790,162	\$	156,654,822

#### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government

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# Governmental Fund Financial Statements

*General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Loma Linda Housing Authority – Special Revenue Fund* accounts for low/mod housing activities and is funded through re-payments of existing housing loans.

**Regional Traffic Development Grant – Special Revenue Fund** accounts for the portion of Transportation Projects identified by the San Bernardino County Transportation Association (SBCTA) formerly SANBAG (San Bernardino Associated Governments) that will serve the regional area. SBCTA came up with an allocation of Loma Linda's share.

**Special Projects Construction – Capital Projects Fund** accounts for special or extraordinary projects, activities and allocations that might be recommended by staff and determined needed by the City Council.

*Park Development – Capital Projects Fund* accounts for developer fees collected and expended for future park development and acquisition.

# **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Special Rev		ude
				Loma Linda		egional Traffic
		General		Housing Authority		elopment Impact
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	15,553,105	\$	1,221,342	\$	11,482,387
Receivables:		000 540		04.000		
Accounts		809,546		34,692		-
Taxes		2,289,594		-		-
Interest		29,165		4,944		21,031
Contract and loans		9,660		17,586,791		-
Lease		3,120,549		-		-
Internal balances		124,738		-		-
Due from other funds		172,685		-		-
Due from other governments		193,185		-		-
Inventories		30,427		-		-
Prepaid items		8,537		314		-
Land held for resale		-		2,535,695		-
Advances to other funds		-		-		-
Loan receivable from Successor Agency		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	22,341,191	\$	21,383,778	\$	11,503,418
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	748,440	\$	10,475	\$	
	Φ		φ	10,475	φ	-
Accrued liabilities		282,037		-		-
Due to other funds		- 1.875		-		-
Due to other governments		<i>,</i>		-		-
Due to other Agency		505,370		-		-
Deposits payable		366,217		30,509		-
Unearned revenue		1,766		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		
Total liabilities		1,905,705		40,984		-
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Leases		3,037,178		_		_
Unavailable revenue		386,039		3,903,462		
Total Deferred inflows of resources		3,423,217		3,903,462		
		, , ,		· · · · ·		
Fund balances (deficit):						
Non spendable:						
Inventories		30,427		-		-
Prepaid items		8,537		-		-
Restricted for:						
Cultural and recreational		-		-		-
State mandated		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-
Street improvements		-		-		11,503,418
Storm drains		-		-		-
Municipal facilities		-		-		-
Air quality management		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-
Low/mod housing programs		-		17,439,332		-
Committed for:						
Emergency contingency		2,000,000		-		-
Assigned for:						
Refuse services		210,124		-		-
Fire equipment replacement		470,908		-		-
Sewer loan		124,738		-		-
Capital equipment replacement		1,250,000		-		-
Unassigned		12,917,535		-		-
Total fund balances (deficit)		17,012,269		17,439,332		11,503,418
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	22,341,191	\$	21,383,778	\$	11,503,418

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Capital Pro	iects Fund	ds		Nonmajor		Total
	cial Projects	,	Park	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
Co	onstruction	De	evelopment		Funds		Funds
\$	2,446,213	\$	895,216	\$	9,343,196	\$	40,941,459
	-		-		2,821		847,059
	-		-		146,910		2,436,504
	5,574		1,607		18,075		80,396
	-		-		20,598		17,617,049 3,120,549
	_		_		_		124,738
	598,489		-		129		771,303
	-		-		2,005,962		2,199,147
	-		-		-		30,427
	-		-		207		9,058 2,535,695
	2,804,500		-		-		2,804,500
	3,187,693		-				3,187,693
\$	9,042,469	\$	896,823	\$	11,537,898	\$	76,705,577
\$	5,311	\$	9,300	\$	1,217,281	\$	1,990,807
•	-	·	-		1,611	·	283,648
	-		-		763,323		763,323
	-		-		-		1,875
	-		-		-		505,370 396,726
	-		-		427,394		429,160
	-		2,804,500				2,804,500
	5,311		2,813,800		2,409,609		7,175,409
	-		-		-		3,037,178
	3,187,693		-		561,132		8,038,326
	3,187,693				561,132		11,075,504
	-		-		-		30,427
	-		-		-		8,537
	-		-		282,110		282,110
	-		-		30,542		30,542
	-		-		1,591,101		1,591,101
	5,849,465		-		4,504,349		21,857,232
	-		-		1,132,285		1,132,285
	-		-		1,062,504 12,194		1,062,504 12,194
	-		-		52,583		52,583
	-		-		215,688		17,655,020
	-		-				
	-		-		-		2,000,000
	-		-		-		210,124
	-		-		-		470,908
	-		-		-		124,738
	-		-		-		1,250,000
	-		(1,916,977)		(316,199)		10,684,359
	5,849,465		(1,916,977)		8,567,157		58,454,664
\$	9,042,469	\$	896,823	\$	11,537,898	\$	76,705,577

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# **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 58,454,664
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources. Therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds.	54,588,370
Intangible asset net of amortization have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	79,813
Net pension asset is not a current financial resource, therefore is not recorded in the governmental funds.	1,681,620
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Lease liability	(706,726) (133,319) (82,500)
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows and inflows of resources in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources - pension and OPEB related items Deferred inflows of resources - pension and OPEB related items	5,591,642 (2,647,230)
Revenues are recorded as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds because they do not meet the revenue recognition criteria. However, they are classified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.	8,038,326
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 124,864,660

# **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Special Re	evenue Fun	ıds	
		Housing	Reg	ional Traffic	
	 General	Authority	Development Impact		
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 12,255,309	\$ -	\$	-	
Licenses and permits	674,337	-		-	
Intergovernmental	2,792,000	-		-	
Charges for services	4,663,882	1,438		-	
Use of money and property	317,009	126,541		(103,911)	
Fines and forfeitures	7,938	-		-	
Miscellaneous	3,618,539	22,400		-	
Developer fees	 -	 -		300,571	
Total revenues	 24,329,014	 150,379		196,660	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	3,093,201	-		-	
Public safety	15,388,379	-		-	
Community development	1,974,967	45,783		-	
Public works	2,988,083	-		-	
Capital outlay	410,991	910		-	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	13,760	147		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,546	27		-	
Total expenditures	 23,871,927	 46,867		-	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 457,087	 103,512		196,660	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from disposal of assets	125,024	-		-	
Transfers in	3,851,791	-		-	
Transfers out	(120,000)	-		-	
Lease acquisition	93,518	910		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 3,950,333	 910		-	
Net change in fund balances	4,407,420	104,422		196,660	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)					
Beginning of year, as restated	 12,604,849	 17,334,910		11,306,758	
End of year	\$ 17,012,269	\$ 17,439,332	\$	11,503,418	

Capital Projects Funds Special Projects Park Construction Developmen		Park	Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total Governmental	
	onstruction	De	evelopment		Fullus		Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,379,696	\$	13,635,005
	-		-	•	-	·	674,337
	-		-		5,651,940		8,443,940
	-		-		36,019		4,701,339
	1,045,628		(7,921)		(79,772)		1,297,574
	-		-		69,852		77,790
	-		-		18		3,640,957
	-		405,340		289,705		995,616
	1,045,628		397,419		7,347,458		33,466,558
	-		-		314		3,093,515
	-		-		41,358		15,429,737
	-		96,216		707,305		2,824,271
	162,323		-		562,937		3,713,343
	866,099		481,059		3,575,160		5,334,219
	-		-		382		14,289
	-		-		70		2,643
	1,028,422		577,275		4,887,526		30,412,017
	17,206		(179,856)		2,459,932		3,054,541
	_		_		_		125,024
	33,431		_		120,000		4,005,222
	-		-		(3,717,271)		(3,837,271)
	-		-		2,361		96,789
	33,431		-		(3,594,910)		389,764
	50,637		(179,856)		(1,134,978)		3,444,305
	5,798,828		(1,737,121)		9,702,135		55,010,359
\$	5,849,465	\$	(1,916,977)	\$	8,567,157	\$	58,454,664

# CITY OF LOMA LINDA

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2022

Net change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 3,444,305
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were different b		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay, capitalized Lease acquisitions Loss on disposal of capital asset not fully depreciated Amortization Expenses Depreciation expense	\$ 3,684,306 96,789 (152,947) (16,976) (1,919,785)	1,691,387
Governmental funds report revenues and expenditures primarily pertaining to long-term liabilities, which are not reported in the statement of activities. At the government-wide level, these activities are reported in the statement of net position. This is the net expenditure reported in the governmental funds, which is not reported in the statement of activities.		
Pension related net adjustments OPEB related net adjustments Lease payments JPIA insurance rolling retro increase	8,583,132 9,280 14,289 38,215	8,644,916
Long-term compensated absences is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, long-term compensated absences is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The reconciling amount is the change in long-term compensated absences from the prior year.		44,784
Certain revenues are recorded as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds because they do not meet the revenue recognition criteria of availability. However, they are included as revenue in the Governmental-Wide Statement of Activities.		 28,877
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 13,854,269

# **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

*Water Acquisition Fund* accounts for developer fees collected to pay for the expansion of the water system and for debt service on qualifying projects.

*Water Enterprise Fund* is used to account for water production, distribution and meters.

*Sewer Capital Fund* accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer, storm drain and catch basin systems.

**Loma Linda Connected Communities Fund** provides Loma Linda residents and businesses with the opportunities for voice, data, video, multimedia, home automation systems, environmental control, security, audio, television, sensors, alarms and intercom services. The program establishes the standardized requirements for residential and commercial telecommunications cabling systems. The initial intent is to connect new development to the system, but the long-term goal is to eventually retrofit and extend these services to the entire community.

# **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

Enterprise Funds           ASSETS         Connel Linda Commentities         Total           Current assets:         Cannel assets:         Commentities         Total           Carb and cash equivalents         S         3,477,740         \$         2,614,253         \$         2,242,8402         \$         203,001         \$         8,723,576           Carb and cash equivalents         S         3,477,740         \$         2,614,253         \$         2,428,402         \$         203,001         \$         8,723,576           Carb and cash equivalents         S         3,477,740         \$         2,614,253         \$         2,428,402         \$         203,001         \$         8,732,576           Due form other funds         -         9,66440         5,7         -         1,162,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,15		Enternico Fundo									
Weir Acquisition         Weir Enterprise         Sever Capital         Communities           Current assets:         Cannot cash equivalents         \$ 3,477,740         \$ 2,614,253         \$ 2,428,402         \$ 2,03,011         \$ 8,723,576           Recensuble:         -         -         -         841,002         \$ 2,323,676         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,050,057         -         -         -         1,050,057         -         -         -         1,1762,035         -         -         -         1,1762,035         -         -         -         1,1762,035         -         -         1,1762,035         -         -         -         1,1762,035         -         -         -						Ent	erprise Funds		ma Linda		
ASSETS			Water		Water		Sewer				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents: Receivabales: Accounts Accounts Interest Cash and cash equivalents: Receivabales: Accounts Interest Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Interest Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalent Cash and cash equivalent Cas		/	Acquisition		Enterprise		Capital	Co	mmunities		Total
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 3,477,740         \$ 2,614,253         \$ 2,428,492         \$ 203,091         \$ 8,723,576           Receivables         -         641,020         768,700         43,225         1,633,035           Interest         6,569         5,282         4,281         3,811         16,433           Lease         -         77,022         -         -         77,022           Due from other funds         -         98,646         -         203         96,649           Due from other funds         -         98,646         -         -         17,740,071           Advances to other funds         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395           Advances to other funds         -         1,177,4071         -         -         -         1,172,395           Restrictdassets:         -         1,174,071         -         -         -         1,174,071           Restrictdassets:         -         1,172,395         -         -         -         1,174,071           Restrictdassets         -         1,274,071         -         -         -         6,843           Natigension asset         -         1,241,2969         3,90,833 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>											
Receivables:         -         84,020         768,790         42,225         1633,035           Interest         6,569         5,282         4,281         381         164,03           Lease         -         77,022         -         -         77,022           Inventories         -         232,087         574         -         232,666           Due from other governments         -         40,146         38,849         -         76,935           Propaid lems         -         40,146         38,849         -         76,935           Noncurrent assets:         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,172,071           Restricted assets:         -         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,172,071           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Non-depreciable         -         2,3412,969         3,800         -         1,552,963         3,906,839         40,027,327           Total and assets         -         -         2,3412,969         2,800,31         3,909,839         40,027,327           Total and assets         -         -         2,334,586 <td></td>											
Accounts         -         641,020         768,790         43,225         1,683,035           Interest         6,59         5,282         4,261         341         16,493           Lease         -         77,022         -         -         77,022           Due from other funds         -         96,646         -         203         96,849           Due from other governments         -         40,146         36,849         -         76,995           Propaid terms         -         40,344         30,8527         3,240,223         246,000         10,086,719           Noncurrent assets         -         -         1,774,071         -         -         1,774,071           Robin and investments with fiscal agents         -         685,433         -         -         665,433           Not presion asset         -         536,055         204,962         31,533         772,550           Total capital assets         -         32,412,298         2,952,561         3,999,639         33,853,365           Total capital assets         -         32,412,992         2,952,561         3,999,639         3,384,553           Total deferred outnows of resources         -         2,334,568         892,636	•	\$	3,477,740	\$	2,614,253	\$	2,428,492	\$	203,091	\$	8,723,576
Interest         6.569         5.282         4.261         381         16.493           Lease         -         77.022         -         -         77.022           Inventories         -         232.087         574         -         232.687           Due from other governments         -         40.146         38.849         -         77.922           Prepaid lens         -         8.331         1.257         -         10.088           Advances to other funds         -         1.152.395         -         -         1.152.395           Concurrent assets:         -         -         1.172.095         -         -         1.172.395           Advances to other funds         -         -         685.433         -         -         685.433         -         -         685.433         -         -         685.433         -         -         685.433         -         -         685.433         -         -         685.433         -         -         685.433         -         -         685.433         -         -         685.433         -         -         7.022         56.439         -         7.023         56.473         -         7.023         56.473 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>044.000</td> <td></td> <td>700 700</td> <td></td> <td>40.005</td> <td></td> <td>4 050 005</td>					044.000		700 700		40.005		4 050 005
Lease - 77,022 77,022 Inventories - 232,067 574 - 232,261 Due from other funds - 96,646 - 203 96,849 Prepaid terms - 40,146 38,849 - 76,995 Prepaid terms - 40,146 38,849 - 76,995 Prepaid terms - 40,146 38,849 - 76,995 Prepaid terms - 1,028 Noncurrent assets: - 40,146 38,849 - 76,995 Prepaid terms - 1,028 Noncurrent assets: - 1,152,395 Charnet - 1,152,395 Charnet - 1,174,071 1,174,071 Restricted assets: - 65,433 65,433 Noncurrent assets: - 538,055 Capter - 1,152,395 Capter - 1,174,071 Restricted assets: - 538,055 Capter - 1,152,395 Capter - 1,152,395 Capter - 1,174,071 Restricted assets: - 538,055 Capter - 1,152,395 Capter - 1,174,071 Restricted assets: - 538,055 Capter - 1,152,269 Depreciable - 1,592,699 Depreciable, net - 2,234,098 Capter - 2,234,134 Capter - 2,234,134 Capter - 2,234,134 Capter - 2,234,134 Capter - 2,234,134 Capter - 2,234,134 Capter - 2,234,596 Depreciable, net - 2,234,596 Depreciable - 2,244,7171 Depreciable - 2,244,7171 Depreciable			-								
Inventories       -       232,087       574       -       232,087         Due from other funds       -       96,646       -       223       06,849         Total current assets       -       40,146       36,849       -       76,995         Noncurrent assets:       -       40,146       36,849       -       76,995         Advances to tother funds       -       1,152,395       -       -       1,152,395         Cash and investments with fiscal agents       -       685,433       -       685,433       -       685,433         Net persion asset       -       536,055       204,962       31,533       772,550       -       -       685,433         Net persion asset       -       536,047,4411       2,980,031       3,990,839       33,9365,396         Total assets       -       -       32,412,996       2,980,031       3,990,839       40,031,972       45,641,773         Total assets       -       -       -       2,345,793       40,213,372       45,641,872         Dote forgital assets       -       -       2,345,793       40,213,372       45,641,872       42,728,727       56,249,489         Drotal adegital assets       -       2,345,73			6,569								
Due from other funds         -         96,646         -         203         96,849           Due from other governments         -         8,831         1,257         -         10,086,719           Total current assets:         -         8,831         1,257         -         10,086,719           Advances to other funds         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395           Char receivable from Successor Agency         1,774,071         -         -         1,774,071           Restricted assets:         -         536,055         204,992         31,533         772,550           Intangible assets, ret of amortization         -         41,776         23,670         -         665,433           Non-depreciable         -         32,412,996         3,800         -         1,596,499           Depreciable, net         -         32,412,996         2,962,561         3,999,839         33,365,396           Total camplia assets         1,774,071         36421,334         3,184,939         4,031,372         45,411,770           Total assets         -         32,412,996         3,800         -         1,596,499           Depreciable, net         -         2,344,586         3,127,71         1,72			-								
Due from other governments Total current assets         -         40,146         36,849         -         76,9331           Noncurrent assets         3,484,309         3,915,237         3,240,223         246,900         10,886,719           Noncurrent assets:         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395           Advances to other funds         -         -         1,174,071         -         -         1,774,071           Restrictd assets:         -         665,433         -         -         665,433         -         -         665,426           Non-depreciable         -         1,592,699         3,800         -         1,596,499         -         1,596,499         3,800         -         1,596,499         3,800         -         1,596,499         3,800         -         1,596,499         3,800,31,372         445,11,770         Total capital assets         -         2,344,334         3,184,993         4,393,72         45,11,770         Total capital assets         -         2,345,379         897,853         1,393,97         3,364,551           OPEED related lems         -         2,345,379         897,853         1,393,907         3,364,551         0/427,927         56,298,489         -         7,2280         <			-		,		574				,
Prepaid items         -         8,831         1,227         -         10,086,719           Total current assets         3,444,309         3,915,287         3,240,223         246,900         10,866,719           Noncurrent assets:         -         1,152,395         -         -         1,152,395           Advances to other funds         -         1,174,071         -         -         1,774,071           Restricted assets:         -         536,055         204,962         31,533         772,550           Cash and investments with fiscal agents         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Non-depreciable         -         1,52,059         3,300         -         1,554,699           Depreciable, net         -         32,412,996         2,962,651         3,999,839         43,027,327           Total canje assets         -         32,412,996         2,962,561         3,999,839         43,027,327           Total canje assets         -         2,344,586         6,425,216         4,278,272         56,288,489           DeFerretD OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         10,793         5,217         1,718         17,998           Total adrefered utifies         -         10,793         <			-		,		36 840				
Total current assets         3.484,309         3.915.287         3.240,223         246,900         10.886,719           Noncurrent assets:         Avances to other funds         -         -         1.152,395         -         -         1.152,395           Loan receivable from Successor Agency         1.774,071         -         -         -         1.774,071           Restricted assets:         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Not persion asset         -         536,055         204,962         3.930,377,2550           Capital assets:         -         1.592,699         3.800         -         1.566,429           Non-depreciable         -         1.524,209         3.900,339         41,027,321         454,117,77           Total concurrent assets         1.774,071         364,21334         2.940,031         3.998,393         41,027,321           Total capital assets         -         324,421,396         2.942,561         3.999,839         3.945,596           Depreciable interts         -         2.345,586         892,636         137,329         3.364,551           OPEE related items         -         2.345,379         37,255         568,132         15,781         78,1905           <	0								_		
Noncurrent assets:         1,152,395         1         1,152,395           Loan receivable from Success Agency         1,774,071         -         -         1,174,071           Restricted assets:         -         536,055         204,962         31,533         772,550           Captal assets         -         536,055         204,962         31,533         772,550           Intangible assets, net of amoritzation         -         1,176,071         366,433         -         685,433           Total conjutal assets         -         1,774,071         366,213,344         3,199,839         393,855,396           Total conjutal assets         -         2,280,0311         3,999,839         41,027,321           Total anoncurrent assets         1,774,071         364,213,344         3,184,983         4,031,372         45,411,770           Total and concurrent assets         -         2,34,586         892,636         137,329         3,364,551           OPEE related items         -         2,34,596         892,636         137,329         3,364,551           OPEB related items         -         70,208         73         10,222         50,286,409           Current liabilities:         -         70,208         73         10,222	•		3 484 309						246 900		
Advances to other funds - 1,152,395 1,152,395 Loan receivable from Successor Agency 1,774,071			0,101,000	-	0,010,201		0,210,220		210,000		10,000,110
Advances to other funds - 1,152,395 1,152,395 Loan receivable from Successor Agency 1,774,071	Noncurrent assets:										
Loan receivable from Successor Agency 1,774,071			-		1,152,395		-		-		1,152,395
Cash and investments with fiscal agents         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Net pension asset         -         536,055         20,962         31,533         772,550           Capital assets         -         1,1756         23,670         -         65,426           Non-depreciable, net         -         3,407,451         2,980,033         3,999,839         39,365,396           Total capital assets         -         -         3,407,451         2,980,031         3,156,498           Depreciable, net         -         -         3,407,451         2,980,031         3,999,839         39,365,396           Total concurrent assets         1,774,071         36,421,334         3,184,993         4,031,372         45,411,770           Total assets         5,258,380         40,336,621         6,425,216         4,278,272         56,298,489           DeFerence outflows of resources         -         2,34,586         997,853         139,307         3,382,539           LABLITIES         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LABLITIES         -         70,228         73         -         70,220           Current liabilities:         -	Loan receivable from Successor Agency		1,774,071		-		-		-		1,774,071
Net pension asset         -         538,055         204,962         31,533         772,550           Intangible assets, net of amortization         -         14,756         23,670         -         65,249           Non-depreciable, net         -         32,412,996         2,982,561         3,999,839         39,985,396           Total capital assets         -         34,047,451         2,980,031         3,999,839         41,027,321           Total anoncurrent assets         1,774,071         36,421,354         3,404,7451         2,980,031         3,299,839         40,023,1372         45,411,770           Total assets         5,259,380         40,336,621         6,425,216         4,278,272         56,298,489           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         10,793         5,217         1,978         17,329         3,364,551           OPEB related items         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LABILITIES         -         70,208         73         -         70,286           Current liabilities:         -         70,208         73         -         70,280           Accounts payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060         2	Restricted assets:										
Capital assets:         -         41756         23.670         -         65.426           Intangible assets, not of amortization         -         15.92,699         3.800         -         1.566.499           Depreciable, net         -         34.047,451         2.982,2561         3.999,839         41.027,321           Total capital assets         -         34.047,451         2.980,031         3.999,839         41.027,321           Total assets         -         34.047,451         2.980,031         3.999,839         41.027,321           Total assets         -         7.74,071         36.421,334         3.184,993         4.031,372         45.411,770           OFEF related items         -         2.334,586         892,636         137.329         3.364,551           OFEF related items         -         2.345,379         897,853         139,307         3.382,539           LIABILITIES         -         70,206         73         -         70,281           Accounts payable         -         70,206         73         -         70,281           Interret liabilities         -         70,206         73         -         70,281           Current liabilities         -         72,721         1174,719<	Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		685,433		-		-		685,433
Intangible assets, net of amortization         -         41,756         23,670         -         65,428           Non-depreciable, net         -         32,412,996         2,952,561         3,999,839         39,365,396           Total capital assets         -         34,047,451         2,960,031         3,999,839         41,027,321           Total concurrent assets         1,774,071         36,421,334         314,493         4,031,372         45,411,770           Total assets         5,258,380         40,336,621         6,425,216         4,278,272         56,298,489           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension related items         -         10,793         5,217         1,978         17,988           OPEB related items         -         10,793         5,217         1,978         17,988           Current liabilities:         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accounts payable         15,237         182,755         568,132         15,781         781,905           Derosits payable         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accounts payable         -         1,450         102,929         450         104,829           Linder true inabilities	Net pension asset		-		536,055		204,962		31,533		772,550
Non-depreciable         -         1,592,699         3,800         -         1,592,499           Depreciable, net         -         32,412,996         2,952,561         3,999,839         39,365,396           Total capital assets         1,774,071         36,421,334         3,184,993         4,031,372         45,411,770           Total assets         5,256,380         40,336,621         6,425,216         4,2278,272         56,298,489           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         2,334,586         892,636         137,329         3,364,551           OPEB related items         -         2,344,578         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LIABILITIES         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           Current liabilities:         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accounts payable         15,237         182,755         568,132         15,781         781,905           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,11         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,660           Due to ther funds         -         1,450         102											
Depreciable, net         .         32.412.996         2.952.611         3.999.839         41.027.321           Total noncurrent assets         1.774.071         36.421.334         3.184.993         4.031.372         45.411.770           Total noncurrent assets         1.774.071         36.421.334         3.184.993         4.031.372         56.298.489           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         5.256.380         40.336.621         6.425.216         4.278.272         56.298.489           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         2.334.586         892.636         137.329         3.364.551           Pension related items         -         10.793         5.217         1.978         17.988           Total deferred outflows of resources         -         2.345.379         897.853         139.307         3.382.539           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:         -         70.208         73         -         70.221           Accrued liabilities         -         73.977         17.411         832         72.220           Deposits payable         -         72.721         174.719         12.620         260.600           Due to ther funds         -         1.5237         702.567         888.719         30.543         1.63	Intangible assets, net of amortization		-		41,756		23,670		-		65,426
Total capital assets         .         34.047.451         2.980.031         3.999.839         41.027.321           Total assets         1.774.071         36.421.334         3.184.993         4.031.372         45.411.770           Total assets         5.256.360         40.336.621         6.425.216         4.278.272         56.298.489           DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension related items         .         2.334.586         892.636         137.329         3.364.551           OPEB related items         .         2.345.379         897.853         139.307         3.382.539           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:         .         70.208         73         .         70.281           Accounts payable         15.237         182.755         568.132         15.781         781.905           Interest payable - Bonds         .         70.208         73         .         70.281           Accounts payable         .         14.5237         174.456         25.465         860.0437           Long-term debt - due within one year         .         14.5237         702.567         888.719         30.543         1.637.066           Noncurrent liabilities         .         .         1.152.395         .         1.152.395<			-				,		-		
Total noncurrent assets         1,774,071         36,421,334         3,184,993         4,031,372         45,411,770           Total assets         5,258,380         40,336,621         6,425,216         4,278,272         56,298,489           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension related items         -         2,334,586         892,636         137,329         3,364,551           OPEB related items         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LIABILITIES         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           Current liabilities:         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accrued liabilities         -         53,977         17,411         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         1,450         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term diabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         4,431,44         18,634,194         18,634,194           Noncurrent liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Ot			-		, ,						
Total assets         5,256,380         40,336,621         6,425,216         4,278,272         56,298,489           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension related items         -         2,334,586         892,636         137,329         3,364,551           OPEB related items         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           Accounds payable         15,237         182,755         568,132         15,781         781,905           Interest payable - Bonds         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accound Isolitilities:         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         14,50         102,929         450         104,429           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         21,456         25,455         860         347,771           Total current liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Obma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         124,738         -         124,738	•										
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension related items         -         2,334,586         892,636         137,329         3,364,551           OPEE related items         -         10,793         5,217         1,978         17,988           Total deferred outflows of resources         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accounts payable         Bonds         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accound liabilities:         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accound liabilities         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to driver funds         -         14,50         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Other funds         -         -         1,162,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Other funds         -         -         1,452,395         -         1,152,395         -         1,24,738 <td></td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			, ,				, ,				
Pension related items         -         2,334,586         892,636         137,329         3,364,551           OPEB related items         -         10,793         5,217         1,978         17,988           Total deferred outflows of resources         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LIABILITIES         -         2,345,379         897,853         15,781         781,905           Current liabilities:         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accrued liabilities         -         53,977         17,411         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         1,450         102,292         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         22,455         860         347,771           Total current liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from other funds         -         -         -         18,634,194         18,634,194           Internal balances (Note 4)         -         -         -         14,738         - <td>Total assets</td> <td></td> <td>5,258,380</td> <td></td> <td>40,336,621</td> <td></td> <td>6,425,216</td> <td></td> <td>4,278,272</td> <td></td> <td>56,298,489</td>	Total assets		5,258,380		40,336,621		6,425,216		4,278,272		56,298,489
Pension related items         -         2,334,586         892,636         137,329         3,364,551           OPEB related items         -         10,793         5,217         1,978         17,988           Total deferred outflows of resources         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LIABILITIES         -         2,345,379         897,853         15,781         781,905           Current liabilities:         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accrued liabilities         -         53,977         17,411         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         1,450         102,292         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         22,455         860         347,771           Total current liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from other funds         -         -         -         18,634,194         18,634,194           Internal balances (Note 4)         -         -         -         14,738         - <td></td>											
OPEB related items         -         10,793         5,217         1,978         17,988           Total deferred outflows of resources         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accounds payable         15,237         182,755         568,132         15,781         781,905           Interest payable         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accrued liabilities         -         53,977         17,411         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         1,456         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         321,456         886,719         30,543         1,637,066           Noncurrent liabilities:         -         -         1,8634,194         18,634,194         18,634,194           Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         1,452,395         -         1,47,738           Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency         - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.004 506</td> <td></td> <td>000 606</td> <td></td> <td>107 000</td> <td></td> <td>2 264 554</td>					0.004 506		000 606		107 000		2 264 554
Total deferred outflows of resources         -         2,345,379         897,853         139,307         3,382,539           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:         -         2,345,379         897,853         15,781         781,905           Interest payable         15,237         182,755         568,132         15,781         781,905           Interest payable         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accrued liabilities         -         53,977         174,411         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         1,450         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         30,543         1,637,066         30,543         1,637,066           Noncurrent liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         1,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Net OPEB liability         -         -         1,452,727         13,81,808         18,648,743         24,548,725			-				,				
LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         15,237         182,755         568,132         15,781         781,905           Interest payable         -         70,208         73         -         70,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,711         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         14,50         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         321,456         256,455         860         347,771           Total current liabilities:         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from other funds         -         -         1,162,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         1,452,395         -         1,142,738           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Not OPEB liability         -         65,447         31,633         11,999         109,079           Tota											
Current liabilities:         15,237         182,755         568,132         15,781         781,905           Interest payable         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accrued liabilities         -         53,977         17,411         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         1,450         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         321,456         25,455         860         347,771           Total current liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from other funds         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from ther funds         -         -         124,738         -         124,738           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Net OPEB liability         -         -         124,738         -         124,738           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,518,174         1,381,808	Total deferred outliows of resources				2,040,079		037,000		109,007		3,302,333
Accounts payable         15,237         182,755         568,132         15,781         781,905           Interest payable         -         70,208         73         -         70,281           Accrued liabilities         -         53,977         17,411         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         77,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         1,450         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         321,456         25,455         860         347,771           Total current liabilities:         -         15,237         702,567         888,719         30,543         1,637,066           Noncurrent liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         124,738         -         124,738           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Net OPEB liability         -         65,447         31,633         11,999         109,079           Total noncurrent liabilities         -         <	LIABILITIES										
Interest payable - Bonds       -       70,208       73       -       70,281         Accrued liabilities       -       53,977       17,411       832       72,220         Deposits payable       -       72,721       174,719       12,620       260,060         Due to other funds       -       1,450       102,929       450       104,829         Long-term debt - due within one year       -       321,456       25,455       860       347,771         Total current liabilities       15,237       702,567       888,719       30,543       1,637,066         Noncurrent liabilities:       -       -       1,152,395       -       1,152,395         Advances from other funds       -       -       14,654,194       18,634,194         Internal balances (Note 4)       -       -       124,738       -       124,738         Long-term debt - due in more than one year       -       4,452,727       73,042       2,550       4,528,319         Net OPEB liability       -       65,447       31,633       11,999       109,079         Total noncurrent liabilities       -       1,048,163       400,768       61,658       1,510,589         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       -	Current liabilities:										
Accrued liabilities         -         53,977         17,411         832         72,220           Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         1,450         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         321,456         25,455         860         347,771           Total current liabilities:         15,237         702,567         888,719         30,543         1,637,066           Noncurrent liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from ther funds         -         -         1,8634,194         18,634,194         18,634,194           Internal balances (Note 4)         -         -         124,738         -         124,738           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Net OPEB liability         -         65,447         31,633         11,999         109,079           Total noncurrent liabilities         -         71,972         34,787         13,165         119,954           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         7	Accounts payable		15,237		182,755		568,132		15,781		781,905
Deposits payable         -         72,721         174,719         12,620         260,060           Due to other funds         -         1,450         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         321,456         25,455         860         347,771           Total current liabilities:         15,237         702,567         888,719         30,543         1,637,066           Noncurrent liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from other funds         -         -         1,8634,194         18,634,194         18,634,194           Internal balances (Note 4)         -         -         124,738         -         124,738           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Not OPEB liability         -         -         4,518,174         1,381,808         18,648,743         24,548,725           Total liabilities         -         -         4,518,174         1,381,808         18,648,743         24,548,725           Total liabilities         -         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589 <tr< td=""><td>Interest payable - Bonds</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>70,208</td><td></td><td>73</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>70,281</td></tr<>	Interest payable - Bonds		-		70,208		73		-		70,281
Due to other funds         -         1,450         102,929         450         104,829           Long-term debt - due within one year         -         321,456         25,455         860         347,771           Total current liabilities         15,237         702,567         888,719         30,543         1,637,066           Noncurrent liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from toma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         124,738         -         1,24,738           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Not OPEB liability         -         -         1,8,648,743         24,548,725         26,185,791           Total noncurrent liabilities         -         4,518,174         1,381,808         18,648,743         24,548,725           Total liabilities         -         71,972         34,787         13,195         119,954           Lease         -         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total liabilities         - <td>Accrued liabilities</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>53,977</td> <td></td> <td>17,411</td> <td></td> <td>832</td> <td></td> <td>72,220</td>	Accrued liabilities		-		53,977		17,411		832		72,220
Long-term debt - due within one year Total current liabilities         -         321,456         25,455         860         347,771           Noncurrent liabilities         15,237         702,567         888,719         30,543         1,637,066           Noncurrent liabilities:         Advances from toma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         -         18,634,194         18,634,194           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         -         124,738         -         124,738           Net OPEB liability         -         65,447         31,633         11,999         109,079           Total noncurrent liabilities         -         4,518,174         1,381,808         18,648,743         24,548,725           Total liabilities         -         15,237         5,220,741         2,270,527         18,679,286         26,185,791           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension related items         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEEB related items         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,705,075           Net POSITIO	Deposits payable		-		72,721		174,719		12,620		260,060
Total current liabilities         15,237         702,567         888,719         30,543         1,637,066           Noncurrent liabilities:         Advances from other funds         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         18,634,194         18,634,194           Internal balances (Note 4)         -         -         124,738         -         124,738           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Net OPEB liability         -         65,447         31,633         11,999         109,079           Total noncurrent liabilities         -         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         1,194,667         435,555         74,853         1,705,075           NET POSITION (DEFICIT)         -         685,433         -         -         685,433         -         -	Due to other funds		-		1,450		102,929		450		104,829
Noncurrent liabilities:         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         1,152,395         -         1,152,395           Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency         -         -         18,634,194         18,634,194           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         -         124,738         -         124,738           Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Net OPEB liability         -         65,447         31,633         11,999         109,079           Total noncurrent liabilities         -         -         4,518,174         1,381,808         18,648,743         24,548,725           Total liabilities         15,237         5,220,741         2,270,527         18,679,286         26,185,791           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEE related items         -         74,532         -         -         74,532         -         74,535 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>347,771</td>		-	-			_					347,771
Advances from other funds       -       -       1,152,395       -       1,152,395         Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency       -       -       -       18,634,194       18,634,194         Internal balances (Note 4)       -       -       124,738       -       124,738         Long-term debt - due in more than one year       -       4,452,727       73,042       2,550       4,528,319         Net OPEB liability       -       65,447       31,633       11,999       109,079         Total noncurrent liabilities       -       4,518,174       1,381,808       18,648,743       24,548,725         Total liabilities       15,237       5,220,741       2,270,527       18,679,286       26,185,791         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       -       1,048,163       400,768       61,658       1,510,589         Pension related items       -       1,048,163       400,768       61,658       1,510,589         OPEB related items       -       1,194,667       435,555       74,853       1,705,075         NET POSITION (DEFICIT)       -       -       -       -       74,532       -       -         Net investment in capital assets       -       29,474,136       2,955,670       3,999,8	Total current liabilities		15,237		702,567		888,719		30,543		1,637,066
Advances from other funds       -       -       1,152,395       -       1,152,395         Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency       -       -       -       18,634,194       18,634,194         Internal balances (Note 4)       -       -       124,738       -       124,738         Long-term debt - due in more than one year       -       4,452,727       73,042       2,550       4,528,319         Net OPEB liability       -       65,447       31,633       11,999       109,079         Total noncurrent liabilities       -       4,518,174       1,381,808       18,648,743       24,548,725         Total liabilities       15,237       5,220,741       2,270,527       18,679,286       26,185,791         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       -       1,048,163       400,768       61,658       1,510,589         Pension related items       -       1,048,163       400,768       61,658       1,510,589         OPEB related items       -       1,194,667       435,555       74,853       1,705,075         NET POSITION (DEFICIT)       -       -       -       -       74,532       -       -         Net investment in capital assets       -       29,474,136       2,955,670       3,999,8											
Advances from Loma Linda Successor Agency       -       -       -       18,634,194       18,634,194         Internal balances (Note 4)       -       -       124,738       -       124,738         Long-term debt - due in more than one year       -       4,452,727       73,042       2,550       4,528,319         Net OPEB liability       -       65,447       31,633       11,999       109,079         Total noncurrent liabilities       -       4,518,174       1,381,808       18,648,743       24,548,725         Total liabilities       15,237       5,220,741       2,270,527       18,679,286       26,185,791         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       -       1,048,163       400,768       61,658       1,510,589         OPEB related items       -       71,972       34,787       13,195       119,954         Lease       -       74,532       -       -       74,532         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       1,194,667       435,555       74,853       1,705,075         NET POSITION (DEFICIT)       -       685,433       -       -       685,433       -       -       685,433         Unrestricted for debt service       -       685,433       -       -											
Internal balances (Note 4)       -       -       124,738       -       124,738         Long-term debt - due in more than one year       -       4,452,727       73,042       2,550       4,528,319         Net OPEB liability       -       65,447       31,633       11,999       109,079         Total noncurrent liabilities       -       4,518,174       1,381,808       18,648,743       24,548,725         Total liabilities       15,237       5,220,741       2,270,527       18,679,286       26,185,791         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       -       1,048,163       400,768       61,658       1,510,589         OPEB related items       -       71,972       34,787       13,195       119,954         Lease       -       74,532       -       -       74,532         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       1,194,667       435,555       74,853       1,705,075         NET POSITION (DEFICIT)       -       685,433       -       -       685,433       -       -       685,433         Unrestricted for debt service       -       685,433       -       -       685,433       -       -       685,433			-		-		1,152,395		-		
Long-term debt - due in more than one year         -         4,452,727         73,042         2,550         4,528,319           Net OPEB liability         -         65,447         31,633         11,999         109,079           Total noncurrent liabilities         -         4,518,174         1,381,808         18,648,743         24,548,725           Total liabilities         15,237         5,220,741         2,270,527         18,679,286         26,185,791           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension related items         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         71,972         34,787         13,195         119,954           Lease         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         1,194,667         435,555         74,853         1,705,075           NET POSITION (DEFICIT)         Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)			-		-		-		18,634,194		
Net OPEB liability       -       65,447       31,633       11,999       109,079         Total noncurrent liabilities       -       4,518,174       1,381,808       18,648,743       24,548,725         Total liabilities       15,237       5,220,741       2,270,527       18,679,286       26,185,791         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Pension related items       -       1,048,163       400,768       61,658       1,510,589         OPEB related items       -       71,972       34,787       13,195       119,954         Lease       -       74,532       -       -       74,532         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       1,194,667       435,555       74,853       1,705,075         NET POSITION (DEFICIT)         Net investment in capital assets       -       29,474,136       2,955,670       3,999,839       36,429,645         Restricted for debt service       -       685,433       -       -       685,433       -       -       685,433         Unrestricted       5,243,143       6,107,023       1,661,317       (18,336,399)       (5,324,916)			-		-		,		-		
Total noncurrent liabilities         -         4,518,174         1,381,808         18,648,743         24,548,725           Total liabilities         15,237         5,220,741         2,270,527         18,679,286         26,185,791           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         71,972         34,787         13,195         119,954           Lease         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         1,194,667         435,555         74,853         1,705,075           NET POSITION (DEFICIT)         Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)			-								
Total liabilities         15,237         5,220,741         2,270,527         18,679,286         26,185,791           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         71,972         34,787         13,195         119,954           Lease         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         1,194,667         435,555         74,853         1,705,075           NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)											
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Pension related items         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         71,972         34,787         13,195         119,954           Lease         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         1,194,667         435,555         74,853         1,705,075           NET POSITION (DEFICIT)         Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)											
Pension related items         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         71,972         34,787         13,195         119,954           Lease         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         1,194,667         435,555         74,853         1,705,075           NET POSITION (DEFICIT)         Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)			10,201		0,220,711		2,210,021		10,010,200		20,100,701
Pension related items         -         1,048,163         400,768         61,658         1,510,589           OPEB related items         -         71,972         34,787         13,195         119,954           Lease         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         1,194,667         435,555         74,853         1,705,075           NET POSITION (DEFICIT)         Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
OPEB related items         -         71,972         34,787         13,195         119,954           Lease         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         1,194,667         435,555         74,853         1,705,075           NET POSITION (DEFICIT)         Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)			-		1,048,163		400,768		61,658		1,510,589
Lease         -         74,532         -         -         74,532           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         1,194,667         435,555         74,853         1,705,075           NET POSITION (DEFICIT)         Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)			-		, ,		,				
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)           Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)	Lease				74,532	_					
Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)	Total deferred inflows of resources		-		1,194,667		435,555		74,853		1,705,075
Net investment in capital assets         -         29,474,136         2,955,670         3,999,839         36,429,645           Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)											
Restricted for debt service         -         685,433         -         -         685,433           Unrestricted         5,243,143         6,107,023         1,661,317         (18,336,399)         (5,324,916)	. ,										
Unrestricted 5,243,143 6,107,023 1,661,317 (18,336,399) (5,324,916)	•		-				2,955,670		3,999,839		
			-		,		-		-		
$ \begin{array}{c} \bullet  \bullet  \bullet  \bullet  \bullet  \bullet  \bullet  \bullet  \bullet  \bullet $		-		-		-					
	i otal net position (deficit)	\$	5,243,143	\$	30,206,592	\$	4,010,987	\$ (	14,330,560)	\$	31,790,162

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -29-

# **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds								
	Water Acquisition		Water Enterprise		Sewer Capital		Loma Linda Connected Communities		Total
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$ 283,72	1 \$	7,001,145	\$	5,531,874	\$	326,196	\$	13,142,936
Miscellaneous			447,348		876		-		448,224
Total operating revenues	283,72	.1	7,448,493		5,532,750		326,196		13,591,160
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Treatment	-		-		3,914,457		-		3,914,457
Cost of sales and services	271,27	7	3,496,061		-		271,681		4,039,019
Administration and general	-		2,079,646		659,462		13,867		2,752,975
Pension adjustment	-		(2,240,911)		(849,324)		(144,266)		(3,234,501)
Depreciation and amortization	-		1,501,300		168,758		131,531		1,801,589
Total operating expenses	271,27	7	4,836,096		3,893,353		272,813		9,273,539
Operating change in net position	12,44	4	2,612,397		1,639,397		53,383		4,317,621
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest revenue	(22,85	(9)	(17,237)		(22,941)		(1,857)		(64,894)
Interest expense	(,••	-,	(138,689)		(1,093)		(561,881)		(701,663)
Lease income	-		68,798		-		-		68,798
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(22,85	i9)	(87,128)		(24,034)		(563,738)		(697,759)
Change in net position (deficit) before									
transfers	(10,41	5)	2,525,269		1,615,363		(510,355)		3,619,862
TRANSFERS									
Transfer in	-		1,298,108		-		-		1,298,108
Transfer out	(1,331,53	9)	(53,397)		(81,123)		-		(1,466,059)
Total transfers	(1,331,53	9)	1,244,711		(81,123)		-		(167,951)
Change in net position	(1,341,95	64)	3,769,980		1,534,240		(510,355)		3,451,911
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)									
Beginning of year	6,585,09	17	32,496,612		3,082,747		(13,826,205)		28,338,251
End of year	\$ 5,243,14	3 \$	36,266,592	\$	4,616,987	\$	(14,336,560)	\$	31,790,162

# **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Statement of Cash Flows **Proprietary Funds** For the year ended June 30, 2022

			Ent	terprise Funds			
	 Water Acquisition	 Water Enterprise		Sewer Capital	С	oma Linda onnected mmunities	 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers and users Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 283,721 (943,212) -	\$ 7,371,954 (3,521,118) (2,305,684)	\$	5,433,026 (3,904,232) (753,426)	\$	320,058 (278,645) (29,470)	\$ 13,408,759 (8,647,207) (3,088,580)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 (659,491)	 1,545,152		775,368		11,943	 1,672,972
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds (repayment) of due to/from other funds Proceeds from (payments to) other governmental entities	:	(153,980) (16,131)		102,934 (14,185)		(2,719) 1,428	(53,765) (28,888)
Transfers in Transfers out Net cash provided (used) by	 - (1,331,539)	 1,298,108 (53,397)		- (81,123)		-	 1,298,108 (1,466,059)
noncapital financing activities	 (1,331,539)	 1,074,600		7,626		(1,291)	 (250,604)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets	-	(1,650,030)		(3,800)		-	(1,653,830)
Proceeds from loan receivable Lease payments Lease receipts	567,065 -	(6,637) 66,308		(3,074)		-	567,065 (9,711) 66,308
Payments on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt	 -	 (238,524) (144,134)		- (3,702) (1,020)		(802)	 (243,028) (145,154)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	 567,065	 (1,973,017)		(11,596)		(802)	 (1,418,350)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	18.352	13.744		5.018		473	37.587
Change in fair market value of investments	 (44,271)	 (34,389)		(30,914)		(2,585)	 (112,159)
Net cash used by investing activities	 (25,919)	 (20,645)		(25,896)		(2,112)	 (74,572)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	(1,449,884)	626,090		745,502		7,738	(70,554)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year	 4,927,624	 2,673,596		1,682,990		195,353	 9,479,563
End of year	\$ 3,477,740	\$ 3,299,686	\$	2,428,492	\$	203,091	\$ 9,409,009
Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$ 3,477,740	\$ 2,614,253 685,433	\$	2,428,492	\$	203,091	\$ 8,723,576 685,433
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,477,740	\$ 3,299,686	\$	2,428,492	\$	203,091	\$ 9,409,009

# **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Statement of Cash Flows, continued Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

					Ent	erprise Funds			
	Water Acquisition		Water Enterprise		Sewer Capital		Loma Linda Connected Communities		 Total
ECONCILIATION OF CHANGE IN OPERATING NET POSITION TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITES									
Operating change in net position	\$	12,444	\$	2,612,397	\$	1,639,397	\$	53,383	\$ 4,317,62
Adjustments to reconcile operating change in net position									
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization		-		1,501,300		168,758		131,531	1,801,58
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-		(74,630)		(99,724)		(6,138)	(180,49
(Increase) decrease in inventories		-		9,657		-		-	9,65
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		-		(3,445)		(1,257)		-	(4,70
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources -									
pension and OPEB related		-		(987,654)		(378,267)		(58,879)	(1,424,80
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset		-		(536,055)		(204,962)		(31,533)	(772,55
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(671,935)		(45,046)		11,482		(6,246)	(711,74
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		-		1,844		1,098		51	2,99
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		-		13,777		-		(718)	13,05
Increase (decrease) in due unearned revenue		-		(1,909)		-		-	(1,90
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		-		(35,712)		(17,260)		(6,547)	(59,51
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		-		(11,723)		(4,460)		(14,819)	(31,00
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		-		(1,057,942)		(404,507)		(62,232)	(1,524,68
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources -				,					• • •
pension and OPEB related		-		160,293		65,070		14,090	 239,45
Total adjustments		(671,935)		(1,067,245)		(864,029)		(41,440)	 (2,644,64
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(659,491)	\$	1,545,152	\$	775,368	\$	11,943	\$ 1,672,97
DNCASH FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITI	<b>ES</b> \$	-	\$	49,723	\$	27,435	\$	-	\$ 77,15

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# Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

**Custodial Funds** - The Custodial Funds are used to report resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity, which involves only the receipt, temporary investment and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments.

**Private Purpose Trust Fund** - The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to report resources of other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Private Purpose Trust Fund reflects the activities of the Successor Agency to the former Loma Linda Redevelopment Agency.

# CITY OF LOMA LINDA **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position**

# Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds			Private Purpose Trust Fund			
ASSETS	<u>^</u>	404.000	•	0.050.005			
Cash and investments	\$	101,803	\$	3,858,635			
Receivables:				4 4 0 7			
Interest		-		4,187			
Contract and loans		-		79,862			
Prepaid items		-		135,957			
Due from other governments		-		328			
Advances to the City of Loma Linda		-		18,634,194			
Restricted assets:							
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		27			
Total assets		101,803		22,713,190			
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		344		16,885			
Interest payable		-		311,383			
Due to other governments		-		200,820			
Deposits payable		74,470		28,686			
2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds		-		22,942,827			
Loan payable to the City of Loma Linda		-		4,961,764			
Total liabilities		74,814		28,462,365			
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Gain on debt refunding				19,236			
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)							
Restricted for other organizations		26,989		-			
Net position (deficit) held in trust		-		(5,768,411)			
Total net position (deficit)	\$	26,989	\$	(5,768,411)			

# **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Custodi	Private Purpose Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS Property taxes Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	- - 11,635	\$	4,872,960 518,280 -
Total additions		11,635		5,391,240
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> General and administrative Miscellaneous Debt service:		- 3,247		244,539 -
Interest and fiscal charges				785,553
Total deductions		3,247		1,030,092
Change in net position		8,388		4,361,148
<b>NET POSITION (DEFICIT):</b> Beginning of year End of year	\$	18,601 26,989	\$	(10,129,559) (5,768,411)

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# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Loma Linda, California (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The City of Loma Linda, California (the City), was incorporated on September 29, 1970 under the laws of the State of California. The City became a chartered City in 1981. It is governed by an elected five-member City Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units. GAAP, defines component units as legally separate entities that meet any one of the following tests:

- The City appoints the voting majority of the board of the component unit and:
  - is able to impose its will on the component unit and/or
  - is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the component unit.
- The component unit is fiscally dependent upon the City.
- The financial statements of the City would be misleading if data from the component unit were omitted.

Component units are entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization, or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that their exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations, and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

Based on the criteria above, the City has two component units, both of which are blended component units. These component units are described as follows:

<u>Loma Linda Public Financing Authority</u> - The Loma Linda Public Financing Authority (Authority) was established on September 10, 2002 pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the California Government Code in order to jointly exercise powers of the Agency and the City and to establish a vehicle to reduce local borrowing costs and promote greater use of existing and new financial instruments.

## Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

## A. Reporting Entity, Continued

<u>Loma Linda Housing Authority</u> - The City of Loma Linda Housing Authority (the Housing Authority) was established by the City Council on January 10, 2012, and is responsible for the administration of providing affordable housing in the City. The Housing Authority is governed by a five-member Board of Directors which consists of members of the City Council. The Housing Authority is considered a blended component unit due to the financial benefit or burden relationship the Housing Authority shares with the City as its financial transactions are reported in a Special Revenue Fund.

Since the City Council serves as the governing board for these component units, all of the City's component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are reported with the interfund data of the primary government. These component units do not issue separate component unit financial statements.

## B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. City resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are revenues for the City are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

# B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements, continued

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GAAP in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables including the corresponding deferred revenues. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated. However, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

- Due to and from other funds
- Advances to and from other funds
- Transfers in and out

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the qualifications for major fund reporting.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

# Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements, continued

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end, except sales tax which is considered available if collected within 90 days) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, taxpayer-assessed tax revenues (transient occupancy taxes, franchise taxes, etc.), certain grant revenues and earnings on investments. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Unearned revenues arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of generally accepted accounting principles.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the unrestricted components of fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which they have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

#### Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The City's Fiduciary Funds represent:

Custodial Funds – are custodial in nature and are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Private Purpose Trust Fund – report resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to report the assets, liabilities, and activities of the City of Loma Linda Redevelopment Agency Successor Agency.

#### Major Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Loma Linda Housing Authority is responsible for the administration of providing affordable housing in the City.

Regional Traffic Development Special Revenue Fund accounts for the portion of Transportation Projects identified by the San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA) former SANBAG (San Bernardino Associated Governments) that will serve the regional area.

The Special Projects Construction Capital Projects Fund accounts for special or extraordinary projects, activities and allocations that might be recommended by staff and determined needed by the City Council.

The Park Development Capital Projects Fund accounts for developer fees collected and expended for future park development and acquisition.

## B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

#### Major Funds, continued

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Acquisition Fund accounts for developer fees collected to pay for the expansion of the water system and for debt service on qualifying projects.

The Water Enterprise Fund is used to account for water production, distribution and meters.

The Sewer Capital Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer, storm drain and catch basin systems.

The Loma Linda Connected Communities Fund provides Loma Linda residents and businesses with the opportunities for voice, data, video, multimedia, home automation systems, environmental control, security, audio, television, sensors, alarms and intercom services. The program establishes the standardized requirements for residential and commercial telecommunications cabling systems. The initial intent is to connect new development to the system, but the long-term goal is to eventually retrofit and extend these services to the entire community.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Custodial Funds – These funds are used to report resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity, which involves only the receipt, temporary investment and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Private Purpose Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Successor Agency to the former City of Loma Linda Redevelopment Agency.

Fiduciary Funds are not included in the City's Government-Wide Financial Statements.

#### C. Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

#### D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments and displayed as Cash and Investments.

# D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments, Continued

All cash and investments of proprietary funds are held in the City's investment pool. Therefore, all cash and investments in the proprietary funds are considered cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows as these cash pools have the general characteristics of a demand deposit account. In accordance with GAAP, highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled *Local Agency Investment Fund* (LAIF) which has invested a portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these structured notes and asset-backed securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

In accordance with GAAP, certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for Deposits and Investment Risks are specified in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
  - o **Overall**
  - Custodial Credit Risk
  - Concentrations of Credit Risk
- Foreign Currency Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

#### E. Receivables

All receivables, leases, contracts, loans and accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. In the proprietary funds, the City accrues for unbilled water and sewer services at year-end.

#### F. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

# F. Interfund Transactions, Continued

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenue, expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/ expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as transfers.

# G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the General Fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption, whereas in the Enterprise Funds it represents water supplies in the water utility. Inventory costs are recorded as expenditures when used.

The General Fund inventory is accounted for on the consumption method and is equally offset by a reservation of fund balance in the fund-level statements, which indicates that it does not constitute "available spendable resources".

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

# H. Restricted Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents

Certain restricted cash and investments are held by fiscal agents for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

#### I. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Financial statements - capital assets, which include land, structures and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and construction in progress are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed and donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value on the date of acquisition.

For infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the "Basic Approach" as defined by generally accepted accounting principles for infrastructure reporting.

## I. Capital Assets, Continued

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Type of asset	Years
Structures and improvements	15-50
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Infrastructure	20-50

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements do not present capital assets. Consequently, capital assets are presented as reconciling items in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Intangible right to use assets arising from lease agreements are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities plus any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease asset into service.

Intangible right to use assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### J. Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for all fund types.

#### K. Unearned Revenues

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, unearned revenue is recognized for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned. Typical transactions recorded as unearned revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements are prepaid charges for services.

#### L. Compensated Absences

Vacation pay is payable to employees at the time a vacation is taken or upon termination of employment. Normally an employee cannot accrue more than 26 to 46 days depending on length of employment.

## L. Compensated Absences, Continued

Sick leave is payable when an employee is unable to work because of illness. Upon termination an employee will be paid one-third of unused sick leave up to 344 hours for miscellaneous employees and 516 hours for safety employees. Sick leave hours earned above the maximum are paid out on a one-for-one basis.

All vacation and one-third of sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Funds.

# M. Long-Term Debt

Government-Wide Financial Statements - Long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements do not present long-term debt. As such, long-term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements use the same principles as those used in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

#### N. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

# O. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring net OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

For OPEB-related liability, the general fund normally liquidates 55 percent and the remaining 45 percent is liquidated by the Proprietary funds.

#### P. Net Position

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Net Position are classified in the following categories:

*Net Investment in Capital Assets* – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

*Restricted Net Position* – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

*Unrestricted Net Position* – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net invested in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

#### Q. Fund Balance

In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, fund balances are classified in the following categories:

*Nonspendable* – Items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventories, items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan funds.

## Q. Fund Balance, Continued

*Restricted* – Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed* – Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that it employed to previously commit those amounts. If the Council action that limits the use of the funds was separate from the action that initially created the revenues that form the basis for the fund balance, then the resultant fund balance is considered to be committed, not restricted. The City Council considers a resolution to constitute a formal action of the City Council for the purposes of establishing committed fund balance.

Assigned – Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The City Council has established a resolution that authorized the City Manager for that purpose.

*Unassigned* – This category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them. The General Fund is the only fund that could report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for a specific purpose exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which all restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply in the following order, except for instances wherein an ordinance specifies the fund balance:

- Restricted
- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

A City Council Action is the formal action required by the Government to establish and modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.

# R. Property Taxes

Property tax revenue is recognized on the modified accrual basis, that is, in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of San Bernardino collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 A.M. on the first day in January preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes levied. Taxes are levied on both real and personal property, as it exists on that date. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1. All taxes are delinquent if unpaid on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on the first of March each year and are delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31.

# S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### T. Leases

The City is a lessor for certain leases as detailed in Note 3. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the financial statements. The same recognition principle is used in the Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements.

At the commencement of the lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. In subsequent periods, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, lease term and lease receipts.

- The City uses the estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases when an explicit rate is not provided in the lease agreement.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease plus periods covered by the City and lessee's option to extend the lease if the City is reasonably certain based on all relevant factors that the City and lessee will exercise that option.

## T. Leases, Continued

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

# U. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

# Note 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds. This pooled cash is invested by the City Treasurer to enhance interest earnings. The City has the following cash and investments at June 30, 2022:

	Government-W	/ide Statements	Fiduciary Fur			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Custodial Funds	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Totals	
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 40,941,459 	\$ 8,723,576 685,433	\$ 101,803 	\$ 3,858,635 <u>27</u>	\$ 53,625,473 685,460	
Total cash and investments	\$ 40,941,459	\$ 9,409,009	\$ 101,803	\$ 3,858,662	\$ 54,310,933	

The City's cash and investments at June 30, 2022 in more detail were as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents		
Petty cash	\$ 1,350	
Demand deposits	1,364,622	
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,365,972	
Investments Local Agency Investment Fund Total cash and investments	<u>52,259,501</u> 53,625,473	
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	685,460	
Total cash and investments	\$ 54,310,933	

# Note 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

# A. Deposits

The California Government Code (Code) requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The fair value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

# B. Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with the Code, the following investments were authorized:

- Securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies
- Certificates of Deposits (or Time Deposits)
- State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
- Other investments that are approved through the State of California Government Code

As of June 30, 2022, the City was a voluntary participant and had \$52,259,501 invested in LAIF. The City has complied with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investments Pools*.

The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2022 included 1.88% of the pooled funds invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities. This is a decrease of 0.43% from the prior year. These investments included the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u>: debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>: generally mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

# Note 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

#### B. Investments, Continued

LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute.

#### C. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the Code or the City's investment policy.

#### D. Risk Disclosures

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The City's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City has elected to invest all in LAIF which has a maturity of less than one year.

	Invested	d Maturities in Years
External Pool:	Le	ss than 1 Year
State of California - Local Agency		
Investment Fund	\$	52,259,501

<u>Credit Risk</u> – As of June 30, 2022, the City's investments in external investment pools are unrated.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a deposit financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City's investment policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the provision for deposits stated in Note 2A. City's bank participates in the FDIC's temporary Transaction Account Guarantee Program which provides unlimited coverage. Of the City and Successor Agency's investments, \$685,460 of securities was held by the counterparty's trust department, the trustee for the bonds, not in the name of the City as of June 30, 2022.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the Code. Although the City's policy allows other forms of investments, per City Council direction, the City currently only invests in LAIF.

# Note 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

# E. Fair Value Measurements

Generally accepted accounting principles establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets and liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date, Level 2 inputs that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and Level 3 inputs have the lowest priority and consist of unobservable inputs for an asset or liability. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City of Loma Linda did not maintain any investments subject to the fair value hierarchy.

# Note 3: RECEIVABLES

# A. Leases

# Facility Lease

In June 2008, the City entered into a four-year agreement with the San Bernardino County Library (County) to lease facilities in the civic center complex to house the local branch library. The original four-year agreement has been extended several times. The current agreement expires December 2023 with an option to extend the agreement for an additional three years through December 2026. The County is required to make monthly payments ranging from \$7,506 to \$7,692. The lease has a discount rate of 1.0 percent. As of June 30, 2022, the lease receivable is \$411,459 and deferred inflows of resources are \$407,056. The City recognized \$90,457 of lease revenue during the fiscal year.

#### Cell Site Leases

The City has entered into seven cell site leases with lease terms ranging from 2 to 21 years through May 2042. The lessees are required to make monthly payments ranging from \$2,400 to \$6,000, with discount rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 4.0 percent. The lease agreements have up to four extension options, each for five-year terms. As of June 30, 2022, the lease receivable is \$2,786,112 and deferred inflows of resources are \$2,704,654. The City recognized \$225,828 of lease revenue during the fiscal year.

Subsequent to June 30, 2022, the City has amended two of the seven cell site lease agreements to include up to 7 additional extension options, each for five-year terms, that could extend the lease term through March 2065. The City will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources for these agreements in Fiscal Year 2023.

# Note 3: RECEIVABLES, Continued

# B. Contracts and Notes Receivable

Contracts and loans receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2021	Re	statement	 Additions	[	Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022
Big Bear Valley Water Stock	\$	1,075	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,075
LL Chamber of Commerce Loan		8,584		-	-		-		8,584
Deferred Housing Plan		14,556		-	-		(7,542)		7,014
Developers Loans		13,131,586		400,000	360,080		-		13,891,666
First Time Homebuyers		3,965,456			-		(256,746)		3,708,710
Total	\$	17,121,257	\$	400,000	\$ 360,080	\$	(264,288)	\$	17,617,049

# Note 4: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

#### A. Fund Financial Statements

**Due To/Due From Other Funds** - At June 30, 2022, the City had the following due to/from other funds:

		Due	to O	ther Funds						
	Gov	vernmental	Proprietary Funds							
		Funds			Lom	a Linda				
	Nonmajor		Nonmajor Sewer			nected	Water			
Due From Other Funds	Goverr	mental Funds		Capital	Com	munities	En	terprise		Total
Governmental Funds:										
General Fund	\$	164,834	\$	6,080	\$	321	\$	1,450	\$	172,685
Special Projects Construction		598,489		-		-		-		598,489
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-		-		129		-		129
Enterprise Funds:										
Water Enterprise		-		96,646		-		-		96,646
Loma Linda Connected Communities		-		203		-		-		203
Total	\$	763,323	\$	102,929	\$	450	\$	1,450	\$	868,152

The due from in the General Fund is made up of \$33,039 from the Community Development Block Grant Fund and \$130,923 from the Grant Fund to cover grant related expenditures that have not yet been reimbursed by the granting agencies. The due from the Water Enterprise fund, Sewer Capital fund and Loma Linda Connected Communities is for an end of the year insurance adjustment.

**Loan to Sewer Fund -** At June 30, 2022, the Sewer Fund had a loan from the General Fund in the amount of \$124,738. This loan was fully paid off as of August 31, 2022.

# Note 4: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

#### A. Fund Financial Statements, Continued

**Advances To/From Other Funds** - At June 30, 2022, the City had the following advances to/from other funds:

		Advances From Other Funds						
	Govern	nmental Funds	Ent	erprise Funds	-			
		Park		Sewer				
Advances To Other Funds	D	Development		Capital	Total			
Governmental Funds:	_							
Special Projects Construction	\$	2,804,500	\$	-	\$ 2,804,500			
Enterprise Funds:								
Water Enterprise		-		1,152,395	1,152,395			
Total	\$	2,804,500	\$	1,152,395	\$ 3,956,895			

Advances from the Water Enterprise fund to the Sewer Capital Fund in the amount of \$1,152,395 was to help cover negative cash. In the governmental funds, the advance to the Park Development fund from the Special Projects Construction fund were to assist with the acquisition of the open space property in the City's South Hills.

**Transfers** – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City had the following transfers in and out:

Fund receiving transfers	Fund making transfers	 Amount	
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Sewer Capital Water Enterprise	\$ 3,717,271 81,123 53,397	
Special Projects Construction	Water Acquisition	33,431	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	120,000	
Water Enterprise	Water Acquisition	 1,298,108	
	Total transfers	\$ 5,303,330	

Certain nonmajor governmental funds made payments in the amount of \$3,717,271 to the General Fund for street maintenance and to cover costs, of this amount, \$2,928,307 was from ARPA funding to cover public safety costs. The General Fund transferred \$120,000 to a non-major fund to assist with Landscape Maintenance fund. Transfers of \$1,298,108 to Water Enterprise from Water Acquisition were noncash transfers of capital assets. The remaining transfers shown above were for the purchases of capital assets.

# Note 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital assets for the governmental activities:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Adjustments	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 14,651,396	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 14,651,396
Construction in progress	1,251,396	2,198,295	(340,836)	(12,900)	3,095,955
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	15,902,792	2,198,295	(340,836)	(12,900)	17,747,351
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Structures and improvements	24,269,036	1,146,991	-	-	25,416,027
Machinery and equipment	9,781,922	222,099	-	(382,640)	9,621,381
Infrastructure	54,528,041	567,446		-	55,095,487
Total capital assets, being depreciated	88,578,999	1,936,536	-	(382,640)	90,132,895
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Structures and improvements	(17,171,404)	(583,287)	-	-	(17,754,691)
Machinery and equipment	(5,946,802)	(483,741)	-	229,693	(6,200,850)
Infrastructure	(28,483,578)	(852,757)	-	-	(29,336,335)
Total accumulated depreciation	(51,601,784)	(1,919,785)	-	229,693	(53,291,876)
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	36,977,215	16,751		(152,947)	36,841,019
Intangible assets, being amortized:					
Intangible right to use asset	-	96,789		-	96,789
Accumulated amortization	-	(16,976)		-	(16,976)
Intangible assets, net of amortization:	-	79,813	-	-	79,813
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 52,880,007	\$ 2,294,859	\$ (340,836)	\$ (165,847)	\$ 54,668,183

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the primary government's governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	De	epreciation	Amo	ortization Total		Total
General government	\$	\$ 156,500		3,788	\$	160,288
Public safety		397,521		3,784		401,305
Community development		315,382		4,749		320,131
Public works		1,050,382		4,655		1,055,037
Total	\$	1,919,785	\$	16,976	\$	1,936,761

# Note 5: CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

The following is a summary of capital assets for the business-type activities:

	 Beginning Balance	 Additions	 Deletions	 Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 1,387,764	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,387,764
Construction in progress	 183,777	 147,982	 (123,024)	 208,735
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 1,571,541	 147,982	 (123,024)	 1,596,499
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Structures and improvements	26,968,959	-	-	26,968,959
Machinery and equipment	6,581,946	31,551	-	6,613,497
Infrastructure	43,788,732	1,597,320	-	45,386,052
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 77,339,637	 1,628,871	 -	 78,968,508
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	(21,155,727)	(432,992)	-	(21,588,719)
Machinery and equipment	(5,374,430)	(183,411)	-	(5,557,841)
Infrastructure	(11,283,099)	(1,173,453)	-	(12,456,552)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (37,813,256)	 (1,789,856)	 -	 (39,603,112)
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	 39,526,381	 (160,985)	 -	 39,365,396
Intangible assets, being amortized:				
Intangible right to use asset	-	77,159	-	77.159
Accumulated amortization	-	(11,733)	-	(11,733)
Intangible assets, net of amortization:	 -	 65,426	 -	 65,426
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 41,097,922	\$ 52,423	\$ (123,024)	\$ 41,027,321

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the primary government's business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:	D	epreciation	Amo	ortization	 Total
Water Enterprise	\$	1,497,534	\$	3,766	\$ 1,501,300
Sewer Capital		160,791		7,967	168,758
Loma Linda Connected Communities		131,531		-	131,531
Total	\$	1,789,856	\$	11,733	\$ 1,801,589

# Note 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	В	eginning						Ending	Du	ue within
Governmental activities:		Balance	A	dditions	E	Deletions	E	Balance	C	ne Year
Insurance Retrospective Deposit	\$	38,215	\$	-	\$	(38,215)	\$	-	\$	-
Compensated absences		751,510		802,596		(847,380)		706,726		282,369
Lease liability		-		96,789		(14,289)		82,500		17,587
Total governmental activities	\$	789,725	\$	899,385	\$	(899,884)	\$	789,226	\$	299,956

# Note 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Business-type activities:	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	[	Deletions		Ending Balance	 ue within ne Year
Revenue Bonds:	 							 
1978 Water Bonds (General Obligation)	\$ 10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000
2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds -								
Direct Borrowing	4,710,000		-		(230,000)		4,480,000	235,000
Unamortized bond premium	43,069		-		(2,840)		40,229	2,840
Insurance Retrospective Deposit	13,028		-		(13,028)		-	-
Compensated absences	309,415		269,406		(300,407)		278,414	85,987
Lease liability	-		77,158		(9,711)		67,447	13,944
Total business-type activities	\$ 5,085,512	\$	346,564	\$	(555,986)	\$ -	4,876,090	\$ 347,771

# A. Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, the OPEB liability and the net pension asset (if any) are generally liquidated primarily by the General Fund, with a small portion by the Street Lighting District and Land Maintenance District.

# JPIA Retrospective Deposit

Since its inception, the California JPIA, "Authority", has operated under a retrospective funding model for its liability and workers' compensation programs. Historically, members have paid for retrospective deposit adjustments and received retrospective refunds in annual rolling installments of up to eight years in duration. A change to the funding model was adopted in 2010 that fully implemented during fiscal year 2013-14 coverage period. The unpaid portion of all retrospective adjustments on coverage periods up to and including fiscal year 2009-10 have been consolidated into a single aggregate retrospective balance and temporarily deferred from payment. Payments resumed beginning July 1, 2014 for the Liability program and July 1, 2015 for the Workers' Compensation program. The final payment on this liability was made during fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

#### Compensated Absences

The City's liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences in the governmental activities has been accrued and amounted to \$706,726. This amount is made up of accrued vacation, one third sick pay plus any amount over the maximum sick hours accrued, and any comp time earned. Compensated absences are primarily liquidated by the General Fund. For further explanation see Note 1.

#### Lease Liabilities

The City has entered into two agreements to lease certain office equipment. The leases have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The first agreement to lease City-wide printers and copy machines was effective as of July 1, 2021. The lease requires 63 monthly payments of \$2,334. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.5%. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$83,653. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$70,126 and the net book value of the right to use asset is \$67,719. The right to use asset is disclosed in Note 5. Capital Assets.

#### Note 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

#### Α. Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt Continued

The second agreement to lease a wide format printer was effective as of February 1, 2022. The lease requires 63 monthly payments of \$698. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.8%. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$13,136. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$12,374 and the net book value of the right to use asset is \$12,094. The right to use asset is disclosed in Note 5. Capital Assets.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had a total outstanding lease liability of \$82,500 and right to use asset of \$79,813, net of amortization.

Governmental Lease liability							
Year Ending							
June 30,	F	Principal	Ir	nterest		Total	
2023	\$	17,587	\$	2,618	\$	20,205	
2024		17,966		1,993		19,959	
2025		18,623		1,333		19,956	
2026		19,299		656		19,955	
2027		9,025		89		9,114	
Total	\$	82,500	\$	6,689	\$	89,189	

Estimated future lease liability requirements are as follows:

# B. Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt

#### 1978 Water Bonds (General Obligation) – Original Issue \$1,000,000

On February 14, 1978, the City issued \$1,000,000 of 1978 Water Bonds (General Obligation). The purpose of the bonds was to finance water system improvements.

The bonds matured from April 1, 1979 to April 1, 2003 in varying amounts. The bonds accrued interest at rates between 4.80% and 6.75%. Interest on the bonds was payable semiannually on each April 1 and October 1. Principal was payable in annual installments commencing April 1, 1979. The revenues of the Water Fund were being used to pay the annual debt service requirements of the bonds. The bonds matured in fiscal year 2003; however, at June 30, 2010, not all bonds have been presented for payment. The amount outstanding as of June 30, 2022 was \$10,000. Interest no longer accrues on these bonds.

#### 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds – Original Issue \$5,615,000 – Direct Borrowing

On September 14, 2016, the City issued \$5.615.000 in Revenue Refunding Bonds. Series 2016 for the purpose of refunding the 1995 Variable Rate Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, of which \$5,075,000 was outstanding, and to fund a reserve fund and pay issuance costs for the 2016 bonds. The bonds mature annually each July 1, 2017 through 2036 in amounts ranging from \$215,000 to \$365,000. The bonds bear variable interest rates ranging from 2.000% to 3.750% and are payable semi-annually each January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 2017.

# Note 6: LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

# B. Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt (continued)

All net revenues of the Water Enterprise fund has been irrevocably pledged to secure the payment of the principal of and interest, and the premium, if any, on the 2016 Bonds in accordance with their terms and provision of the Indenture, and the revenues may not be used for any other purpose while the 2016 Bonds remain outstanding. In the event of default specified in the Indenture occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may, upon being indemnified to its reasonable satisfaction thereof, upon notice in writing to the City, declare the principal of all of the 2016 Bonds then outstanding, and the interest accrued thereon, to be due and payable immediately. Nothing in the Indenture permits or requires the Trustee to accelerate payments due under the Indenture of the City is not in default of its obligation thereunder.

The annual requirements to amortize the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds								
Year Ending								
June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	235,000	\$	140,143	\$	375,143		
2024		245,000		131,350		376,350		
2025		255,000		122,163		377,163		
2026		260,000		112,600		372,600		
2027		270,000		102,850		372,850		
2028-2032		1,490,000		384,013		1,874,013		
2033-2037		1,725,000		158,250		1,883,250		
Total	\$	4,480,000	\$	1,151,369	\$	5,631,369		

# JPIA Retrospective Deposit

Since its inception, the California JPIA, "Authority", has operated under a retrospective funding model for its liability and workers' compensation programs. Historically, members have paid for retrospective deposit adjustments and received retrospective refunds in annual rolling installments of up to eight years in duration. A change to the funding model was adopted in 2010 that fully implemented during fiscal year 2013-14 coverage period. The unpaid portion of all retrospective adjustments on coverage periods up to and including fiscal year 2009-10 have been consolidated into a single aggregate retrospective balance and temporarily deferred from payment. Payments resumed beginning July 1, 2014 for the Liability program and July 1, 2015 for the Workers' Compensation program. The final payment on this liability was made during fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

#### Compensated absences

In proprietary funds, the liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences is reported in the fund as the benefits are vested and earned. The compensated absences accrued in the proprietary funds amounted to \$278,414 at June 30, 2022. This amount is made up of accrued vacation, one third sick pay plus any amount over the maximum sick hours accrued, and any comp time earned. For further explanation see Note 1.

# Note 6: LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

## B. Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### Lease Liabilities

The City has entered into two agreements to lease certain office equipment. The leases have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The first agreement to lease City-wide printers and copy machines was effective as of July 1, 2021. The lease requires 63 monthly payments of \$2,334. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.5%. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$50,489. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability \$42,325 and the net book value of the right to use asset is \$40,873. The right to use asset is disclosed in Note 5. Capital Assets.

The second agreement to lease a wide format printer was effective as of February 1, 2022. The lease requires 63 monthly payments of \$698. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.8%. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$26,670. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability \$25,122 and the net book value of the right to use asset is \$24,553. The right to use asset is disclosed in Note 5. Capital Assets.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had a total outstanding lease liability of \$67,447 and right to use asset of \$65,426, net of amortization.

Business-Type Lease liability								
Year Ending								
June 30,	F	rincipal	lr	nterest		Total		
2023	\$	13,944	\$	2,142	\$	16,086		
2024		14,699		1,630		16,329		
2025		15,237		1,091		16,328		
2026		15,790		536		16,326		
2027		7,777		73		7,850		
Total	\$	67,447	\$	5,472	\$	72,919		

Estimated future lease liability requirements are as follows:

# Note 7: NON-CITY OBLIGATIONS

The following bond issues are not reflected as City long-term debt because these debts are solely payable from and secured by specific revenue sources not related to the City as described in the official statements of the respective issues. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, the Agency, the State of California or any political subdivision thereof, is pledged for payment of these bonds. The City is acting only as an agent.

Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds Poplar Street Apartments	Original Amount	Outstanding at June 30, 2022			
Series 2008 A	\$ 9,000,000	\$	990,000		
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds Loma Linda Commons Project	Original Amount		outstanding at une 30, 2022		
Series 2009 A	\$ 13,275,000	\$	6,207,572.85		

#### Note 8: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

# A. General Information about the Pension Plan

# Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors four rate plans (two miscellaneous and two safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plan, Continued

The Plan operates under the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), and the regulations, procedures and policies adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the PERL and PEPRA and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the CalPERS Board.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect during the year ended June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous				
	Prior to	On or after			
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	2.0 % @ 55	2% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50-67	52-67			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.4% to 2.4%	1.0% to 2.5%			
Required employer contribution rates	10.88%	7.59%			
	Sa	ıfety			
	Prior to	On or after			
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Hire date Benefit formula					
	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	January 1, 2013 3 % @ 55	January 1, 2013 2.7 % @ 57			
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule	January 1, 2013 3 % @ 55 5 years service	January 1, 2013 2.7 % @ 57 5 years service			
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments	January 1, 2013 3 % @ 55 5 years service monthly for life	January 1, 2013 2.7 % @ 57 5 years service monthly for life			

# A. General Information about the Pension Plan, Continued

# Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions. Employer Contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were \$3,090,643. The actual employer payments of \$1,659,841 made to CalPERS by the City during the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, differed from the City's proportionate share of the employer's contributions of \$3,451,582 by (\$1,791,741), which is being amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan.

## B. Net Pension Asset

The City's net pension asset for the Plan is measured as the total pension asset, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension asset of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension asset is as follows.

#### B. Net Pension Asset, Continued

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Asset

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB 68
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table ⁽¹⁾	Derived using CALPERS' membership data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	The lesser of contract COLA or 2.50% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter

⁽¹⁾ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

# B. Net Pension Asset, Continued

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Asset Class ¹	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ²	Real Return Years 11+ ³
Public equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

¹ In the System's ACFR, fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short-term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

² An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period

³ An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

# Change of Assumptions

There were no change of assumptions for measurement date June 30, 2021.

# B. Net Pension Asset, Continued

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Subsequent Events

On July 12, 2021, CalPERS reported a preliminary 21.3% net return on investments for fiscal year 2020-21. Based on the thresholds specified in CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy, the excess return of 14.3% prescribes a reduction in investment volatility that corresponds to a reduction in the discount rate used for funding purposes of 0.20%, from 7.00% to 6.80%. Since CalPERS was in the final stages of the four-year Asset Liability Management (ALM) cycle, the board elected to defer any changes to the asset allocation until the ALM process concluded, and the board could make its final decision on the asset allocation in November 2021.

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted a new strategic asset allocation. The new asset allocation along with the new capital market assumptions, economic assumptions and administrative expense assumption support a discount rate of 6.80% (net of investment expense but without a reduction for administrative expense) for financial reporting purposes. This includes a reduction in the price inflation assumption from 2.50% to 2.30% as recommended in the November 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study also recommended modifications to retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates and rates of salary increases that were adopted by the board. These new assumptions will be reflected in the GASB 68 accounting valuation reports for the June 30, 2022, measurement date.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position are presented in CalPERS' audited financial statements, which are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan, which is the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

# C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset

The following table shows the Plan's proportionate share of the net pension asset over the measurement period.

		Increase (Decrease)						
	Pla	n Total Pension	P	an Fiduciary	Plan Net Pension			
		Liability	Net Position		Liability (Asset)			
		(a)		(b)		(c) = (a) - (b)		
Balance at: 6/30/2020 (VD)	\$	69,745,363	\$	62,752,404	\$	6,992,959		
Balance at: 6/30/2021 (MD)		72,129,684		74,583,854		(2,454,170)		
Net changes during 2020-21	\$	2,384,321	\$	11,831,450	\$	(9,447,129)		

Valuation Date (VD), Measurement Date (MD).

The City's proportion of the net pension asset was determined by CalPERS using the output from the Actuarial Valuation System and the fiduciary net position, as provided in the CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Allocation Methodology Report, which is a publicly available report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension asset for the total Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

Proportionate Share - June 30, 2020	0.064271%
Proportionate Share - June 30, 2021	(0.045378%)
Change - Increase (Decrease)	(0.109649%)

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset for the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

Disco	ount Rate - 1%	Cur	rent Discount	Dis	count Rate + 1%
	(6.15%)		Rate (7.15%)		(8.15%)
\$	7,161,671	\$	(2,454,170)	\$	(10,377,805)

#### C. Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset, Continued

#### Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension asset and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5 year straight-line amortization
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lives (EARSL) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (PERF C).

The EARSL for PERF C for the measurement period ending June 30, 2021 is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 561,622 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 150,648 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

# D. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2020), the City's net pension asset was \$6,992,959. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2021 (the measurement date), the City recognized a pension revenue of \$9,026,988.

# D. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

As of June 30, 2022, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ -	\$	326,729
Differences Between Projected and Actual			
Investment Earnings	1,898,620		-
Differences between Employer's Contributions			
and Proportionate Share of Contributions	2,350,968		1,307,487
Change in Employer's Proportion	1,593,977		2,376,992
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	 3,090,643	_	-
	\$ 8,934,208	\$	4,011,208

These amounts above are net of outflows and inflow recognized in the 2020-21 measurement period expense. Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,090,643 reported with deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
Fiscal Year	Outflows/(Inflows)
Ended June 30:	of Resources
2023	\$ 443,932
2024	381,737
2025	482,613
2026	524,075
2027	-
Thereafter	-

#### E. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a payable of \$2,618 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Note 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

**Plan Description** – The City provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) an agent multiple employee plan, for all of its employee groups through the CalPERS's California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) trust fund. The plan that covers all general and public safety retirees, spouses and eligible dependents. The Plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses and dependents. The benefit provisions and all other requirements meet the definition of an other post-employment benefit plan (OPEB Plan)

*Employees covered* – As of June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation (measurement date 6/30/2021), the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the OPEB Plan.

Active employees	86
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16
Total	102

**Contributions** – The contribution requirements are established and amended by the City. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Net OPEB liability is expected to be liquidated by the General Fund and all the enterprise funds in the future periods.

# Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

# Net OPEB Liability, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.75%
Inflation	2.50% per year
Salary Increases	2.75% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75% per year
	2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools
Mortality Rate (1)	Employees; 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Active Safety Employees
Pre-Retirement Turnover Healthcare Trend Rate (2)	2017 CalPERS Rates for Miscellaneous Employees; 2017 CalPERS Rates for Sworn Fire Employees
rie-Retrement rumover fredundare frend Rate (2)	2017 CalPERS Rates for Sworn Fire Employees

(1) The mortality assumptions are based on the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees table created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies mortality for participating agencies and establishes mortality tables that are modified versions of commonly used tables. This table incorporates mortality projection as deemed appropriate based on CalPERS analysis.

(2) The turnover assumptions are based on the 2017 CalPERS Rates for Sworn Fire Employees table created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies the experience for participating agencies and establishes tables that are appropriate for each pool.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building–block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10 ¹	Years 1-10 ²
Global Equities	59%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	25%	1.10%	2.62%
Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities	5%	3.20%	5.00%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8%	0.25%	1.46%
Commodities	3%	1.50%	2.87%
Total	100%		

1 An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period

2 An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

# Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75% percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

# Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB Liability for the OPEB Plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) (c)= (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2021			
(Valuation Date June 30, 2021)	\$ 889,701	\$ 515,041	\$ 374,660
Changes recognized for the measurement period:			
Service cost	24,173	-	24,173
Interest	61,981	141,595	(79,614)
Benefit payments	(32,698)	(32,698)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(194)	194
Employer contributions to trust	-	32,698	(32,698)
Experience (gains)/losses	(88,498)	-	(88,498)
Changes in assumptions	44,181		44,181
Net Changes	9,139	141,401	(132,262)
Balance at June 30, 2022			
(Measurement Date June 30, 2021)	\$ 898,840	\$ 656,442	\$ 242,398

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2021:

	Current					
	1% Decrease 5.75%		Discount Rate 6.75%		1% Increase 7.75%	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	377,026	\$	242,398	\$	132,397

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2021:

		Current				
	1% Decrease		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates		1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	115,797	\$	242,398	\$	401,563

#### **Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	5 years
All other amounts	Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL)

#### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$15,823. As of June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions	\$	39,973	\$	-
Differences between expected				100 570
and actual experience		-		193,578
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		72,987
Total	\$	39,973	\$	266,565

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, Continued

The amount recognized in the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Deferred		
Fiscal Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows) of		
June 30:		Resources	
2023	\$	(34,480)	
2024		(33,653)	
2025		(34,646)	
2026		(38,076)	
2027		(16,967)	
Thereafter:		(68,770)	

# Note 10: LIABILITY, PROPERTY AND WORKERS' COMPENSATION PROTECTION

# A. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City of Loma Linda is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters.

The City of Loma Linda is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 116 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

# B. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

### Note 10: LIABILITY, PROPERTY AND WORKERS' COMPENSATION PROTECTION, Continued

# B. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority, Continued

#### Primary Liability Program

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$500,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses have a sub-limit of \$50 million per occurrence. The coverage structure includes retained risk that is pooled among members, reinsurance, and excess insurance. More detailed information about the various layers of coverage is available on the following website: <a href="https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/">https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/</a>.

#### Primary Workers' Compensation

Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$75,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$75,000 to \$200,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$200,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2021-22, the Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

#### Note 10: LIABILITY, PROPERTY AND WORKERS' COMPENSATION PROTECTION, Continued

#### C. Purchased Insurance

#### Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of Loma Linda participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Loma Linda. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

#### Property Insurance

The City of Loma Linda participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Loma Linda property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Loma Linda to the Authority. City of Loma Linda property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$59,979,216. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

#### Crime Insurance

The City of Loma Linda purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

#### Special Event Tenant User Liability Insurance

The City of Loma Linda further protects against liability damages by requiring tenant users of certain property to purchase low-cost tenant user liability insurance for certain activities on Cityowned property. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user and is paid to the City of Loma Linda according to a schedule. The City of Loma Linda then pays for the insurance. The insurance is facilitated by the Authority.

#### D. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2021-22.

#### Note 11: JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### A. San Bernardino International Airport Authority

The City is a member of the San Bernardino International Airport Authority (SBIAA), a joint powers authority of the County of San Bernardino and the Cities of Colton, Highland, Loma Linda and San Bernardino. The SBIAA was formed May 12, 1992 for the purpose of acquiring, operating, maintaining, repairing and administering the aviation related portions of the former Norton Air Base as a public airport.

The governing board consists of two elected officials from the City of San Bernardino and one elected official from each of the County of San Bernardino and the Cities of Colton, Highland and Loma Linda. Each member has one vote.

The City has no significant equity interest in the San Bernardino International Airport Authority, and accordingly neither assets nor liabilities have been recorded in the City's basic financial statements.

A copy of the financial statements of the San Bernardino International Airport Authority can be obtained by contacting the SBIAA directly at 1601 E. Third Street, Suite 100, San Bernardino, California 92408, (909) 382-4100.

#### B. Inland Valley Development Agency

The City is a member of the Inland Valley Development Agency (IVDA), a joint powers authority of three cities and the County of San Bernardino.

The member agencies have the following number of board members:

City of San Bernardino	3
County of San Bernardino	2
City of Colton	2
City of Loma Linda	2

Each board member has one vote.

The IVDA was formed for the purpose of acquiring, owning, maintaining, leasing and operating the Norton Air Force Base property, and for the purpose of reusing and redeveloping the Norton Air Force Base, the adjacent property and the other properties in proximity thereto. As of June 30, 2022, the City has no significant equity interest in the IVDA, and accordingly neither assets nor liabilities have been recorded in the City's basic financial statements.

A copy of the financial statements of the IVDA can be obtained by contacting the IVDA directly at 1601 E. Third Street, Suite 100, San Bernardino, California, 92408.

#### Note 12: JOINT VENTURES

#### A. CONFIRE Joint Powers Authority

The City is a member of the CONFIRE Joint Powers Authority, a regional fire agency of the Cities of Redlands, Colton, Rialto, Rancho Cucamonga, Loma Linda, Victorville and the Apple Valley Fire Protection District, Chino Valley and the San Bernardino County Fire District. The CONFIRE JPA was formed August 20, 1990 for the purpose of providing hardware, software, services and other items necessary and appropriate for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of a joint centralized public safety communications system and a cooperative program of fire related functions for the mutual benefit of the members of the CONFIRE JPA, to provide such services on a contract basis to other governmental units, and to provide a forum for discussion, study, development, and implementation of recommendations of mutual interest regarding public safety communications and related matters within member agencies.

The activities of the CONFIRE JPA are financed by a cost-sharing formula, which requires prorating among the participating members based on the demand percentage on the system by the members to be determined by the CONFIRE JPA Board of Director's Administrative Committee and approved by their Board of Directors. In fiscal year 2022, the City of Loma Linda's contribution totaled \$294,574. The City has no other significant equity interest in CONFIRE JPA, and accordingly neither assets nor liabilities of CONFIRE JPA have been recorded in the City's basic financial statements.

A copy of the financial statements of the CONFIRE JPA can be obtained by contacting the authority directly at 1743 W. Miro Way, Rialto, CA 92376-8630, (909) 356-2375.

#### Note 13: **DEFICIT FUND BALANCES**

Federal/State Construction

Funds	Fund Type	 Deficit
Major funds:		
Park Development	Capital Projects	\$ (1,916,977)
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
Community Development Block Grant	Special Revenue	(33,209)
Grant Fund	Special Revenue	(141,514)
Citizens Option for Public Safety Fund	Special Revenue	(5,244)

(136, 232)

At June 30, 2022, the following governmental funds had deficit fund balances:

Park Development – The Park Development has an accumulated deficit balance of \$1,916,977 as a result from the purchase of open space property in the City's south Hills with advances from other funds.

Capital Projects

Community Development Block Grants - The Community Development Block Grant fund has a deficit of \$33,209 which resulted from grant reimbursement not received prior to the end of the year, therefore declaring it unavailable revenue.

#### Note 13: DEFICIT FUND BALANCES, Continued

<u>Grant Fund</u> – The Grant fund has a deficit balance of \$141,514 which resulted from grant reimbursements not received prior to the end of the year, therefore declaring it unavailable revenue.

<u>Citizens Option for Public Safety Fund</u> – The Citizens Option for Public Safety Fund fund has a deficit balance of \$5,244 which resulted from the negative fair value adjustment of the fund's investments.

<u>Federal/State Construction</u> – The Federal/State Construction fund has a deficit balance of \$136,232 which resulted from grant reimbursements not received prior to the end of the year, therefore declaring it unavailable revenue.

#### Note 14: ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances are estimations of costs related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. These commitments are recorded for budgetary control purposes in the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service funds. They represent the estimated amount of the expenditure ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in process at year-end are completed. They do not constitute expenditures or estimated liabilities for the current year. Encumbrances outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Significant Encumbrances as of June 30, 2022					
General Fund	\$	242,445			
Special Projects Construction		53,240			
Water Acquisition		94,121			
Water Enterprise		44,865			
Non-major governmental funds		1,695,192			

#### Note 15: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Commitments

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City. Additionally, City management believes that the City's insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize. As of June 30, 2022, in the opinion of City management, there were no additional outstanding matters that would have a significant effect on the financial position of the funds of the City.

#### Note 15: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, Continued

#### Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs are audited by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance, and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowance is expected as a result of these audits; however, these programs are subject to further examination by the grantors. Expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time; however, the City management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Note 16: SUCCESSOR AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X26 (Bill) that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Loma Linda that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit. The Bill provided that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the City or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012 the City Council of the City of Loma Linda elected to become the Successor Agency for the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA) in accordance with the Bill as part of City Resolution No. 2722. The activities of the Successor Agency are reported under a Private Purpose Trust Fund on the Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements of the City.

Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill. Management believed, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former RDA due to the City were valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue was not a position of settled law and there was considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. In July of 2015, the City and the State reached a settlement agreement that recognized the action on May 8, 2012, of the Oversight Board for the Successor Agency to the Loma Linda Redevelopment Agency approving the re-entry of the 2011 Loan Agreement with certain modifications, including a reduction in the interest rate, revised payment schedule, and 15-year term.

In 2016, the Successor Agency received approval of its Long Range Property Management Plan, and upon reaching a settlement agreement with the State was issued a Finding of Completion.

#### Note 16: SUCCESSOR AGENCY, Continued

#### Successor Agency Long-Term Debt

The bonded debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

# 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series A & B – Original Issue \$33,710,000-Direct Borrowing

On November 10, 2016, the City issued \$33,710,000 in Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series A and B, for the purpose of refunding the 2003 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2005 A & B Taxable Tax Allocation Bonds and 2008 Taxable Housing Tax Allocation Bonds. The bonds mature annually each August 1, 2017 through 2030 in amounts ranging from \$350,000 to \$470,000. The bonds bear variable interest rates ranging from 1.500% to 5.000% and are payable semi-annually each February 1 and August 1, commencing February 1, 2017.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$31,996. The difference is reported in the accompanying Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as a deferred gain on refunding and is being amortized as a component of interest expense through August 1, 2030, using the straight line method of amortization. The City in effect reduced its aggregate debt service cash flow by \$7,451,843 over the next 20 years. This resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old debt and new debt) of \$6,159,460.

The 2016 Bonds, and any additional Parity Debt, will be payable from Pledged Tax Revenues of the Successor Agency, and the pledge of Pledged Tax Revenues to the payment of the principal of and interest on the 2016 Bonds will, as applicable, be on a basis subordinate to payments required under Tax Sharing Agreements the payment for which have not been subordinated to the Bonds and the senior Statutory Pass-Through Amounts. If an event of default has occurred and is continuing, the Trustee, may and, if requested in writing by the Owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding the Trustee shall declare the principal of the Bonds, together with the accrued interest thereon, to be due and payable immediately. Upon declaration of acceleration by Trustee, all sums in the funds and accounts established and held by the Trustee shall be applied in the following order: first to the payment of the fees, cost and expenses associated with the declaration of such event and second to the payment of the whole amount then owing and unpaid upon the Bonds for principal and interest.

#### Note 16: SUCCESSOR AGENCY, Continued

#### Successor Agency Long-Term Debt, Continued

The annual requirements for the 2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series A and B outstanding at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

2016 Successor Agency - Series A							
Year Ending							
June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	435,000	\$	156,300	\$	591,300	
2024		455,000		138,500		593,500	
2025		470,000		120,000		590,000	
2026		350,000		103,600		453,600	
2027		365,000		89,300		454,300	
2028-2031		1,640,000		169,000		1,809,000	
Total	\$	3,715,000	\$	776,700	\$	4,491,700	

2016 Successor Agency - Series B

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 1,890,000	\$ 559,875	\$ 2,449,875
2024	1,930,000	513,306	2,443,306
2025	1,985,000	463,128	2,448,128
2026	2,180,000	407,100	2,587,100
2027	2,240,000	346,326	2,586,326
2028-2031	9,015,000	610,839	9,625,839
Total	\$ 19,240,000	\$ 2,900,574	\$ 22,140,574

#### Loan Payable to the City of Loma Linda – Direct Borrowing

On March 8, 2011, the City of Loma Linda (the City) entered into a cooperation agreement with the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Loma Linda (RDA), which set forth certain pre-existing indebtedness of the RDA to the City and provided a repayment schedule for such debts ("2011 Loan Agreement"). Between March and June 2011, the RDA remitted to the City payments totaling \$2,273,000 pursuant to the 2011 Loan Agreement.

On May 8, 2012, the Oversight Board for the Successor Agency of the RDA approved the reentry of a modified version of the 2011 Loan Agreement.

#### Note 16: SUCCESSOR AGENCY, Continued

#### Loan Payable to the City of Loma Linda – Direct Borrowing, continued

On January 15, 2013, the Successor Agency submitted to the California Department of Finance (Finance) the Other Funds and Accounts Due Diligence Review (OFA DDR). Finance determined that the \$2,273,000 loan repayment was not made pursuant to an enforceable obligation and determined the funds were available to be returned to the taxing entities. On July 31, 2013, the City legally challenged Finance's determination.

On July 31, 2015, the City of Loma Linda and the State of California signed a settlement agreement. The agreement recognized the 2011 re-entered agreement with an outstanding balance of \$21,175,012, as of June 1, 2012, and accrued interest as enforcement obligations within the meaning of the Dissolution Law. Under the terms of the agreement, Finance shall recognize payments under the re-entered agreement including repayment of past due balances of \$5,759,804, as of July 31, 2015, and approve payments via the ROPS process. Additionally, the settlement agreement addressed the \$2,273,000 loan repayment previously deemed unauthorized by both Finance and the State Controller's Office (SCO). Finance agreed to issue a revised OFA DDR determination letter reducing the OFA balance available for distribution to affected taxing entities by the loan repayment amount and the SCO agreed to issue a revised Asset Transfer Review Report authorizing the City to retain the loan repayment.

In August 2015, the Successor Agency, upon reaching a settlement agreement with the State, was issued a finding of completion. By December of the same year, the Successor Agency and the State's Department of Finance approved the Long Range Property Management Plan. On September 12, 2017, the Oversight Board and City Council approved the sale of a property listed in the Long Range Property Management Plan. The property was sold in December 2020. There are no additional properties.

The following is a summary of the bonded debt activity of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2022:

	Ending	Due within			
TAX ALLOCATION BONDS	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	One Year
2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series A	\$ 4,140,000	\$-	\$ (425,000)	\$ 3,715,000	\$ 435,000
2016 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series B	21,085,000	-	(1,845,000)	19,240,000	1,890,000
Unamortized bond premium	434,234	-	(46,113)	388,121	46,113
Unamortized bond discount	(447,854)	-	47,560	(400,294)	(47,560)
Loan payable to the City of Loma Linda - direct borrowings	6,582,322		(1,620,558)	4,961,764	1,639,148
Total	\$ 31,793,702	\$-	\$ (3,889,111)	\$ 27,904,591	\$ 3,962,701

The following amount was reported as deferred inflow of resources:

		Beginning Balance Additions			Deletions		Ending Balance		Due within One Year	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unamortized gain on refunding	\$	21,521		\$	(2,285)	\$	19,236	\$	-	

#### Note 17: TAX ABATEMENTS

The City of Loma Linda (City) entered into an agreement with Loma Linda University Adventist Health Sciences Center dba Loma Linda University Health, hereinafter called "Medical Center". On June 21, 2016 the City approved Precise Plan of Design No. 15-128 for the construction of a new hospital building, with conditions of approval requiring that the Medical Center enter into a staffing support agreement to mitigate the additional needs for police and fire services created by the construction of the new hospital; and whereas, the Medical Center requires law enforcement and fire suppression services on an ongoing basis to encourage a safe environment for employees, patients and visitors. The City has the ability to provide such law enforcement services required by the Medical Center through the City's contract with the San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department and the City has the ability to provide such fire suppression services as required by the Medical Center through the City's Fire Department.

This agreement is binding and in effect upon full execution and delivery by the City and Medical Center. The initial term of this agreement was for a five-year term commencing July 1, 2016 "Commencement Date" for law enforcement services, and January 1, 2017 for fire suppression services. Both agreements for law enforcement services and fire suppression services were amended effective as of July 1, 2020, under similar terms and conditions as the original agreements.

The City's obligation is to provide the Medical Center with law enforcement services, including enhanced staffing through the City's contract with the San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department and provide the Medical Center with fire suppression services through the Loma Linda Fire Department, by enhancing current Fire Department staffing as reasonably appropriate to provide necessary fire suppression services. The City shall be responsible for all necessary equipment purchases.

The Medical Center's obligation is to support the law enforcement services in the City by paying a mitigation fee equal to the amount actually charged to the City by the San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department for such services. The mitigation fee shall be payable to the City on the first day of each month. Any changes in related expenses outlined in agreement will be billed quarterly.

The City shall credit the Medical Center for the mitigation fee to the extent the increase in the City's portion of sales taxes generated by the Loma Linda Mercantile for the prior fiscal year exceeds \$850,000, but not to exceed the actual cost incurred by the City for the agreed upon services. Such credits may be adjusted for any changes to the allocation of sales taxes.

As of June 30, 2022, the City has accrued a liability due to the Medical Center in the amount of \$505,370, for the excess sales tax, which is shown as Due to other Agency on the General Fund.

#### Note 18: NET POSITION

#### Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net position for governmental activities and business-type activities is classified as 1) net investments in capital assets, 2) restricted, or 3) unrestricted. Net position that was classified as net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022, was determined as follows:

				vernmental Activities
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less: lease liability			\$ 5	54,668,183 (82,500)
Net investment in capital assets			\$ 5	54,585,683
	Bus	iness-type Activ	rities	
	Water Enterprise	Sewer Capital	Loma Linda Connected Communities	Total Enterprise Funds
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$34,047,451	\$2,980,031	\$ 3,999,839	\$41,027,321
Less capital related debt balance:				

(4,480,000)

(10,000)

(40,229)

(43,086)

(24,361)

\$ 3,999,839

\$2,955,670

(4,480,000)

\$36,429,645

(10,000)

(40,229)

(67,447)

Outstanding principal balance of 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bond Outstnding principal balance of 1978 Water Bonds (General Obligation) Outstanding unamortized bond premium balance Lease liability

Net investment in capital assets

Note 19:

# PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

Beginning fund balance and net position has been restated to properly record a notes receivable from a developer as follows:

Governmental Funds

	Hou	sing Authority
Fund balance, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$	16,934,910
Prior period restatement		400,000
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	\$	17,334,910
Governmental Activities Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported Prior period restatement	\$	110,610,391 <u>400,000</u> 111,010,391
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	φ	111,010,391

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# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

#### **1. BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING**

#### A. General Budget Policies

The City Council approves each year's budget submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to its adoption by the Council. Supplemental appropriations, where required during the period, are also approved by the Council. Intradepartmental budget changes are approved by the City Manager. In most cases, expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department level. At fiscal year-end, all operating budget appropriations lapse.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

Budgets for governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgets were legally adopted for all governmental funds with the exception of the Traffic Congestion Relief Grant Fund, Asset Forfeiture Fund and the Water Bond Redemption Fund.

#### C. Budgets

Excess of expenditures over appropriations are as follows:

Fund	Appropriated		Expended		 Excess
General Fund:					
General government - city council	\$	174,300	\$	181,978	\$ (7,678)
Community development - parks		1,083,600		1,118,027	(34,427)
Public works - refuse		1,100,700		1,357,360	(256,660)
Nonmajor Funds:					
CASp CERT & Training		-		534	(534)
Measure I		423,000		424,222	(1,222)
Landscape Maintenance District		534,685		558,891	(24,206)
Traffic Impact		151,300		167,344	(16,044)
Federal/State Construction		192,600		192,620	(20)
Loma Linda Financing Authority		300		314	(14)

### 1. BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

#### C. Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The following is the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund.

	Dudgeted	l Amounto	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Original	i indi	Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes	\$ 9,169,300	\$ 11,215,300	\$ 12,255,309	\$ 1,040,009
Licenses and permits	442,100	644,700	674,337	29,637
Intergovernmental	5,520,100	2,794,000	2,792,000	(2,000)
Charges for services	3,849,100	4,037,900	4,663,882	625,982
Use of money and property	444,000	404,000	317,009	(86,991)
Fines and forfeitures	5,000	5,000	7,938	2,938
Miscellaneous	2,949,400	3,663,900	3,618,539	(45,361)
Total revenues	22,379,000	22,764,800	24,329,014	1,564,214
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government				
City council	166,000	174,300	181,978	(7,678)
City clerk	255,800	230,000	195,210	34,790
City manager	381,300	398,800	355,661	43,139
Finance	557,400	582,300	517,918	64,382
Information system	212,000	173,655	161,721	11,934
Senior Center	94,300	94,500	40,078	54,422
General government Public safety	625,700	2,681,800	1,640,635	1,041,165
Parking control	235,400	240,600	221.941	19 650
Fire prevention	235,400 349,500	360,500	323,463	18,659 37,037
Fire and rescue services	7,088,400	8,143,400	8,064,358	79,042
Disaster preparedness	360,400	259,500	240,003	19,497
Police	6,440,800	6,541,400	6,538,614	2,786
Community development	0,110,000	0,011,100	0,000,011	2,
Planning	430,100	380,350	282,758	97,592
Planning - building and safety	325,900	307,900	274,237	33,663
Code enforcement	280,200	309,200	299,945	9,255
Parks	1,050,900	1,083,600	1,118,027	(34,427)
Public works				
Traffic safety	192,400	216,000	191,380	24,620
Engineering	320,900	362,700	277,491	85,209
Street maintenance	716,700	855,700	751,731	103,969
Facilities maintenance	380,100	416,100	384,481	31,619
Refuse	1,092,800	1,100,700	1,357,360	(256,660)
Recycling	25,400	39,500	26,113	13,387
Vehicle maintenance	-	400	(473)	873
Capital outlay	606,300	755,795	410,991	344,804
Debt service:			40 700	(40,700)
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	13,760 2,546	(13,760)
° °		<u> </u>		(2,546)
Total expenditures	22,188,700	25,708,700	23,871,927	1,836,773
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	190,300	(2,943,900)	457,087	3,400,987
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from disposal of assets	-	-	125,024	125,024
Transfers in	751,400	3,729,900	3,851,791	121,891
Transfers out	(120,000)	(120,000)	(120,000)	-
Lease acquisition			93,518	93,518
Total other financing sources (uses)	631,400	3,609,900	3,950,333	340,433
Net change in fund balance	821,700	666,000	4,407,420	3,741,420
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)				
Beginning of year	12,604,849	12,604,849	12,604,849	
End of year	\$ 13,426,549	\$ 13,270,849	\$ 17,012,269	\$ 3,741,420

### 1. BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

#### C. Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Continued

The following is the budgetary comparison schedule for the Loma Linda Housing Authority Fund.

	Budgetec Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	<b>•</b> • • • • • •	<b>•</b> • • • • • •	<b>A</b> 4 400	<b>*</b> • • • •	
Charges for services	\$ 1,400	\$ 1,400	\$ 1,438	\$ 38	
Use of money and property Miscellaneous	178,000 500	169,600 2,000	126,541	(43,059)	
MISCEIIAIIEOUS	500	2,000	22,400	20,400	
Total revenues	179,900	173,000	150,379	(22,621)	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Community development	115,626	116,326	45,783	70,543	
Capital outlay	50,500	50,500	910	49,590	
Debt service:				-,	
Principal retirement	147	147	147	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	27	27	27		
Total expenditures	166,300	167,000	46,867	120,133	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	13,600	6,000	103,512	97,512	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Lease acquisition			910	910	
Total other financing sources (uses)			910	910	
Net change in fund balance	13,600	6,000	104,422	98,422	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year, as restated	17,334,910	17,334,910	17,334,910		
End of year	\$ 17,348,510	\$ 17,340,910	\$ 17,439,332	\$ 98,422	

### 1. BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

#### C. Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Continued

The following is the budgetary comparison schedule for the Regional Traffic Development Impact Fund.

	Budgeted	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				(
Use of money and property	\$ 50,000	\$ 25,000	\$ (103,911)	\$ (128,911)
Developer fees	788,600	767,600	300,571	(467,029)
Total revenues	838,600	792,600	196,660	(595,940)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	838,600	792,600	196,660	(595,940)
Net change in fund balance	838,600	792,600	196,660	(595,940)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	11,306,758	11,306,758	11,306,758	
End of year	\$ 12,145,358	\$ 12,099,358	\$ 11,503,418	\$ (595,940)

#### 2. SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - LAST TEN YEARS*

Measurement Period	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 18,964	\$ 19,486	\$ 20,022	\$ 23,526	\$ 24,173
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	56,269	59,253	62,267	58,442	61,981
Changes in assumptions	-	-	(23,320)	-	44,181
Experience gains/(losses)	-	-	(104,915)	(30,790)	(88,498)
Benefit payments	(31,110)	(35,165)	(13,410)	-	(32,698)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	 44,123	 43,574	(59,356)	 51,178	 9,139
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	810,182	854,305	897,879	838,523	889,701
Total OPEB Liability - ending (a)	854,305	 897,879	 838,523	 889,701	 898,840
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Employer contributions as benefits payments	120,160	35,165	23,320	-	-
Investment income	29,955	24,458	28,324	16,215	141,595
Investment gains/losses	-	4,140	(4,955)	-	-
Actual benefit payments from employer	(31,110)	(35,165)	(23,320)	-	(32,698)
Administrative expense	(156)	(651)	(81)	(223)	(194)
Employer contributions to trust	-	-	54,000 [´]	44,095	32,698
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	118,849	 27,947	 77,288	 60,087	 141,401
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning	230,870	349,719	377,666	454,954	515,041
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	 349,719	 377,666	 454,954	 515,041	656,442
Net OPEB Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 504,586	\$ 520,213	\$ 383,569	\$ 374,660	\$ 242,398
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	40.94%	42.06%	54.26%	57.89%	73.03%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,508,005	\$ 5,953,235	\$ 6,292,694	\$ 6,511,763	\$ 6,551,541
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.16%	8.74%	6.10%	5.75%	3.70%

Notes to schedule:

Contributions are fixed and not based on a measure of pay, therefore covered-employee payroll is used in this schedule.

*Historical information is required only for measurement period for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

*Fiscal Year 2017-18 was the first year of implementation.

 Fiscal Year	re	atutorily equired tributions	relat st	ributions in tion to the atutorily equired tributions	D	ontribution eficiency Excess)	 Covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
2017-18	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,953,235	0.00%
2018-19		30,680		(54,000)		(23,320)	6,292,694	0.86%
2019-20		29,700		(44,095)		(14,395)	6,511,763	0.68%
2020-21		32,698		-		32,698	6,551,541	0.00%
2021-22		30,024		(31,000)		(976)	6,698,125	0.46%

#### 3. SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - LAST TEN YEARS*

#### Notes to schedule:

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Contributions are fixed and not based on a measure of pay, therefore covered-employee payroll is used in this schedule.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method Inflation Salary Increases	Entry Age Normal 2.5% per annum 2.75% per year, since benefits are not related to pay, this is used only to allocate the cost of benefits between service years
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of OPEB plan investments expense, including inflation.
Retirement Age	Retirement rates developed in the 2017 CalPERS Experiences Study.
Mortality	Mortality assumptions are based on the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous and Safety Employees tables created by CalPERS.

*Historically information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

*Fiscal Year 2017-18 was the first year of implementation.

#### 4. SCHEDULE OF THE PLAN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE PLAN'S NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF THE MEASUREMENT DATE LAST 10 YEARS*

Employor's

					Employers	
					Proportionate	Pension's Plans
		Employer's			Share of the	Fiduciary Net
	Employer's	Proportion			Collective Net	Position as a
	Proportion of	Share of the			Pension	Percentage of
	the Collective	Collective Net			Liability (Asset)	the Total
Measurement	Net Pension	Pension			as a Percentage	Pension
Date	Liability (Asset) ¹	Liability (Asset)	Cov	/ered Payroll	of Covered Payroll	Liability (Asset)
6/30/2014	0.17451%	\$ 10,859,039	\$	5,271,125	206.01%	78.28%
6/30/2015	0.16141%	11,079,145		5,387,220	205.66%	78.45%
6/30/2016	0.16353%	14,150,367		5,502,314	257.17%	73.82%
6/30/2017	0.16386%	16,250,803		5,572,009	291.65%	72.89%
6/30/2018	0.16703%	16,095,049		6,017,238	267.48%	74.82%
6/30/2019	0.08302%	8,506,850		6,356,698	133.82%	87.62%
6/30/2020	0.06427%	6,992,959		6,562,966	106.55%	89.97%
6/30/2021	-0.45378%	(2,454,170)		6,602,744	-37.17%	103.40%

¹ Proportion of the collective net pension liability represents the plan's proportion of PERF C, which includes both the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools excluding the 1959 Survivors Risk Pool.

* Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2015) was the first year of implementation.

#### 5. SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 YEARS*

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contributions	Contribution in Relation to the actuarially Determined Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cov	vered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2014-15	\$ 1,047,183	\$ (1,047,183)	\$-	\$	5,387,220	18.22%
2015-16	1,232,549	(1,232,549)	-		5,502,314	22.88%
2016-17	1,374,037	(1,374,037)	-		5,572,009	24.97%
2017-18	1,526,424	(1,526,424)	-		6,017,238	25.37%
2018-19	1,779,590	(10,279,590)	(8,500,000)		6,356,698	28.00%
2019-20	1,711,873	(4,556,920)	(2,845,047)		6,562,966	26.08%
2020-21	1,659,841	(1,659,841)	-		6,602,744	25.14%
2021-22	1,790,643	(3,090,643)	(1,300,000)		6,762,128	26.48%

* Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2015) was the first year of implementation.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Public Agency Pool. Additionally, the figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from Golden Handshakes that occurred after the June 30, 2020 valuation date, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material to the Public Agency Pool.

Changes in Assumptions: There were no assumption changes for 2021. For 2020, the Plan adopted a new amortization policy effective with the 2019 actuarial valuation. The new amortization policy shortens the period over which actuarial gains and losses are amortized from 30 years to 20 years with the payments computed as a level dollar amount. In addition, the new policy does not utilize a five-year ramp-up and ramp-down on UAL bases attributable to assumption changes and non-investment gains/losses. The new policy also does not utilize a five-year ramp-down on investment gains/losses. These changes apply only to new UAL bases established on or after June 30, 2019. There were no changes in assumptions in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate in 2019. In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes in the discount rate. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

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## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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## MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Special Projects Construction Capital Projects Fund Major Governmental Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the year ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	Budgetec Original	I Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Use of money and property	\$ 1,094,700	\$ 1,072,400	\$ 1,045,628	\$ (26,772)
Total revenues	1,094,700	1,072,400	1,045,628	(26,772)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public works	200,300	200,300	162,323	37,977
Capital outlay	1,027,300	1,049,300	866,099	183,201
Total expenditures	1,227,600	1,249,600	1,028,422	221,178
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(132,900)	(177,200)	17,206	194,406
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in			33,431	33,431
Total other financing sources (uses)			33,431	33,431
Net change in fund balance	(132,900)	(177,200)	50,637	227,837
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	5,798,828	5,798,828	5,798,828	
End of year	\$ 5,665,928	\$ 5,621,628	\$ 5,849,465	\$ 227,837

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Park Development Capital Projects Fund Major Governmental Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the year ended June 30, 2022

<b>REVENUES</b> Use of money and property	Budgeted Original \$ 10.000	I Amounts Final \$ 2,500	Actual Amounts \$ (7,921)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (10,421)
Developer fees	2,123,600	1,929,500	405,340	(1,524,160)
Total revenues	2,133,600	1,932,000	397,419	(1,534,581)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Community development	122,600	126,600	96,216	30,384
Capital outlay	604,200	710,200	481,059	229,141
Total expenditures	726,800	836,800	577,275	259,525
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	1,406,800	1,095,200	(179,856)	(1,275,056)
Net change in fund balance	1,406,800	1,095,200	(179,856)	(1,275,056)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	(1,737,121)	(1,737,121)	(1,737,121)	
End of year	\$ (330,321)	\$ (641,921)	\$ (1,916,977)	\$ (1,275,056)

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES This page intentionally left blank

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### Special Revenue Funds

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for expenditures related to specific purposes.

*Traffic Safety Fund* – This fund is to account for monies received from parking control violation fines.

*Gas Tax Fund* – This fund is to account for monies received and expended from the state and county gas allocation.

**CASp CERT & Training** – This fund is used to collect and track a set fee included in each business license to be used for increased certified access specialist (CASp) training and certification within the City and to facilitate compliance with construction-related accessibility requirements. The fee was established by the state in the California Government Code 4467.

*Measure I Fund* – This fund is to account for monies received from the County of one-half of one percent of retail transactions and use tax.

**Measure I MSART Fund** – This fund is to track projects that fall under the Measure I Valley Major Arterial Street Program – Arterial Sub-Program. The funding is distributed by San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA) when they do a Capital Project Needs Analysis (CPNA) and it is to be used on major street and arterial projects identified in the five year plan and that will serve the regional area.

**Street Lighting District Fund** – This fund is to account for monies received from property assessments restricted to fund district street lighting activities.

*Landscape Maintenance District Fund* – This fund is to account for monies received from property assessments restricted to fund district landscaping activities.

*Air Quality Management District Fund* – This fund is to account for monies received from AB2766 license fees.

**Public Improvement Per MOU Fund** – This fund is to manage the Stewart Street Pedestrian Bridge project. The funding will be received from Loma Linda University.

**Asset Forfeiture Fund** – This fund is to account for assets seized by law enforcement. *Note: this fund had no legally adopted budget in FY 2021-2022.

**Community Development Block Grant Fund** – This fund is to account for Federal grants received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development and expended in community development.

*Grant Fund* – This fund is to account for miscellaneous grants provided by Federal, State and County agencies such as the Code Enforcement Grant Program to purchase capital items related to Code Enforcement and California Healthy Cities to promote health and physical activity for Loma Linda residents.

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### Special Revenue Funds, Continued

*Citizens Option for Public Safety Fund* – This fund is to account for AB3229 Public Safety Grant revenue received from the State and expended for front-line law enforcement.

*Traffic Congestion Relief Grant Fund* – This fund is to account for allocation from the state for street or road maintenance or reconstruction. The City is required to maintain existing commitment of general funds for street or roadwork in order to remain eligible for allocation of the specified funds.

*Note: this fund had no legally adopted budget in FY 2021-2022.

**Development Agreement Consideration Fund** – This fund is to account for the monies received from developers to produce, improve, or preserve affordable housing within Redevelopment Project Areas that meet the needs to those whose income is 80% of the county median or below.

*American Rescue Plan Act Fund* – This fund provides relief to the City for the negative impacts caused from the COVID-19 Pandemic.

#### Capital Projects Funds

The *Capital Projects Funds* account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities by the City except for those financed by Proprietary Funds. The Capital Projects Funds account for the following projects:

*Storm Drain Fund* – This fund is to account for developer fees collected and expended for improving and expanding the storm drain system city-wide.

*Traffic Impact Fund* – This fund is to account for developer fees collected and expended for major traffic control devices necessitated by development.

*Fire Facilities Fund* – This fund is to account for developer fees collected and expended for major fire facilities and equipment necessitated by development.

*General Facilities Fund* – This fund is to account for developer fees collected and expended for major general facilities necessitated by development.

*Federal/State Construction Fund* – This fund is to account for miscellaneous grants provided by Federal, State and County agencies and expended for various street, park and recreation purposes.

**Public Meeting Facilities Fund** – This fund is to account for developer fees collected and expended for public meeting facilities as necessitated by development.

**Public Library Facilities Fund** – This fund is to account for developer fees collected and expended for public library facilities as necessitated by development.

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### Capital Projects Funds, Continued

*Art in Public Places Fund* – This fund is to account for developer fees collected and expended for art in public places as necessitated by development.

**Capital Projects Bond Proceeds Fund** – This fund is used to track proceeds from bonds originally issued by the former Redevelopment agency and transferred to the City upon dissolution and after approval was received by the state Department of Finance for the construction of public works projects originally identified in the bond issuance.

#### Debt Service Funds

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest of the City's related entities in the following funds:

*Water Bond Redemption Fund* – This fund is to account for the contribution from the Water Operations Fund and Water Acquisition Fund for the payment of principal and interest on Water Enterprise general obligation bonds issued to complete water system capital projects. **Note: this fund had no legally adopted budget in FY 2021-2022* 

**Loma Linda Financing Authority Fund** – This fund is used to jointly exercise powers of the City and Redevelopment Agency and to establish a vehicle to reduce local borrowing costs and promote greater use of existing and new financial instruments.

## CITY OF LOMA LINDA

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Special Rev	enue Fi	unds		
		Traffic Safety		Gas Tax		Sp Cert & raining	N	leasure l
ASSETS	¢		¢	CC 074	¢	20.220	¢	504 007
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$	66,971	\$	30,329	\$	501,227
Accounts		2,608				213		
Taxes		2,000		- 135,822		213		-
Interest		-		155,022		-		- 812
Contract and loans		-		-		-		012
Due from other funds		_						-
Due from other governments		5,403		_		_		172,261
Prepaid items		-		_		_		-
Total assets	\$	8,011	\$	202,793	\$	30,542	\$	674,300
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		-		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								57 040
Unavailable revenue		-						57,610
FUND BALANCE: Restricted for:								
Cultural and recreational		-		-		-		-
State mandated		-		-		30,542		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Street improvements		8,011		202,793		-		616,690
Storm drains		-		-		-		-
Municipal facilities		-		-		-		-
Air quality management		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Low mod housing programs		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-				-		-
Total fund balances (deficit)		8,011		202,793		30,542		616,690
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balance	\$	8,011	\$	202,793	\$	30,542	\$	674,300

### (Continued)

	Measure I MSART		Special Rev Street Lighting District	La Ma	indscape intenance District	Mar	r Quality nagement District
\$	-	\$	155,904	\$	78,308	\$	15,218
	-		-		-		-
	-		5,646		5,442		-
	-		324		229		23
	-		-		-		-
	-		57		72		-
	1,347,232		-		-		8,188
	-		108		99		-
\$	1,347,232	\$	162,039	\$	84,150	\$	23,429
\$	678,228	\$	18,876	\$	28,011	\$	3,047
Ψ	-	Ψ	266	Ŷ	1,345	Ψ	-
	422,051		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	1,100,279		19,142		29,356		3,047
	112,633		-		-		8,188
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	134,320		142,897		54,794		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		- 12,194
	-		-		-		12,194
	-		-		-		-
	- 134,320		- 142,897		- 54,794		- 12,194
\$	1,347,232	\$	162,039	\$	84,150	\$	23,42

## CITY OF LOMA LINDA

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Special Rev	enue Fi	unds		
	Imp	Public rovement er MOU		Asset	Co De	ommunity velopment ock Grant		Grant Fund
ASSETS	-		•		•		•	
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	64,224	\$	2	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts								
Taxes		-		-		-		-
Interest		118		-		-		-
Contract and loans		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		122,712		157,546
Prepaid items		-				-		
Total assets	\$	64,342	\$	2	\$	122,712	\$	157,546
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,140	\$	498
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		73,246		130,923
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		10,093
Total liabilities		-		-		123,386		141,514
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable revenue		-		-		32,535		157,546
FUND BALANCE:								
Restricted for:								
Cultural and recreational		-		-		-		-
State mandated		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		2		-		-
Street improvements		64,342		-		-		-
Storm drains		-		-		-		-
Municipal facilities		-		-		-		-
Air quality management Debt service		-		-		-		-
Low mod housing programs		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		- (33,209)		- (141,514)
Total fund balances (deficit)		64,342		2		(33,209)		(141,514)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								<u>,</u>
and fund balance	\$	64,342	\$	2	\$	122,712	\$	157,546
	<u> </u>	01,072	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ψ	122,112	Ψ	101,070

### (Continued)

fo	ens Option or Public fety Fund	Co	Traffic Congestion Relief Grant		unds velopment greement nsideration	F	nerican lescue an Act	Rev	Total Special enue Funds
\$	411,986	\$	1,720	\$	194,731	\$	-	\$	1,520,620
	-		-		-		-		2,821
	-		-		-		-		146,910
	942		3		359		-		2,810
	-		-		20,598		-		20,598
	-		-		-		-		129
	-		-		-		-		1,813,342 207
\$	412,928	\$	1,723	\$	215,688	\$		\$	3,507,437
<u> </u>								<u> </u>	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	778,800
	- 871		-		-		-		1,611 627,091
	417,301		-		-		-		427,394
	418,172		-		-		-		1,834,896
									368,512
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		30,542
	-		-		-		-		2
	-		1,723		-		-		1,225,570
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		- 12,194
	-		-		-		-		12,194
	-		-		- 215,688		-		- 215,688
	(5,244)		-		-		-		(179,967
	(5,244)		1,723		215,688		-		1,304,029
\$	412,928	\$	1,723	\$	215,688	\$	-	\$	3,507,437

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Capital Pro	jects F	unds		
		Storm Drain		Traffic Impact		Fire Facilities		General Facilities
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	1,130,217	\$	2,588,908	\$	1,588,190	\$	366,968
Receivables:	φ	1,130,217	φ	2,300,900	φ	1,566,190	φ	300,900
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Taxes		-		-		-		-
Interest		2,068		5,429		2,909		693
Contract and loans		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	1,132,285	\$	2,594,337	\$	1,591,099	\$	367,661
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	430,113	\$	-	\$	6,641
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		430,113				6,641
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable revenue		-		-				-
FUND BALANCE: Restricted for:								
Cultural and recreational								
State mandated		-		-		_		-
Public safety		-		_		1,591,099		_
Street improvements		-		2,164,224		-		-
Storm drains		1,132,285		_,		-		-
Municipal facilities		-		-		-		361,020
Air quality management		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Low mod housing programs		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-				
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,132,285		2,164,224		1,591,099		361,020
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balance	\$	1,132,285	\$	2,594,337	\$	1,591,099	\$	367,661

#### (Continued)

	leral/State nstruction	Public Meeting Facilities	Public I Meeting I		rojects Funds Dlic Art in ary Public lities Places		Art in V Public		F	Capital Project Bond Proceeds	 Total Capital Projects Funds
\$	-	\$ 700,207	\$	30,917	\$	252,370	\$	1,112,289	\$ 7,770,066		
	-	-		-		-		-	-		
	-	- 1,277		- 58		- 492		- 2,266	- 15,192		
	-	-		-				- 2,200	-		
	-	-		-		-		-	-		
	192,620	-		-		-		-	192,620		
\$	192,620	\$ 701,484	\$	30,975	\$	252,862	\$	1,114,555	\$ 7,977,878		
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,727	\$	-	\$ 438,481		
	- 136,232	-		-		-		-	- 136,232		
	-	-		-		-		-	-		
	136,232	 -		-		1,727		-	 574,713		
	192,620	 		-					 192,620		
	_	-		30,975		251,135		-	282,110		
	-	-		-		-		-	-		
	-	-		-		-		- 1,114,555	1,591,099 3,278,779		
	-	-		-		-		1,114,555 -	1,132,28		
	-	701,484		-		-		-	1,062,504		
	-	-		-		-		-	-		
	-	-		-		-		-	-		
	(136,232)	 -		-		-			 (136,232		
	(136,232)	 701,484		30,975		251,135		1,114,555	 7,210,54		
6	192,620	\$ 701,484	\$	30,975	\$	252,862	\$	1,114,555	\$ 7,977,87		

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# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Debt Servic	e Funds			Total	Total		
		ater Bond edemption Fund	Fi	ma Linda nancing uthority		Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	12.756	\$	39,754	\$	52,510	\$	9,343,196	
Receivables:	φ	12,750	φ	39,734	φ	52,510	Ψ	9,545,190	
Accounts		-		-		-		2.821	
Taxes		-		-		-		146.910	
Interest		-		73		73		18,075	
Contract and loans		-		-		-		20,598	
Due from other funds		-		-		-		129	
Due from other governments		-		-		-		2,005,962	
Prepaid items		-		-		-		207	
Total assets	\$	12,756	\$	39,827	\$	52,583	\$	11,537,898	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,217,281	
Accrued liabilities	Ŷ	-	÷	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	1,611	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		763,323	
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		427,394	
Total liabilities		-		-		-		2,409,609	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:									
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		561,132	
FUND BALANCE:									
Restricted for:									
Cultural and recreational		-		-		-		282,110	
State mandated		-		-		-		30,542	
Public safety		-		-		-		1,591,101	
Street improvements		-		-		-		4,504,349	
Storm drains		-		-		-		1,132,285	
Municipal facilities		-		-		-		1,062,504	
Air quality management		-		-		-		12,194	
Debt service		12,756		39,827		52,583		52,583	
Low mod housing programs		-		-		-		215,688	
Unassigned		- 12.756		- 39.827		-		(316,199)	
Total fund balances (deficit)		12,756		39,827		52,583		8,567,157	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	<b>^</b>	40.750	¢	00.007	•	50 500	¢	44 507 000	
and fund balance	\$	12,756	\$	39,827	\$	52,583	\$	11,537,898	

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Special		
	Traffic Safety	Gas Tax	CASp CERT &	Measure I
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 598,123
Intergovernmental	-	1,139,7		-
Charges for services	-	-	6,526	-
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures	69,852	-	-	(4,919)
Miscellaneous	09,032	-	-	-
Developer fees	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	69,852	1,139,7	02 6,526	593,204
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	534	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	490,2	- 59	424,222
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-			
Total expenditures		490,2	59 534	424,222
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	69,852	649,4	43 5,992	168,982
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(69,529)	(615,5	- 33)	-
Lease acquisition				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(69,529)	(615,5	- 33)	
Net change in fund balances	323	33,9	10 5,992	168,982
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)				
Beginning of year	7,688	168,8	83 24,550	447,708
End of year	\$ 8,011	\$ 202,7		\$ 616,690

#### (Continued)

I	Measure I MSART	 Street Lighting District	Ma	andscape iintenance District	Ma	r Quality nagement District
\$	-	\$ 361,154	\$	420,419	\$	-
	1,234,599	-		-		23,685
	-	-		-		-
	344	(1,475)		(610)		(138)
	-	- 9		- 9		-
	-	-		-		-
	1,234,943	 359,688		419,818		23,547
	_	_		_		_
	-	-		-		38,598
	-	-		558,891		-
	-	351,034		-		-
	1,282,806	1,234		1,127		-
	-	200		182		-
	-	 37		33		-
	1,282,806	 352,505		560,233		38,598
	(47,863)	 7,183		(140,415)		(15,051
	-	-		120,000		-
	-	-		-		-
	-	 1,234		1,127		-
	-	 1,234		121,127		-
	(47,863)	8,417		(19,288)		(15,051
	182,183	134,480		74,082		27,245
\$	134,320	\$ 142,897	\$	54,794	\$	12,194

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

				Special Rev	venue Fu	nds		
	Impro	iblic vement MOU		sset feiture	Dev	mmunity /elopment ock Grant		Grant Fund
REVENUES	۴		۴		¢		¢	
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 148,396	\$	- 36,940
Charges for services		-		-		140,390		50,940
Use of money and property		(579)		_		8		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Developer fees		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		(579)		-		148,404		36,940
EXPENDITURES								
Current: General government								
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		- 18,328		- 129,552
Public works		_				10,520		129,002
Capital outlay		-		-		96,206		-
Debt service:						00,200		
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		-		-		114,534		129,552
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(579)				33,870		(92,612)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Lease acquisition		-		-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		(579)		-		33,870		(92,612)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)								
Beginning of year		64,921		2		(67,079)		(48,902)
End of year	\$	64,342	\$	2	\$	(33,209)	\$	(141,514)
						<u>,                                 </u>		

#### (Continued)

			Special Rev	enue Fu	inds			
	zens Option		raffic		/elopment	American		Total
	or Public		gestion		reement	Rescue	_	Special
Sa	afety Fund	Reli	ef Fund	Cor	sideration	 Plan Act	Rev	enue Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,379,696
	104,848		-		-	2,928,307		5,616,477
	-		-		-	-		6,526
	(3,439)		(16)		(869)	-		(11,693)
	-		-		-	-		69,852 18
	-		-		-	-		18
	101,409		(16)		(869)	 2,928,307		7,060,876
	,		(10)		(000)	 		.,
			-		-	-		-
	2,760		-		-	-		41,358
	-		-		-	-		707,305 351,034
	-		-		-	-		2,295,854
								2,200,004
	-		-		-	-		382
			-		-	 		70
	2,760		-			 		3,396,003
	98,649		(16)		(869)	 2,928,307		3,664,873
	-		_		_	_		120,000
	(103,902)		-		-	(2,928,307)		(3,717,271)
			-			 		2,361
	(103,902)		-		-	 (2,928,307)		(3,594,910)
	(5,253)		(16)		(869)	-		69,963
	9		1,739		216,557	<u>_</u>		1,234,066
\$	(5,244)	\$	1,723	\$		\$ 	\$	
\$	(5,244)	\$	1,723	\$	215,688	\$ -	\$	1,304,029

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Capital Projects Funds											
		Storm Drain		Traffic Impact	I	Fire Facilities		General acilities				
REVENUES												
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-				
Charges for services		29,493		-		-		-				
Use of money and property		(10,234)		(21,704)		(14,376)		(3,277)				
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-				
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-				
Developer fees		-		147,463		33,192		23,322				
Total revenues		19,259		125,759		18,816		20,045				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		-		-		-		-				
Public safety		-		-		-		-				
Community development		-		-		-		-				
Public works		-		167,344		-		4,584				
Capital outlay		-		858,174		-		23,511				
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-				
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-				
Total expenditures		-		1,025,518		-		28,095				
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		19,259		(899,759)		18,816		(8,050)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		_		_		_		_				
Transfers out		_		_		_		_				
Lease acquisition												
Total other financing sources (uses)												
Net change in fund balances		19,259		(899,759)		18,816		(8,050)				
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)												
Beginning of year		1,113,026		3,063,983		1,572,283		369,070				
End of year	\$	1,132,285	\$	2,164,224	\$	1,591,099	\$	361,020				

#### (Continued)

ral/State struction	Me	ublic eting cilities	Public Library Facilities		Art in Public Places	Pro	Capital oject Bond Proceeds	 Total Capital Projects Funds
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
-		-		-	-		35,463	35,463
-		-		-	-		-	29,493
27		(6,387)		(278)	(2,157)		(9,334)	(67,720
-		-		-	-		-	-
-		54,311		-	 31,417			 289,705
27		47,924		(278)	 29,260		26,129	 286,941
-		_		-	-		_	-
-		-		-	-		-	-
-		-		-	-		-	-
-		-		-	12,039		27,936	211,903
192,620		-		-	61,738		143,263	1,279,306
-		-		-	-		-	-
-		-		-			-	 -
192,620		-		-	 73,777		171,199	 1,491,209
(192,593)		47,924		(278)	 (44,517)		(145,070)	 (1,204,268)
-		-		-	-		-	-
-		-		-	-		-	-
-					 -		<u> </u>	 
(192,593)		47,924		(278)	(44,517)		(145,070)	(1,204,268
56,361		653,560		31,253	295,652		1,259,625	8,414,813
\$ (136,232)	\$	701,484	\$	30,975	\$ 251,135	\$	1,114,555	\$ 7,210,545

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Debt Ser	vice Fund	s		Total		Total
		ter Bond		na Linda		Debt		Nonmajor
		lemption Fund		nancing ithority		ervice Funds	Go	vernmental Funds
REVENUES		Fulla	AL	linonty	r	unus		Fullus
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,379,696
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		5,651,940
Charges for services		-		-		-		36,019
Use of money and property		-		(359)		(359)		(79,772)
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		69,852
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		18
Developer fees		-		-		-		289,705
Total revenues		-		(359)		(359)		7,347,458
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		314		314		314
Public safety		-		-		-		41,358
Community development		-		-		-		707,305
Public works		-		-		-		562,937
Capital outlay		-		-		-		3,575,160
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		382
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		70
Total expenditures		-		314		314		4,887,526
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		(673)		(673)		2,459,932
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		120,000
Transfers out		-		-		-		(3,717,271)
Lease acquisition		-		-		-		2,361
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		(3,594,910)
Net change in fund balances		-		(673)		(673)		(1,134,978)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)								
Beginning of year		12,756		40,500		53,256		9,702,135
End of year	\$	12,756	\$	39,827	\$	52,583	\$	8,567,157
-	<u> </u>			,		,		<u> </u>

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

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#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Traffic Safety For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	С	riginal		Final	Amounts		(N	egative)
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	69,852	\$	29,852
Total revenues		40,000		40,000		69,852		29,852
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		40,000		40,000		69,852		29,852
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(40,000)		(40,000)		(69,529)		(29,529)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(40,000)		(40,000)		(69,529)		(29,529)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		323		323
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)								
Beginning of year		7,688		7,688		7,688		-
End of year	\$	7,688	\$	7,688	\$	8,011	\$	323

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Gas Tax For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Oliginal	1 mar	Amounta	(Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,078,400	\$ 1,172,900	\$ 1,139,702	\$ (33,198)
Total revenues	1,078,400	1,172,900	1,139,702	(33,198)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	355,000	494,900	490,259	4,641
Total expenditures	355,000	494,900	490,259	4,641
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	723,400	678,000	649,443	(28,557)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(613,500)	(663,700)	(615,533)	48,167
Total other financing sources (uses)	(613,500)	(663,700)	(615,533)	48,167
Net change in fund balance	109,900	14,300	33,910	19,610
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	168,883	168,883	168,883	<u>-</u>
End of year	\$ 278,783	\$ 183,183	\$ 202,793	\$ 19,610

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Budgetary Comparison Schedule CASp CERT & Training For the year ended June 30, 2022

	0	Budgetec	l Amo	unts Final	-	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	2,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,526	\$	526
Total revenues		2,000		6,000		6,526		526
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Community development				-		534		(534)
Total expenditures				-		534		(534)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,000		6,000		5,992		(8)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out				(600)				600
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(600)		-		600
Net change in fund balance		2,000		5,400		5,992		592
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		6,043		6,043		24,550		18,507
End of year	\$	8,043	\$	11,443	\$	30,542	\$	19,099

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Measure I For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Budgetec	l Amo	unts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(	Original		Final		Amounts	(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	423,000	\$	484,300	\$	598,123	\$	113,823
Use of money and property		1,000		1,000		(4,919)		(5,919)
Total revenues		424,000		485,300		593,204		107,904
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		423,000		423,000		424,222		(1,222)
		.20,000		.20,000		,		(:,===)
Total expenditures		423,000		423,000		424,222		(1,222)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,000		62,300		168,982		106,682
Net change in fund balance		1,000		62,300		168,982		106,682
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		447,708		447,708		447,708		-
End of year	\$	448,708	\$	510,008	\$	616,690	\$	106,682

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Measure I MSART For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Budgetec	l Am	ounts	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original	_	Final	Amounts	(	Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	1,224,000	\$	1,224,000	\$ 1,234,599	\$	10,599
Use of money and property		1,000		400	 344		(56)
Total revenues		1,225,000		1,224,400	 1,234,943		10,543
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		1,224,500		2,274,080	1,282,806		991,274
		.,,			 .,,		
Total expenditures		1,224,500		2,274,080	1,282,806		991,274
•					 	-	· · · · ·
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		500		(1,049,680)	(47,863)		1,001,817
				· · ·	 · · ·		
Net change in fund balance		500		(1,049,680)	(47,863)		1,001,817
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)							
Beginning of year	_	182,183		182,183	 182,183		-
End of year	\$	182,683	\$	(867,497)	\$ 134,320	\$	1,001,817

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Budgetary Comparison Schedule Street Lighting District For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Budge Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 353,000		\$ 361,154	\$ 45,154
Use of money and property	1,000	200	(1,475)	(1,675)
Miscellaneous			9	9
Total revenues	354,000	316,200	359,688	43,488
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works	352,763	353,363	351,034	2,329
Capital outlay	500	500	1,234	(734)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	200	200	200	-
Interest and fiscal charges	37	37	37	
Total expenditures	353,500	354,100	352,505	1,595
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	500	(37,900)	7,183	45,083
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Lease acquisition			1,234	1,234
Total other financing sources (uses)			1,234	1,234
Net change in fund balance	500	(37,900)	8,417	46,317
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	134,480	) 134,480	134,480	
End of year	\$ 134,980	<u> </u>	\$ 142,897	\$ 46,317

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Landscape Maintenance District For the year ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Driginal	Amc	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 404,000	\$	374,000	\$ 420,419	\$	46,419
Use of money and property	200		200	(610)		(810)
Miscellaneous	 -		-	 9		9
Total revenues	 404,200		374,200	 419,818		45,618
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Community development	520,085		534,685	558,891		(24,206)
Capital outlay	500		500	1,127		(627)
Debt service:			000	.,		(0=))
Principal retirement	182		182	182		-
Interest and fiscal charges	33		33	33		-
Total expenditures	 520,800		535,400	 560,233		(24,833)
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	 (116,600)		(161,200)	 (140,415)		20,785
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Lease acquisition	 120,000		120,000 -	 120,000 1,127		- 1,127
Total other financing sources (uses)	 120,000		120,000	 121,127		1,127
Net change in fund balance	3,400		(41,200)	(19,288)		21,912
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	 74,082		74,082	 74,082		-
End of year	\$ 77,482	\$	32,882	\$ 54,794	\$	21,912

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Air Quality Management District For the year ended June 30, 2022

	C	Budgeted Driginal	Amo	unts Final	-	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	23,685	\$	(6,315)
Use of money and property		100		100		(138)		(238)
Total revenues		30,100		30,100		23,547		(6,553)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		52,500		56,300		38,598		17,702
Total expenditures		52,500		56,300		38,598		17,702
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		(22,400)		(26,200)		(15,051)		11,149
Net change in fund balance		(22,400)		(26,200)		(15,051)		11,149
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		27,245		27,245		27,245		
End of year	\$	4,845	\$	1,045	\$	12,194	\$	11,149

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Improvements Per MOU For the year ended June 30, 2022

	C	Budgetec Driginal	d Amou	unts Final	-	Actual mounts	Final Pc	nce with Budget sitive gative)
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	500	\$	200	\$	(579)	\$	(779)
Total revenues		500		200		(579)		(779)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		500		200		(579)		(779)
Net change in fund balance		500		200		(579)		(779)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		64,921		64,921		64,921		-
End of year	\$	65,421	\$	65,121	\$	64,342	\$	(779)

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Development Block Grant For the year ended June 30, 2022

	(	Budgeted Driginal	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	140,000	\$	328,400	\$ 148,396	\$	(180,004)
Use of money and property		-		-	 8		8
Total revenues		140,000		328,400	 148,404		(179,996)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Community development		20,000		208,400	18,328		190,072
Capital outlay		120,000		120,000	96,206		23,794
Total expenditures		140,000		328,400	 114,534		213,866
		<u> </u>		i	 <u> </u>		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-	 33,870		33,870
Net change in fund balance		-		-	33,870		33,870
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		(67,079)		(67,079)	 (67,079)		
End of year	\$	(67,079)	\$	(67,079)	\$ (33,209)	\$	33,870

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Grant Fund For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	C	Driginal		Final		Amounts		vegative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	257,500	\$	257,500	\$	36,940	\$	(220,560)
Total revenues		257,500		257,500		36,940		(220,560)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
		057 500		057 500		100 550		107.040
Community development		257,500		257,500		129,552		127,948
Total expenditures		257,500		257,500		129,552		127,948
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		-		-		(92,612)		(92,612)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(92,612)		(92,612)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)								
Beginning of year		(48,902)		(48,902)		(48,902)		-
End of year	\$	(48,902)	\$	(48,902)	\$	(141,514)	\$	(92,612)

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Citizens Option for Public Safety For the year ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted Driginal	Amc	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES	 		T IIIGI				oguiroj
Intergovernmental	\$ 108,900	\$	108,900	\$ 104,848		\$	(4,052)
Use of money and property	 5,000		1,000		(3,439)		(4,439)
Total revenues	 113,900		109,900	1	101,409		(8,491)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety	 4,600		7,600		2,760		4,840
Total expenditures	 4,600		7,600	1	2,760		4,840
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	 109,300		102,300		98,649		(3,651)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	 (104,300)		(104,300)		(103,902)		398
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (104,300)		(104,300)		(103,902)		398
Net change in fund balance	5,000		(2,000)		(5,253)		(3,253)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	 9		9		9		
End of year	\$ 5,009	\$	(1,991)	\$	(5,244)	\$	(3,253)

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Development Agreement Consideration For the year ended June 30, 2022

	(	Budgeted Driginal	l Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fina F	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	2,100	\$	1,500	\$ (869)	\$	(2,369)
Total revenues		2,100		1,500	 (869)		(2,369)
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		2,100		1,500	 (869)		(2,369)
Net change in fund balance		2,100		1,500	(869)		(2,369)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		216,557		216,557	 216,557		
End of year	\$	218,657	\$	218,057	\$ 215,688	\$	(2,369)

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule American Rescue Plan Act

## For the year ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	-	Budgeteo ginal	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 2,928,300	\$ 2,928,307	\$ 7
Total revenues		-	2,928,300	2,928,307	7
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	2,928,300	2,928,307	7
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out			(2,928,300)	(2,928,307)	(7)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	(2,928,300)	(2,928,307)	(7)
Net change in fund balance		-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		-			
End of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Storm Drain For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Budgetec	l Amo	ounts Final				iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	97.500	\$	92.100	\$	29.493	\$	(62,607)
Use of money and property	•	8,000	Ŧ	2,500	Ŧ	(10,234)	•	(12,734)
		-,		_,		(10,201)	-	(, )
Total revenues		105,500		94,600		19,259		(75,341)
i otali lovonaco		100,000		01,000		10,200		(10,011)
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		105,500	94,600		19,259			(75,341)
		100,000		01,000		10,200		(10,011)
Net change in fund balance		105,500		94,600		19,259		(75,341)
		100,000		01,000		10,200		(10,011)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)								
Beginning of year		1,113,026		1,113,026		1,113,026		_
beginning of year		1,113,020		1,110,020		1,110,020		
End of year	\$	1,218,526	\$	1,207,626	\$	1,132,285	¢	(75,341)
Lilu ol yeal	φ	1,210,020	φ	1,207,020	φ	1,152,205	ψ	(73,341)

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Budgetary Comparison Schedule Traffic Impact For the year ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	Budgetec Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Use of money and property	\$ 15.000	\$ 7,000	\$ (21,704)	\$ (28,704)
Developer fees	324,300	318,200	147,463	(170,737)
Total revenues	339,300	325,200	125,759	(199,441)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works	151,300	151,300	167,344	(16,044)
Capital outlay	776,000	1,441,420	858,174	583,246
Total expenditures	927,300	1,592,720	1,025,518	567,202
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	(588,000)	(1,267,520)	(899,759)	367,761
Net change in fund balance	(588,000)	(1,267,520)	(899,759)	367,761
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	3,063,983	3,063,983	3,063,983	
End of year	\$ 2,475,983	\$ 1,796,463	\$ 2,164,224	\$ 367,761

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Fire Facilities For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amou			Amounts Final		Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES	-							
Use of money and property	\$	8.000	\$	3,500	\$	(14,376)	\$	(17,876)
Developer fees	•	56,600	•	60,400	•	33,192	,	(27,208)
				,		,		(
Total revenues		64,600		63,900		18,816		(45,084)
		01,000		00,000		10,010		(10,001)
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		64,600		63,900		18,816		(45,084)
		0.,000		00,000		.0,010		(10,001)
Net change in fund balance		64,600		63,900		18,816		(45,084)
Hot ondigo in fand balando		01,000		00,000		10,010		(10,001)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)								
Beginning of year		1,572,283		1,572,283		1,572,283		
Degining of year		1,572,205		1,372,203		1,012,200		
End of year	¢	1,636,883	\$	1,636,183	\$	1,591,099	¢	(45,084)
Enu or year	þ	1,030,003	<u></u>	1,030,103	- <b>Þ</b>	1,591,099	φ	(40,004)

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Facilities For the year ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgetec Driginal	l Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES						
Use of money and property	\$ 2,000	\$	800	\$ (3,277)	\$	(4,077)
Developer fees	 111,800		104,300	 23,322		(80,978)
Total revenues	113,800		105,100	 20,045		(85,055)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public works	15,600		15,600	4,584		11,016
Capital outlay	80,000		93,700	 23,511		70,189
Total expenditures	 95,600		109,300	 28,095		81,205
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	18,200		(4,200)	(8,050)		(3,850)
Net change in fund balance	18,200		(4,200)	(8,050)		(3,850)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	 369,070		369,070	 369,070		-
End of year	\$ 387,270	\$	364,870	\$ 361,020	\$	(3,850)

## CITY OF LOMA LINDA Budgetary Comparison Schedule Federal/State Construction For the year ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgetec Driginal	l Amo	unts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 192,600	\$	192,600	\$ -	\$	(192,600)
Use of money and property	 -		-	 27		27
Total revenues	 192,600		192,600	 27		(192,573)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	192,600		192,600	192,620		(20)
Capital Callay	 102,000		102,000	 102,020		(20)
Total expenditures	 192,600		192,600	 192,620		(20)
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	 		-	 (192,593)		(192,593)
Net change in fund balance	-		-	(192,593)		(192,593)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	 56,361		56,361	 56,361		
End of year	\$ 56,361	\$	56,361	\$ (136,232)	\$	(192,593)

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Meeting Facilities For the year ended June 30, 2022

	(	Budgetec Driginal	I Amo	unts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	\$	4.000	\$ 1.500		\$ (6.387)		\$	(7,887)
Use of money and property	φ	,	φ	1,500	φ	(6,387)	φ	( , ,
Developer fees		263,200		245,900		54,311		(191,589)
Total revenues		267,200		247,400		47,924		(199,476)
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		267,200	247,400		47,924		(199,476	
Net change in fund balance		267,200		247,400		47,924		(199,476)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		653,560		653,560		653,560		
End of year	\$	920,760	\$	900,960	\$	701,484	\$	(199,476)

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Library Facilities For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	200	\$	100	\$	(278)	\$	(378)
Total revenues		200		100		(278)		(378)
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		200		100		(278)		(378)
Net change in fund balance		200		100		(278)		(378)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		31,253		31,253		31,253		
End of year	\$	31,453	\$	31,353	\$	30,975	\$	(378)

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Budgetary Comparison Schedule Art in Public Places For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	2,000	\$	700	\$	(2,157)	\$	(2,857)
Developer fees	φ	33,800	φ	110,800	φ	(2,137) 31,417	φ	(79,383)
		00,000		,		01,111		(10,000)
Total revenues		35,800		111,500		29,260		(82,240)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public works		19,500		19,500		12,039		7,461
Capital outlay		100,000		100,000		61,738		38,262
Total expenditures		119,500		119,500		73,777		45,723
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		(83,700)		(8,000)		(44,517)		(36,517)
Net change in fund balance		(83,700)		(8,000)		(44,517)		(36,517)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		295,652		295,652		295,652		-
End of year	\$	211,952	\$	287,652	\$	251,135	\$	(36,517)

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Projects Bond Proceeds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	B Origi	udgeted A nal		s nal		Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	•		•		•	05 400	•	05 400
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	-	\$	35,463	\$	35,463
Use of money and property	1	6,000		3,000		(9,334)		(12,334)
Total revenues	1	6,000		3,000		26,129		23,129
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Public works		8,900		48,900		27,936		20,964
Capital outlay		1,000		48,900		143,263		20,904
Capital Outlay	Z.	1,000	2	.51,000		145,205		107,757
Total expenditures	29	9,900	2	99,900		171,199		128,701
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(28	3,900)	(2	96,900)		(145,070)		151,830
Net change in fund balance	(28	3,900)	(2	96,900)		(145,070)		151,830
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	1,25	9,625	1,2	59,625		1,259,625		-
End of year	\$ 97	5,725	\$9	62,725	\$	1,114,555	\$	151,830

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Loma Linda Financing Authority For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted	l Amoi	unts	A	Actual	Final	nce with Budget sitive
	C	riginal		Final	A	mounts	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES								
Use of money and property	\$	200	\$	100	\$	(359)	\$	(459)
Total revenues		200		100		(359)		(459)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:		300		300		314		(14)
General government		300		300		314		(14)
Total expenditures		300		300		314		(14)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(100)		(200)		(673)		(473)
Net change in fund balance		(100)		(200)		(673)		(473)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of year		40,500		40,500		40,500		-
End of year	\$	40,400	\$	40,300	\$	39,827	\$	(473)

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS CUSTODIAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE

	Assoc Equ	Total Custodial Funds			
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	27,333	\$ 74,470	\$	101,803
Total assets		27,333	 74,470		101,803
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		344	-		344
Deposits payable		-	74,470		74,470
Total liabilities		344	 74,470		74,814
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Restricted for other organizations	\$	26,989	\$ _	\$	26,989

#### **CITY OF LOMA LINDA** Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Association Fire Equipment								
ADDITIONS Miscellaneous	\$ 11,635	5\$		\$	11,635				
Total additions	11,635	5	-		11,635				
DEDUCTIONS									
Miscellaneous	3,247	7	-		3,247				
Total deductions	3,247	7	-	1	3,247				
Change in net position	8,388	3	-		8,388				
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):									
Beginning of year End of year	18,60 ⁻¹ \$ 26,989		-	\$	18,601 26,989				

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## STATISTICAL SECTION

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# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Loma Linda's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	145
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	151
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	164
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	170
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	173
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Net Position by Component Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year		2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	49,923,947	\$ 53,642,388	\$ 55,885,140	\$ 54,701,694
Restricted		29,617,713	29,305,083	27,181,403	41,158,883
Unrestricted		814,941	 2,258,815	 (6,245,613)	 10,216,095
Total governmental activities net position	\$	80,356,601	\$ 85,206,286	\$ 76,820,930	\$ 106,076,672
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	39,756,680	\$ 38,186,940	\$ 37,347,912	\$ 36,315,946
Restricted		40,839	40,839	40,840	41,054
Unrestricted		(9,127,686)	 (9,816,996)	 (13,846,636)	 (6,145,456)
Total business-type activities net position	\$	30,669,833	\$ 28,410,783	\$ 23,542,116	\$ 30,211,544
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	89,680,627	\$ 91,829,328	\$ 93,233,052	\$ 91,017,640
Restricted		29,658,552	29,345,922	27,222,243	41,199,937
Unrestricted		(8,312,745)	(7,558,181)	(20,092,249)	4,070,639
Total primary government net position	\$	111,026,434	\$ 113,617,069	\$ 100,363,046	\$ 136,288,216

 2017	2018	 2019	2020		2021	 2022	
\$ 54,669,551	\$ 53,645,346	\$ 53,363,136	\$	52,098,547	\$ 52,880,007	\$ 54,585,683	
34,485,340	40,009,123	40,255,257		41,042,155	43,777,701	43,645,029	
15,833,197	11,961,248	13,949,530		16,553,951	13,952,683	26,633,948	
\$ 104,988,088	\$ 105,615,717	\$ 107,567,923	\$	109,694,653	\$ 110,610,391	\$ 124,864,660	
\$ 35,575,964	\$ 35,053,848	\$ 35,191,938	\$	35,564,416	\$ 36,344,853	\$ 36,429,645	
760,313	684,561	396,401		681,788	682,253	685,433	
 (7,140,329)	 (7,304,285)	 (8,176,541)		(8,564,601)	 (8,688,855)	 (5,324,916)	
\$ 29,195,948	\$ 28,434,124	\$ 27,411,798	\$	27,681,603	\$ 28,338,251	\$ 31,790,162	
\$ 90,245,515	\$ 88,699,194	\$ 88,555,074	\$	87,662,963	\$ 89,224,860	\$ 91,015,328	
35,245,653	40,693,684	40,651,658		41,723,943	44,459,954	44,330,462	
8,692,868	 4,656,963	 5,772,989		7,989,350	 5,263,828	 21,309,032	
\$ 134,184,036	\$ 134,049,841	\$ 134,979,721	\$	137,376,256	\$ 138,948,642	\$ 156,654,822	

Fiscal Year	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016
Expenses		 		
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 1,770,611	\$ 1,818,573	\$ 3,387,169	\$ 3,671,993
Public safety	8,747,342	8,430,753	8,772,658	9,304,542
Community development	1,944,724	1,948,836	2,278,470	1,841,405
Public works	4,488,436	5,451,342	3,948,235	4,676,124
Interest on long-term debt	 246,905	 180,289	 128,956	 (12,257)
Total governmental activities expenses	 17,198,018	 17,829,793	 18,515,488	 19,481,807
Business-type activities:				
Water acquisition	152,932	-	32,458	47,594
Water enterprise	6,113,936	6,414,771	6,529,987	5,697,329
Sewer capital	4,420,067	4,135,446	4,128,121	4,100,045
Loma Linda Connected Communities	 981,448	923,887	 1,183,177	 1,118,342
Total business-type activities expenses	 11,668,383	11,474,104	11,873,743	10,963,310
Total primary government expenses	\$ 28,866,401	\$ 29,303,897	\$ 30,389,231	\$ 30,445,117
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General Government	\$ 2,265,114	\$ 2,017,576	\$ 2,230,122	\$ 1,914,239
Public Safety	601,899	566,346	576,908	982,772
Community development	1,538,226	2,598,727	1,247,138	7,689,602
Public works	1,728,971	1,729,660	1,523,530	1,329,226
Operating contributions and grants	244,822	238,064	227,592	675,510
Capital contributions and grants	 1,633,410	 5,425,257	 1,276,451	 1,321,811
Total governmental activities program revenues	 8,012,442	 12,575,630	 7,081,741	 13,913,160
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Water acquisition	132,044	60,113	249,351	506,018
Water enterprise	4,734,114	4,813,653	4,970,004	4,570,660
Sewer capital	3,592,431	3,457,741	3,843,936	3,853,476
Loma Linda Connected Communities	287,944	414,429	399,978	362,285
Capital Grants and Contributions	 18,249,598	 	 	 -
Total business-type activities program revenues	 26,996,131	 8,745,936	 9,463,269	 9,292,439
Total primary government revenues	\$ 35,008,573	\$ 21,321,566	\$ 16,545,010	\$ 23,205,599
Net (expense)/revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (9,185,576)	\$ (5,254,163)	\$ (11,433,747)	\$ (5,568,647)
Business-type activities	 15,327,748	 (2,728,168)	 (2,410,474)	 (1,670,871)
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ 6,142,172	\$ (7,982,331)	\$ (13,844,221)	\$ (7,239,518)

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	4,183,558	\$	3,446,226	\$	6,425,416	\$	4,655,547	\$	2,432,363	\$	2,068,926
	11,026,804		12,531,692		13,454,286		13,132,883		15,816,365		10,634,051
	2,390,338		2,530,022		2,309,000		3,646,694		3,405,290		2,264,274
	4,411,533		6,231,901		7,202,335		7,191,106		6,691,119		4,811,300
	6,053		-		7,778		3,148		1,606		2,643
	22,018,286		24,739,841		29,398,815		28,629,378		28,346,743		19,781,194
	231,003		142,488		651,998		163,718		34,407		271,277
	5,956,326		6,581,432		7,334,056		7,321,257		7,451,276		4,974,785
	4,237,844		4,484,711		4,655,471		4,780,642		4,848,037		3,894,446
	1,056,877		1,082,358		981,077		1,075,479		998,596		834,694
	11,482,050		12,290,989		13,622,602		13,341,096		13,332,316		9,975,202
\$	33,500,336	\$	37,030,830	\$	43,021,417	\$	41,970,474	\$	41,679,059	\$	29,756,396
\$	2,411,391	\$	2,601,912	\$	3,237,396	\$	2,947,216	\$	3,309,689	\$	2,924,322
	2,072,189		2,542,110		2,701,403		2,326,787		3,572,136		4,423,248
	703,820		1,311,497		3,102,051		3,465,549		7,298,611		1,310,861
	1,318,224		1,561,965		1,820,291		1,782,676		3,049,457		2,065,657
	918,093		772,551		2,552,498		664,307		-		3,913,570
	349,723 7,773,440		151,081 8,941,116		1,308,805		<u>1,510,791</u> 12,697,326		- 17,229,893		2,213,685 16,851,343
	404 400		200.070		640.070		4 4 44 000		504 454		000 704
	124,489		392,278 5,620,078		643,278 5 745 814		1,141,226		521,151 6 008 052		283,721
	4,910,137 4,187,465		5,620,078 4,675,647		5,745,814 5,021,365		6,076,134 5,327,464		6,908,052 5,565,852		7,001,145 5,531,874
	389,793		4,075,047		326,992		3,327,404		342,360		326,196
	509,795		517,575		520,992		559,079		542,500		520, 190
	9,611,884		11,005,578		11,737,449		12,903,903		13,337,415		13,142,936
\$	17,385,324	\$	19,946,694	\$	26,459,893	\$	25,601,229	\$	30,567,308	\$	29,994,279
\$	(14,244,846)	\$	(15,798,725)	\$	(14,676,371)	\$	(15,932,052)	\$	(11,116,850)	\$	(2,929,851)
Ŧ	(1,870,166)	Ŧ	(1,285,411)	Ŧ	(1,885,153)	Ŧ	(437,193)	Ŧ	5,099	Ŧ	3,167,734
\$	(16,115,012)	\$	(17,084,136)	\$	(16,561,524)	\$	(16,369,245)	\$	(11,111,751)	\$	237,883

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Changes in Net Position Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Continued)

Fiscal Year		2013	2014		2015		2016
General Revenues and Other Changes in							
Net Position							
Government activities:							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$	2,205,347	\$ 2,391,993	\$	2,424,066	\$	2,119,528
Sales taxes		3,864,216	3,733,160		5,721,938		7,575,743
Franchise tax		778,424	811,238		848,712		852,859
Other taxes		734,611	871,103		831,258		1,065,353
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted		1,661,319	1,688,439		-		-
Intergovernmental		-	213,852		2,205,319		1,258,590
Transfers		-	 -		-		-
Total taxes and transfers		9,243,917	 9,709,785		12,031,293		12,872,073
Investment income		208,226	227,033		503,598		610,671
Capital contribution		-	89,413		-		-
Miscellaneous		60,069	139,192		36,389		26,759
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets		-	-		-		-
Gain (Loss) on land held for resale		-	 -		-		-
Total governmental activities		9,512,212	 10,165,423		12,571,280		13,509,503
Business-type activities:							
Investment income		11,789	8,608		7,932		128,012
Capital contribution		-	(89,413)		-		-
Miscellaneous		578,584	589,923		650,590		680,341
Transfers		-	-		-		-
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets		-	-		-		-
Total business-type activities		590,373	509,118		658,522		808,353
Total primary government	\$	10,102,585	\$ 10,674,541	\$	13,229,802	\$	14,317,856
Extraordinary Item							
Governmental activities	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	21,314,886
Business-type activities		-	-		-		7,531,946
Total primary government	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	28,846,832
Change in Net Position							
Governmental activities	\$	326,636	\$ 4,911,260	\$	1,137,533	\$	29,255,742
Business-type activities	Ŧ	15,918,121	(2,219,050)	•	(1,751,952)	•	6,669,428
Total primary government	\$	16,244,757	\$ 2,692,210	\$	(614,419)	\$	35,925,170

	2017	2018			2019		2020		2021		2022
	2017		2010		2019		2020		2021		2022
•	0.400.000	•	0 400 005	•	0 707 070	•	0.000.440	•	0.040.000	•	0 000 700
\$	2,193,323	\$	2,489,895	\$	2,787,070	\$	3,086,116	\$	3,043,003	\$	3,390,738
	6,692,095		8,692,611		7,700,848		9,008,051		3,673,588		7,951,156
	886,502		960,660		961,693		990,531		1,060,786		1,346,875
	1,116,979		882,677		1,003,817		850,823		922,825		951,306
	-		-		2,293,699		2,433,722		2,504,220		2,745,301
	1,987,145		2,197,430		-		-		-		-
	(290,619)		(84,916)		4,799		9,305		(83,538)		167,951
	12,585,425		15,138,357		14,751,926		16,378,548		11,120,884		16,553,327
	487,762		970,488		1,290,647		1,472,804		(388,070)		204,757
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	8,523		210,983		555,160		196,705		1,274,064		53,959
	74,552		426,863		30,844		10,725		25,710		(27,923)
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	13,156,262		16,746,691		16,628,577		18,058,782		12,032,588		16,784,120
	86,522		167,515		271,702		208,279		62,642		(64,894)
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	477,429		458,106		595,149		508,024		501,164		517,022
	290,619		84,916		(4,799)		(9,305)		83,538		(167,951)
			20,062		775		-		4,205		-
	854,570		730,599		862,827		706,998		651,549		284,177
\$	14,010,832	\$	17,477,290	\$	17,491,404	\$	18,765,780	\$	12,684,137	\$	17,068,297
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
~	(1.000.50.0)	¢	0.47.000	~	1 050 005	~	0.400 700	~	045 505	¢	10.051.005
\$	(1,088,584)	\$	947,966	\$	1,952,206	\$	2,126,730	\$	915,738	\$	13,854,269
	(1,015,596)	_	(554,812)		(1,022,326)		269,805		656,648		3,451,911
\$	(2,104,180)	\$	393,154	\$	929,880	\$	2,396,535	\$	1,572,386	\$	17,306,180

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#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Governmental Activities Tax and Assessments Revenues by Source Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes		Sales & Use Tax		Franchise Fees		Transfer Tax		Transient Tax		Business License		Misc. Taxes		Assessments		 Total	
2013	\$	1,420,706	\$	4,203,905	\$	778,424	\$	42,622	\$	33,676	\$	349,911	\$	11,335	\$		742,019	\$ 7,582,598
2014		3,294,218		4,083,824		811,238		40,926		39,262		368,358		25,236			735,329	9,398,391
2015		3,432,704		6,097,691		848,712		47,546		49,442		390,291		25,449			732,770	11,624,605
2016		3,155,172		7,967,387		852,859		98,258		271,443		385,533		26,316			732,970	13,489,938
2017		3,390,512		7,105,414		886,501		39,340		347,981		345,257		21,463			739,575	12,876,043
2018		3,866,981		7,969,204		960,660		70,346		464,980		406,853		23,755			737,087	14,499,866
2019		1,978,818		8,389,129		961,693		65,828		670,867		321,975	2	,293,698	*		753,400	15,435,408
2020		2,224,740		5,681,899		990,532		112,203		530,943		308,457	2	,433,722	*		760,596	13,043,092
2021		2,135,818		7,034,866		1,060,786		145,433		622,280		235,034	2	,504,220	*		773,788	14,512,225
2022		2,483,539		7,893,545		1,346,875		125,626		608,867		381,338		13,642			781,573	13,635,005

Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds.

* Includes Vehicle License Fee-In Excess and VLF Property Tax in Lieu. Vehicle License Fee-In Excess was reclassified as intergovernmental revenue beginning in fiscal year 2022.

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal year	2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
General Fund					
Non Spendable:					
Inventories	\$ 22,630	\$ 22,934	\$ 18,966	\$ 12,299	\$ 10,933
Prepaid items	1,319	764	8,569	619,657	19,063
Restricted for: State Mandated					
Public Safety	- 35,743	-	-	-	-
General government	2,232	15,768	18,872	-	-
Committed for:	_,	,	,		
Emergency contingency	3,500,000	3,500,000	3,500,000	5,500,000	5,500,000
Assigned for:	-,,	-,,	-,,	-,,	-,,
Refuse services	87,941	91,540	95,832	97,690	91,540
Fire equipment replacement	78,102	88,812	270,040	104,144	88,812
Sewer loan	-	-	-	-	-
Capital equipment replacement Unfunded liabilities	1,250,000 -	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000 -
Unassigned	 5,071,179	 5,836,876	 6,827,235	 5,868,335	 5,836,876
Total general fund	\$ 10,049,146	\$ 10,806,694	\$ 11,989,514	\$ 13,452,125	\$ 12,797,224
All other governmental funds					
Non Spendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ 20	\$ -	\$ 40,672	\$ 1,259	\$ 1,036
Restricted for:					
Cultural and recreational	284,673	304,711	332,436	345,310	370,928
State mandated	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	369,068	442,199	452,514	672,745	701,990
Street improvements	5,561,625	5,156,456	4,295,300	15,919,327	14,596,849
Storm drains	749,230	757,919	771,018	792,052	801,366
Municipal facilities	336,519	271,092	195,306	204,971	133,774
Air quality management	73,431	80,988	86,456	63,454	47,451
Debt service	1,207,017	1,205,057	137,614	136,148	137,112
Low/mod hosing programs	17,856,279	17,956,592	17,810,779	17,933,640	17,695,044
Unassigned	 (4,693,591)	 (5,475,010)	 (6,363,912)	 (2,635,280)	 (2,935,592)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 21,744,271	\$ 20,700,004	\$ 17,758,183	\$ 33,433,626	\$ 31,549,958

	2018		2019		2020		2021	2022
\$	14,944	\$	9,298	\$	20,290	\$	18,268	\$ 30,427
	3,261		1,577		2,816		1,763	8,537
	5.040		0.000					
	5,848 -		6,399 -		-		-	-
	-		-		-		-	-
	E E00 000		2 000 000		2 000 000		2 000 000	2 000 000
	5,500,000		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000	2,000,000
	99,033		103,035		135,495		167,204	210,124
	224,776		272,593		282,099		365,170	470,908
	-		-		422,673		424,303	124,738
	1,250,000		1,250,000		1,250,000		1,250,000	1,250,000
	2,000,000		-		-		-	-
_	6,664,717	_	7,720,336	_	5,970,489	_	8,378,141	 12,917,535
\$	15,762,579	\$	11,363,238	\$	10,083,862	\$	12,604,849	\$ 17,012,269
\$	20	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
	075 000		117 550		000 500		000.005	000 440
	375,309		447,552		362,529		326,905	282,110
	- 735,937		- 818,020		18,952 1,046,468		24,550 1,572,294	30,542 1,591,101
	19,814,982		19,684,580		20,182,145		22,567,239	21,857,232
	847,125		797,517		900,539		1,113,026	1,132,285
	165,984		378,816		767,588		1,022,630	1,062,504
	27,763		25,952		32,944		27,245	12,194
	139,030		142,206		144,929		53,256	52,583
	17,903,020		17,960,614		17,605,013		17,151,467	17,655,020
	(3,534,374)		(2,186,552)		(2,754,783)		(1,853,102)	 (2,233,176)
\$	36,474,796	\$	38,068,705	\$	38,306,324	\$	42,005,510	\$ 41,442,395

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 7,582,598	\$ 9,398,391	\$ 11,624,605	\$ 13,489,938
Licenses and permits	318,636	532,046	629,954	478,522
Intergovernmental revenues	2,539,554	900,263	961,314	1,516,208
Charges for services	1,653,891	1,921,614	1,789,325	1,848,851
Use of money and property	624,686	468,283	451,109	508,805
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	179,157	166,014	154,642	142,437
Miscellaneous	3,479,196	6,976,393	2,811,345	2,625,326
Developer fees	 1,127,775	 814,556	 518,956	 7,092,505
Total Revenues	 17,505,493	 21,177,560	 18,941,250	 27,702,592
Expenditures				
General government	1,010,432	1,269,463	2,816,532	3,057,584
Public safety	8,333,007	8,372,894	8,494,523	9,522,944
Community development	1,635,429	1,834,266	1,997,868	1,725,470
Public works	2,225,653	2,338,243	2,235,090	2,789,413
Capital outlay	3,137,662	6,668,468	3,024,351	1,033,346
Debt service				
Principal retirement	883,220	914,378	1,905,590	31,853
Interest and fiscal charges	207,619	164,563	132,266	28,855
Total Expenditures	 17,433,022	 21,562,275	 20,606,220	 18,189,465
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	 72,471	 (384,715)	 (1,664,970)	 9,513,127
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Lease proceeds	-	-	-	-
Gain on disposal of assets	19,160	97,996	20,000	56,415
Loss of disposal of assets	-	-	(114,031)	-
Transfers in	2,366,876	2,438,425	2,218,439	829,833
Transfers out	 (2,366,876)	 (2,438,425)	 (2,218,439)	(829,833)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 19,160	 97,996	 (94,031)	 56,415
Net Change in Fund Balances Before Extraordinary Item	91,631	(286,719)	(1,759,001)	9,569,542
Extraordinary Item*	-	-	-	7,568,512
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 91,631	\$ (286,719)	\$ (1,759,001)	\$ 17,138,054
Debt Service as a percentage of				
non-capital expenditures	7.1%	6.4%	11.4%	0.4%

*Extraordinary item did not apply to prior years. Source: City of Loma Linda Finance Department

2017		2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
\$ 12,876,043	\$	14,499,866	\$ 15,435,408	\$ 13,043,092	\$ 14,512,225	\$ 13,635,005
398,756		463,878	495,979	858,993	639,968	674,337
994,225		888,521	3,669,009	1,632,833	2,644,460	8,443,940
3,153,168		3,563,490	4,053,022	4,006,691	4,067,319	4,701,339
757,656		2,820,221	2,412,446	2,322,671	1,744,388	1,297,574
129,123		115,205	472,114	79,897	58,347	77,790
2,353,757		2,848,072	3,681,395	2,869,489	3,903,673	3,640,957
188,523	_	735,690	 2,182,962	 2,476,701	6,288,823	 995,616
20,851,251		25,934,943	 32,402,335	 27,290,367	 33,859,203	 33,466,558
3,831,946		2,870,793	6,595,193	3,778,105	2,289,017	3,093,515
11,005,886		12,153,050	17,476,968	13,294,924	14,090,224	15,429,737
2,279,446		2,372,587	2,411,105	3,173,643	3,032,467	2,824,271
2,659,712		2,821,934	3,233,008	3,386,611	3,700,043	3,713,343
2,606,365		3,410,812	5,486,524	4,678,287	4,428,866	5,334,219
33,165		34,532	35,955	37,436	38,979	14,289
7,419		6,053	 4,630	 3,148	 1,606	 2,643
 22,423,939		23,669,761	 35,243,383	 28,352,154	 27,581,202	 30,412,017
 (1,572,688)		2,265,182	 (2,841,048)	 (1,061,787)	 6,278,001	 3,054,541
-		-	-	-	-	96,789
74,552		567,549	30,844	10,725	25,710	125,024
- 834,210		- 743,146	- 771,153	- 771,715	- 1,106,744	- 4,005,222
(1,124,829)		(828,062)	(766,354)	(762,410)	(1,190,282)	(3,837,271)
(216,067)		482,633	 35,643	 20,030	 (57,828)	 389,764
(1,788,755)		2,747,815	(2,805,405)	(1,041,757)	6,220,173	3,444,305
\$ (1,788,755)	\$	2,747,815	\$ (2,805,405)	\$ (1,041,757)	\$ 6,220,173	\$ 3,444,305
0.2%		0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA General Fund Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	S	ales & Use Tax	Property Taxes		Franchise Fees		Transfer Tax		Transient Tax		Business License		Misc. Taxes			Total
2013	\$	3,864,216	\$	1,420,706	\$	778,424	\$	42,622	\$	33,676	\$	349,911	\$	11,335	\$	6,500,890
2014		3,733,160		3,294,217		811,238		40,926		39,262		368,358		25,236		8,312,397
2015		5,721,938		3,432,704		848,712		47,546		49,442		390,291		25,450		10,516,083
2016		7,575,743		3,155,172		852,858		98,258		271,443		385,533		26,316		12,365,323
2017		6,692,094		3,390,512		886,501		39,340		347,981		345,257		21,463		11,723,148
2018		7,283,292		3,866,981		960,660		70,346		464,980		406,853		23,755		13,076,867
2019		7,972,459		1,978,818		961,693		65,828		670,867		321,975	2	2,293,698	*	14,265,338
2020		5,192,468		2,224,740		990,532		112,203		530,943		308,457	2	2,433,722	*	11,793,065
2021		6,472,814		2,135,818		1,060,786		145,433		622,280		235,034	2	2,504,220	*	13,176,385
2022		7,295,422		2,483,539		1,346,875		125,626		608,867		381,338		13,642		12,255,309

* Amount includes Motor vehicle in-lieu revenue. Motor vehicle in-lieu revenue was reclassified as intergovernmental revenues beginning in fiscal year 2022. Source: City of Loma Linda Finance Department

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Top 25 Sales Tax Producers As of June 30, 2022

#### For Fiscal year 2021-22

#### **Business Name**

#### **Business Category**

**ABI Document Support Services** ACH Supply Anixter Arco AM PM Bear Oil Union 76 Chevron **Clarks Nutritional Center** Hirsch Pipe & Supply Honda Lease Trust Hyundai Inland Empire Hyundai Lease Titling Trust Loma Linda Hospital Loma Linda Mercantile Loma Linda Optical Department Loma Linda University Medical Center Macquarie Equipment Finance LLC Mansfield Oil **McDonalds** Mountain View Shell Quaid Harley Davidson Spreen Honda Spreen Mazda Stater Bros **Tactical Night Vision** Walmart Neighborhood Market

**Business Services Plumbing/Electrical Supplies Electrical Equipment** Service Stations Service Stations Service Stations Food Store Non-Grocery **Plumbing/Electrical Supplies** Auto Lease New Motor Vehicle Dealers Auto Lease Medical/Biotech Medical/Biotech Government/Social Org. Medical/Biotech **Business Services** Petroleum Prod/Equipment

Service Stations Boats/Motorcycles New Motor Vehicle Dealers New Motor Vehicle Dealers Grocery Stores Medical/Biotech Grocery Stores

Percent of Fiscal Year Total Paid By Top 25 Accounts=93.98%

Sources: State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office, The HDL Companies

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Top 25 Sales Tax Producers As of June 30, 2022

#### For Fiscal Year 2012-13

#### Business Name

#### **Business Category**

Anixter Arco AM PM Arco AM PM **Bakers Burgers** Bear Oil Union 76 Carls Jr Chervon **Clarks Nutritional Center** Del Taco Farmers Boys Hometown Buffet Honda Lease Trust Hyundai Inland Empire Hyundai Lease Tilting Trust **KD** Sales Plumbing Supplies Loma Linda Foundation Loma Linda Mercantile Loma Linda Optical Department Loma Linda Bookstore Loma Linda University Medical Center Party Rentals Quaid Harley Davidson Rite Aid Spreen Honda Stater Bros

Electrical Equipment Services Stations Services Stations Quick Services Restaurants Services Stations Quick Services Restaurants Food Stores Non-Grocery Quick Services Restaurants Fast-Casual Restaurants Casual Dining Auto Lease

Auto Lease Plumbing/Electrical Supplies Government/Social Org. Medical/Biotech Government/Social Org. Stationary/Book stores Medical/Biotech Specialty Stores Boats/Motorcycles Drug Store New Motor Vehicle Dealers Grocery Stores

Percent of Fiscal Year Total Paid By Top 25 Accounts=94.84%

Sources: State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office, The HDL Companies

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Calendar Years (in thousands of dollars) As of June 30, 2022

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Food Stores Eating and Drinking Places Auto Dealers and Supplies Other Retail Stores All Other Outlets	\$ 11,969 19,454 101,046 65,793 190,592	\$ 12,244 21,575 97,189 65,540 177,631	\$ 14,974 23,684 101,129 68,307 354,140	\$ 17,040 27,887 112,499 72,844 400,130	\$ 17,761 27,559 122,391 68,605 394,144	\$ 18,016 29,054 132,069 71,709 433,870	\$ 17,835 28,868 135,623 76,991 611,789	\$ 17,672 29,513 123,557 73,048 678,554	\$ 20,833 24,916 112,882 59,736 596,536	\$ 19,919 30,278 130,380 78,615 769,285
Total	\$ 388,854	\$ 374,179	\$ 562,234	\$ 630,400	\$ 630,460	\$ 684,718	\$ 871,106	\$ 922,344	\$ 814,903	\$ 1,028,477

Sources: State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office, The HDL Companies

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue. Data for calendar year 2022 not yet available.

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years

Calendar Year Ended	 Real Property Residential Commercial Personal		Personal	I				Total Assessed	Total Direct Tax	Assessed Value as a Percentage of	
December 31	 Property	Property		Property		Value		Real Property	 Value	Rate	Actual Value
2013	\$ 2,195,002,151	\$ 271,001,950	\$	216,780,215	\$	2,682,784,316	\$	1,096,986,069	\$ 1,585,798,247	0.5192	100%
2014	2,064,942,248	276,960,178		222,628,537		2,564,530,963		950,702,460	1,613,828,503	0.1179	100%
2015	2,252,005,169	285,082,390		214,346,968		2,751,434,527		1,031,386,807	1,720,047,720	0.11792	100%
2016	2,284,323,332	301,381,457		201,361,852		2,787,066,641		992,101,567	1,794,965,074	0.11792	100%
2017	2,524,081,086	315,569,495		185,755,818		3,025,406,399		1,125,518,308	1,899,888,091	0.11792	100%
2018	2,508,932,634	472,423,651		175,451,570		3,156,807,855		1,045,584,674	2,111,223,181	0.11792	100%
2019	2,589,707,118	532,970,508		179,267,027		3,301,944,653		1,089,669,098	2,212,275,555	0.11805	100%
2020	3,425,695,384	562,919,839		165,495,439		4,154,110,662		1,813,629,588	2,340,481,074	0.11805	100%
2021	3,287,130,835	575,033,799		160,597,887		4,022,762,521		1,595,301,621	2,427,460,900	0.11804	100%
2022	3,443,419,657	539,261,065		165,130,534		4,147,811,256		1,514,541,585	2,633,269,671	0.11599	100%

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rate per \$100 of Taxable Value) Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years

			Schools				
	<b>.</b> .			San Bernardino		Total	Total
Fiscal	Basic	Colton	Redlands	Community		Tax	Direct
Year	Levy	Unified	Unified	College	Water	Rate	Rate ²
2013	1.0000	0.14880	0.06410	0.04590	0.16250	1.42130	0.51917
2014	1.0000	0.11870	0.06290	0.04190	0.16250	1.38600	0.11793
2015	1.0000	0.09730	0.05940	0.03930	0.16250	1.35850	0.11792
2016	1.0000	0.11690	0.05670	0.04030	0.16250	1.37640	0.11792
2017	1.0000	0.14540	0.05240	0.03500	0.16250	1.39530	0.11792
2018	1.0000	0.09390	0.04940	0.03760	0.15250	1.33340	0.11792
2019	1.0000	0.11160	0.03240	0.04070	0.15250	1.33720	0.11805
2020	1.0000	0.10160	0.03390	0.05620	0.14250	1.33420	0.11805
2021	1.0000	0.10310	0.03600	0.06510	0.14250	1.34670	0.11804
2022	1.0000	0.10810	0.06620	0.05340	0.13000	1.35770	0.11599

Sources: HdL Coren & Cone, San Bernardino County Assessor combined tax rolls.

Note: In 1978 California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

¹ RDA rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and includes only the rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State Statute. RDA Direct and Overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for fiscal year 2012/2013 and years thereafter.

² Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates.

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Principal Property Taxpayers As of June 30, 2022

		2022			2013	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Assessed		Total Taxable	Assessed		Total Taxable
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Assessed Value	 Valuation	Rank	Assessed Value
Wi Loma Linda LLC	\$ 139,165,098	1	5.44%			
Loma Linda University/Medical Center1	43,312,341	2	1.69%	\$ 25,692,320	3	1.67%
Timber Hills Associates LP	58,973,136	3	2.30%	41,500,000	1	2.70%
Sierra Vista Apartments SPE	37,130,730	4	1.45%			
Loma Linda Heritage Associates	30,613,378	5	1.20%	26,381,673	4	2%
Oasis Townhomes LLC	28,392,578	6	1.11%	24,467,853	5	1.59%
WOHL Westport LLC	21,496,417	7	0.84%			
Chancellor Properties LLC2	20,467,152	8	0.80%			
DRC Industrial CBC	19,938,845	9	0.78%			
Blossom Grove California LLC	14,889,446	10	0.58%			
General American Life Insurance Company				36,646,547	2	2.39%
Granite Lakes Apartments LP				20,000,000	6	1.30%
Spreen Investment Company II				9,067,265	10	0.59%
NHI-Reit of Clifornia LP				11,565,994	7	0.75%
Monterey Pines LLC				10,316,486	8	0.67%
Loma of California Health Center LLC				9,966,435	9	0.65%
	\$ 414,379,121	-	16.1900%	\$ 215,604,573		14.03%

Note: The amounts shown above includes assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

¹ Loma Linda University is a learning institution; therefore, a large portion of their property is exempt.

² Pending Appeals on Parcels

Source: The HdL Companies, San Bernardino County Assessor Combined Tax Rolls.

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten (10) Calendar Years

		-	within the of the Levy		Total Collection	ons to Date
Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Current	Percent of	Collections		
Ended	Levy for	Тах	Current Taxes	in Subsequent		Percentage
June 30	Fiscal Year	Collections	Collected	Years	Amount	of Levy
2013	\$ 989,037	\$ 944,831	95.5%	\$ 43,406	\$ 988,237	99.9%
2014	1,015,851	987,067	97.2%	54,072	1,041,138	102.5%
2015	1,038,813	1,012,206	97.4%	37,627	1,049,833	101.1%
2016	1,082,685	1,054,765	97.4%	23,844	1,078,609	99.6%
2017	1,139,995	1,114,742	97.8%	34,711	1,149,453	100.8%
2018	1,176,099	1,155,795	98.3%	29,809	1,185,604	100.8%
2019	1,244,859	1,218,949	97.9%	8,227	1,227,176	98.6%
2020	1,274,242	1,246,785	97.8%	-	1,246,785	97.8%
2021	1,241,788	1,301,268	104.8%	-	1,301,268	104.8%
2022	1,371,196	1,353,754	98.7%	-	1,353,754	98.7%

Source: San Bernardino County Auditor-Controller Property Tax Division

#### Note:

In FY 2012, penalties started to be excluded from amounts collected in subsequent years. Collection in subsequent years may include delinquent tax payments from multiple prior years which are not identified separately by the County of San Bernardino. Limitations exist within the County's tax system which impede the ability to identify prior tax year delinquent payments by assessment year.

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years

		Governr	mental Activities		Bus	siness-Type Act	tivities			
Fiscal Year	Lease Liability	Loans Payable	Tax Allocation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Lease Liability	Water Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita ¹
2013	\$ 271,894	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,728,360	\$ 10,000	\$-	\$ 6,255,000	\$ 9,265,254	1.28%	395
2014	242,515	-	-	1,879,100	10,000	-	5,885,000	8,016,615	1.10%	339
2015	211,922	-	-	2,052	10,000	-	5,490,000	5,713,974	0.80%	241
2016	180,072	-	-	-	10,000	-	5,075,000	5,265,072	0.71%	214
2017	146,907	-	-	-	10,000	-	5,669,428	5,826,335	0.81%	238
2018	112,375	-	-	-	10,000	-	5,421,588	5,543,963	0.80%	232
2019	76,420	-	-	-	10,000	-	5,203,748	5,290,168	0.76%	217
2020	38,984	-	-	-	10,000	-	4,980,908	5,029,892	1%	205
2021	-	-	-	-	10,000	-	4,753,069	4,763,069	1%	191
2022	82,500	-	-	-	10,000	67,447	4,520,229	4,680,176	1%	179

Note:

Details regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

As a result of the disolution of the redevelopment agency in 2012, the outstanding \$39,885,000 indebtedness of the former

redevelopment agency was transferred to the successor agency and refinanced November, 2016.

¹ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population.

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Ob	eneral ligation 3onds	Less: am Available ii Servio Fun	n Debt ce	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property ¹	Per Capita ²
2013	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$ 10,000	0.000%	43%
2014		10,000		-	10,000	0.000%	42%
2015		10,000		-	10,000	0.000%	42%
2016		10,000		-	10,000	0.000%	41%
2017		10,000		-	10,000	0.000%	41%
2018		10,000		-	10,000	0.000%	42%
2019		10,000		-	10,000	0.000%	41%
2020		10,000		-	10,000	0.000%	41%
2021		10,000		-	10,000	0.000%	41%
2022		10,000		-	10,000	0.000%	39%

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. ¹ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for the property value data.

² Population data can be found in the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

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#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2022

2021-2022 Assessed Valuation \$ 2,633,269,398				
		Total Debt	Percent	
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:		6/30/22	Applicable (1)	 Debt 6/30/22
San Bernardino Valley Joint Community College District	\$	730,017,126	3.093%	\$ 22,579,430
Colton Joint Unified School District		189,142,661	0.745%	1,409,113
Colton Joint Unified School District Community Facilities District No.2		3,345,000	26.425%	883,916
Redlands Unified School District		59,303,512	12.548%	 7,441,405
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT				\$ 32,313,864
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT:				
San Bernardino County General Fund Liability	\$	188,035,000	0.989%	\$ 1,859,666
San Bernardino Country Pension Liability		119,835,000	0.989%	1,185,168
San Bernardino County Flood Control District General Fund Liability		44,780,000	0.989%	442,874
Colton Joint Unified School District Certificates of Participation		-	0.000%	-
Redlands Unified School District Certificates of Participation		-	0.000%	-
City of Loma Linda Lease Liability		-	0.000%	 -
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION	DEBT			\$ 3,487,708
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT:	\$	243,425,000	3.815-100%	\$ 31,365,931
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT				-
TOTAL OVERLAPPING OBLIGATION DEBT				 67,167,503
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT				\$ 67,167,503

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on principal due at maturity.

Ratios to 2021-22 Assessed Valuation:	
Total Overlapping Debt (excluding tax increment)	1.23%
Total Direct Debt	0.00%
Combined Total Debt (excluding tax increment)	2.55%

Ratios to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$1,515,805,080):

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt...... 2.07%

Source: California Municipal Statistics and City of Loma Linda Finance Department

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years

	 2013	2014		2015		2016		2017	
Debt Limit	\$ 60,098,744	\$	61,135,079	\$	65,100,609	\$	67,899,250	\$	71,833,863
Total net debt applicable to limit	 89,011,770		87,512,815		84,255,561		80,940,806		79,042,798
Legal debt margin	\$ (28,913,026)	\$	(26,377,736)	\$	(19,154,952)	\$	(13,041,556)	\$	(7,208,935)
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	148.11%	143.15%		129.42%		119.21%		110.04%	

Source: California Municipal Statistics, San Bernardino County Auditor-Controller Property Tax Division

Note:

California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The code section was enacted when assessed values were based on 25% of full market value. This has since changed to 100% of full market value. Thus, the limit shown is 3.75% (one-fourth the limit of 15%).

 2018	 2019		2020		2021	 2022		
\$ 79,766,211	\$ 83,537,933	\$	88,334,356	\$ 91,585,287		\$ 99,308,410		
 76,408,050	 70,956,788		75,904,018		71,068,061	 67,167,503		
\$ 3,358,161	\$ 12,581,145	\$	12,430,338	2,430,338 \$ 20,517,226		\$ 32,140,907		
95.79%	84.94%	85.93% 77.60%		4% 85.93% 77.60		3% 77.60%		67.64%
		Plus	Assessed Value s Exempt Prope al Assessed Val	\$ 2,633,269,398 14,954,866 2,648,224,264				
			ot Limit:  3.75 pe essed Value	\$ 99,308,410				
			s: Debt applicab al net debt appli			 67,167,503		
		Leg	al Debt Margin		\$ 32,140,907			

		Wate	er Revenue Bond	S		_		
		Operating	Net Revenue					
Fiscal	Gross	Expenses	Available for	Debt Service				
Year	Revenues	Less Depreciation	Debt Service	Requirements	Coverage	Coverage		
2013	\$5,295,335	\$ 4,638,354	\$ 656,981	\$ 361,610	182%			
2014	5,398,735	4,636,285	762,450	377,350	202%			
2015	5,577,533	5,106,716	470,817	399,439	118%			
2016	5,174,327	4,292,900	881,427	423,447	208%			
2017	5,375,596	4,383,707	991,889	-	** 0%	**		
2018	6,184,047	5,018,743	1,165,304	376,856	** 309%	**		
2019	6,335,700	5,756,149	579,551	375,493	154%	**		
2020	6,632,982	5,709,549	923,433	376,194	245%	**		
2021	7,422,603	5,811,082	1,611,521	375,969	429%	**		
2022	7,517,291	3,334,796	4,182,495	375,625	1113%	**		

Note:

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.

**Bond was refinanced in FY 2017, no principal payment due until 7/1/2017

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	_Population_ ¹	Personal Income ²	Per Capita Personal Income ³	Loma Linda Academy (Private) Enrollment ⁴	Bryn Mawr Elementary Enrollment ⁵	Mission Elementary Enrollment ⁵	Redlands School District Enrollment ⁵	Unemployment Rate (percentage) ⁶
2013	23,476	\$ 721,065,000	\$ 30,715	1,312	730	509	21,379	5.8
2014	23,614	728,563,000	30,853	1,242	666	550	21,233	5.0
2015	23,751	717,247,000	30,406	1,255	681	538	21,326	4.6
2016	24,649	738,747,000	29,970	1,289	658	561	21,264	3.7
2017	24,528	721,317,000	29,407	1,246	691	551	21,395	3.2
2018	23,946	690,762,000	28,162	1,247	665	561	21,261	2.9
2019	24,335	698,833,000	28,717	1,246	675	579	21,240	2.4
2020	24,535	680,521,000	27,736	1,239	684	550	21,062	2.4
2021	24,895	684,049,000	27,477	1,272	636	581	20,352	7.1
2022	25,349	740,821,000	29,224	1,294	612	560	20,162	8.0

Sources: ¹ State of California, Department of Finance

² As of FY 2016 Data provided by HdL Companies

³ Per Capita personal income is calculated by dividing personal income by population

⁴ Loma Linda Academy's registrar's office (except in 2011 the City used www.trulia.com)

⁵ California Department of Education

⁶ California Employment Development Department

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year

		2022		2013				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of total City Employment		
Loma Linda University Medical Center	6,146	1	28.36%	7,549	1	44.11%		
Jerry L. Pettis VA Med. Ctr.	3,588	2	16.56%	2,268	3	13.25%		
Loma Linda University	2,639	3	12.18%	3,562	2	20.80%		
University Health Care	1,403	4	6.47%	1,338	4	7.82%		
Total	13,776		63.57%	14,717		85.98%		

Veterans Affairs Personnel Department

Total number of jobs within City limits provided by Employment Development Department,

Labor Market Information Division

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
General government	29.5	30.5	31.5	32.5	33	34.5	35.5	34.5	36.5	39
Public safety * Sheriff										
Officers	12.77	12.77	12.77	15.26	19.02	19.36	19.36	19.36	19.36	20.74
Civilians	5.03	5.03	5.03	5.81	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.6
Fire										
Firefighters and officers	23	23	23	26	26	24	28	28	28	27
Civilians	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	3	3	5
Highways and streets										
Maintenance	4	4	4	4	4	3	6	5	5	3
LL Connected Communities	3.5	3.5	2.5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sewer	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water	11	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	9
Total:	94.8	97.8	96.8	103.57	109.12	107	115	112.06	114.06	115.34

* Sheriff services are contracted through the County of San Bernardino Sheriff's Dept.

Source: City of Loma Linda Human Resources

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
Sheriff										
Calls for service	20,846	21,673	22,759	42,044	27,588	26,662	26,580	28,845	29,274	26,768
Citations issued by Deputies	1,653	5,988	1,034	1,161	2,373	2,068	1,061	1,548	760	1,257
Physical arrests	790	730	669	828	863	729	878	638	641	536
Fire										
Total number of calls answered	3,213	3,797	4,005	4,404	5,343	4,996	4,654	4,371	4,576	5,276
% of calls for medical aid	63	65	64	57	54	60	60	61	62	58
Highways and streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	5.1	2.0	1.2	3.7	1.6	6.1	3.7	4.9	2.5	9.0
Potholes repaired	11	7	18	15	21	59	19	30	25	19
Water										
New connections	3	1	-	8	5	23	43	52	90	47
Water main breaks	10	21	8	14	10	19	6	23	6	9
Average daily consumption (acre foot)	13.73	13.75	13.00	11.10	11.18	12.70	11.81	11.87	13.78	13.24
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (million gallons)	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.5	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0

Note: Sheriff services are contracted through the County of San Bernardino Sheriff's Dept. Potholes repaired are reported in tons prior to 2009. Sewer treatment is contracted through the City of San Bernardino

Sources: City of Loma Linda Public Works and Fire Departments, and San Bernardino Sheriff's Department

#### CITY OF LOMA LINDA Capital Assets Statistics by Function Last Ten (10) Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function	2010						2010			LOLL
Public safety										
* Sheriff										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	10.5	11.77	11.77	11.77	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	12.00
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	17	16	15	15	17	17	15	16	18	17
Highways and streets										
Streets (miles)	64.64	64.64	64.64	64.64	65.00	65.70	66.23	68.86	70.71	70.10
Streetlights	1,470	1,472	1,483	1,024	1,532	1,551	1,607	1,758	1,821	1,833
Culture and recreation										
Parks	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Park acreage	90.33	90.33	90.33	90.3	90.33	90.33	90.33	90.33	90.33	90.33
Tennis courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Senior center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water mains (miles)	77.00	77.00	77.00	77.20	111.45	112.98	112.98	118.37	92.74	92.74
Fire hydrants	964	997	917	939	950	991	995	1,002	1,048	1,080
Maximum daily capacity (gallons per minute)	11,305	12,220	12,220	13,800	13,200	13,320	13,320	13,200	13,200	12,955
Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	67.50	67.50	67.50	61.30	65.00	66.43	66.43	70.33	70.33	74.80
Storm sewers (miles)**	15.08	15.45	15.61	15.61	15.61	16.47	17.11	17.16	17.16	17.90

* Sheriff services are contracted through the County of San Bernardino Sheriff's Dept.

** Data for fiscal years 2013-2021 were updated to reflect more recent information.

Sources: City of Loma Linda Public Works and Fire Departments, San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department This page intentionally left blank



# **Bailey Park Walking Track**



# Finance Department 25541 Barton Road Loma Linda, CA 92354